The New-York Times.

VOL. XV....NO. 4570. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 19, 1866. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

IN THE YOUNG AND RISING GENERATION, the vegetative powers of life are strong, but in a few years how often the pallid hue, the lack-lustre eye and emaciated form, and the impossibility of application to mental effort, show its baneful influence. It soon becomes evident to the observer that some depressing influence is checking the development of the body.

If the patient be a female, the restraints of fashionable dress, and the ball-room, with the body half clothed, the mind eagerly intent on pleasure. When one excitement is finished, another in prospective keeps the mind morbidly sensitive, and absolutely forbids the exercise indispensable to organic strength. Exposure to night air, and body reeking with excessive dancing, produce their legitimate effect, and the unfortunate female, regardless of the plain dictates of unerring nature, becomes an unwilling subject to medical treatment. The approach of the beautiful and wonderful period in which body and mind undergo so fascinating a change from child to woman, and in which nature is to show her saving powers in diffusing the circulation and visiting the cheek with the bloom of health, is looked for in vain. Consumption is talked of.

Alas! increase of appetite has grown by what it fed on, the energies of the system are prostrated, and the whole economy is deranged.

In reviewing the causes of these distressing complaints, it is most painful to contemplate the attendant evils consequent upon them. It is but simple justice to the subject to enumerate a few of the many additional causes which so largely affect the life, health and happiness of all classes of society, and which, consequently, affect, more or less directly, the welfare of the entire human family, and at the same time placing in their hands a remedy for the removal of the consequences.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

FOR WEAKNESS

ARISING FROM EXCESSES OR INDISCRETION, EXISTING IN PERSONS OF BOTH SEXES, AND AT EVERY PERIOD OF LIFE.

Attended with the following symptoms:

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, General Weakness, Horror of Disease, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Death, Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Languor, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Often Enormous Appetite with Dyspeptic Symptoms, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Countenance and Eruptions on the Face, Pain in the Back, Heaviness of the Eyelids Frequently Black Spots flying before the Eyes, with Temporary Suffusion and Loss of Sight, Want of Attention, Great Mobility, Restlessness with Horror of Society. Nothing is more desirable to such Patients than Solitude, and nothing they more dread for Fear of Themselves, no Repose of Manner, no Earnestness, No Speculation, but a hurried Transition from one question to another.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on—which this Medicine invariably removes—soon follow *Loss of Power, Fatuity, and Epileptic Fits*, in one of which the patient may expire.

During the Superintendence of Dr. Wilson, at the Bloomingdale Asylum, this sad result occurred to two patients; reason had for a time left them, and both died of epilepsy.

Who can say that these excesses are not frequently followed by those direful diseases, INSANITY and CONSUMPTION? The records of the *Insane Asylums*, and the melancholy deaths by *Consumption*, bear ample witness to the truth of these assertions. In Lunatic Asylums the most melancholy exhibition appears. The countenance is actually sodden and quite destitute—neither Mirth or Grief ever visits it. Should a sound of the voice occur, it is rarely articulate.

"With woeful measures wan Despair
Low sullen sounds his grief beguiled."

Whilst we regret the existence of the above diseases and symptoms, we are prepared to offer an invaluable gift of chemistry for the removal of the consequences—

HELMBOLD'S

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED FLUID

EXTRACT OF BUCHU.

☞ THERE IS NO TONIC LIKE IT. ☜

It is an anchor of hope to the surgeon and patient; this is the testimony of all who have used or prescribed it.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

FOR

Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel or Brick Dust Deposit, and all Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Dropsical Swellings.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,

In affections peculiar to females, is unequaled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularities, painfulness or suppression of customary evacuations, Ulceration or Scirrhous state of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa, and all complaints incident to the sex, whether arising from habits of dissipation, imprudencies, or in the Decline or Change of Life.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

AND

IMPROVED ROSE WASH,

will radically exterminate from the system Diseases of the Urinary Organs arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, and no exposure, completely superseding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiba and Mercury, in curing those unpleasant and DANGEROUS DISEASES.

USE HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

in all cases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken-down or Delicate Constitutions procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above disease, it is sure to affect the bodily health, mental powers, happiness, and that of posterity. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources.

PHYSICIANS, PLEASE NOTICE!

We make no secret of the ingredients. *HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU* is composed of Buchu, Cubebs and Juniper Berries, selected with great care and prepared in vacuo by *H. T. HELMBOLD*, Druggist and Chemist of sixteen years' experience in the City of Philadelphia, and is prescribed by the most eminent physicians.

[Dr. KEYSER is a physician of over twenty years' experience, and a graduate of the Jefferson Medical College and of the University of Medicine and Surgery of Philadelphia.]

MR. H. T. HELMBOLD:

Dear Sir:—In regard to the question asked me as to my opinion about *Buchu*, I would say that I have used and sold the article in various forms for the past thirty years. I do not think there is any form or preparation of it I have not used or known to be used, in the various diseases where such medicate agent would be indicated. You are aware, as well as myself, that it has been extensively employed in the various diseases of the bladder and kidneys, and the reputation it has acquired in my judgment is warranted by the facts.

I have seen and used, as before stated, every form of *Buchu*—the powdered leaves, the simple decoction, tincture, fluid extracts—and I am not cognitant of any preparation of that plant at all equal to yours. Twelve years' experience ought, I think, to give me the right to judge of its merits, and without prejudice or partiality I give yours precedence over all others.

I value your Buchu for its effect on patients. I have cured with it, and seen cured with it, more diseases of the bladder and kidneys than I have ever seen cured with any other Buchu, or any other proprietory compound of whatever name.

Respectfully yours, &c.,
GEO. H. KEYSER, M. D.,
No. 140 Wood-st., Pittsburgh, Penn.

August 11, 1865.

HELMBOLD'S

FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA,

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED.

One bottle equivalent in strength to one gallon of the Syrup or Decoction.

It reaches the seat of the disease immediately, expelling all HUMORS OF THE BLOOD, and BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION!

These articles, being of such strength, the dose is exceedingly small. From this fact, it is used in the United States Army Hospitals and public Sanitary Institutions throughout the land.

PRINCIPAL DEPOTS.

HELMBOLD'S

DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

No. 594 Broadway, New-York,

AND

HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,

No. 104 South 10th-st., (below Chestnut,)

PHILADELPHIA.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR HELMBOLD'S

WASHINGTON NEWS.

The Alleged Complicity of Jefferson Davis in the Assassination of President Lincoln.

Facts in Regard to the Colonization of Lower California.

Interesting Report on the Operations of the Freedmen's Bureau in Texas.

Appointment of Soldiers to Civil Positions.

A Bill for the Equalization of Bounties Reported in the House.

Effect of the Proposed Import Tax on Cotton.

Encouragement to Wood and Forest Culture in Untimbered Regions.

Rumors Concerning the Position of Santa Anna in this Country.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Monday, May 18.

SOLDIERS APPOINTED TO OFFICE.

The nominations sent in to-day to the Senate for confirmation go to show the President's determination to appoint to office men who served with distinction in the field. Among the nominations were Gen. WM. H. MCCARTNEY, as Collector of Internal Revenue for the Third District of Massachusetts. As Captain of the First Massachusetts Battery, Gen. MCCARTNEY earned great distinction, and under him that artillery organization earned a name that made it prominent in the Army of the Potomac, and indeed throughout the loyal portion of the country. No officer has a better record. Next, Gen. PETER G. OSTERHAUS was nominated as Consul to Lyons, France. The services of Gen. OSTERHAUS in Missouri, under FREMONT, and in the Southwest under GRANT and SHERMAN, are well known. He was, perhaps, the best of the foreigners who held high rank in our service. MR. G. MCCANDLESS was nominated as Collector of Internal Revenue of the Twenty-third District of Pennsylvania, Hon. THOMAS WILLIAMS' District. It will be recollected that Ex-Gov. WM. F. JOHNSTON was nominated for this position, and rejected by the Senate. MCCANDLESS is now put before the Senate to run the Radical gauntlet.

It seems utterly impossible for President JOHNSON to pursue "a policy" which will meet approval by Radicals. When he told the soldiers what politicians and editors had so often told them, that they deserved well of the country, and should have substantial rewards, &c., he was charged with insincerity. Now when he acts as in the fifth District of New-Jersey, where he has nominated Brevet Major-Gen. E. A. CARMAN, late U. S. V. A., for Assessor of Internal Revenue, in place of a stay-at-home civilian. The latter becomes a martyr to "my policy," and in a long and labored editorial in the leading Radical organ in New-Jersey, the *State Gazette*, G. A. HALSEY is lauded and sympathized with as a martyr, and Gen. C., whatever may have been his merits as Colonel of a regiment, is pronounced most recklessly and slanderously by the same editor, as not "having the first qualification for the place for which he is indicated." The editor is correct in saying there is a principle involved. The President has inaugurated the principle that soldiers of the Republic shall be rewarded. I venture the assertion from a personal acquaintance with Gen. CARMAN, and the assurance of gentlemen from New-Jersey, quite as disinterested as this editor, that the affairs of the office will be well conducted.

JEFFERSON DAVIS.

It is reported upon good authority that the Judiciary Committee have come to the conclusion that the evidence produced before them does not warrant the charge that JEFF. DAVIS is guilty of complicity in the assassination of Mr. LINCOLN.

THE COLONIZATION OF LOWER CALIFORNIA.

As the contract concerning the colonization of Lower California seems to be misunderstood, it may be of interest to state from official data that JACOB P. LEASE, with the indorsement of the local authorities, made a contract with the Mexican Government for the colonization of some parts of Lower California. He was to receive the lands at the tariff prices, and to advance a certain sum of money in part payment, which it was agreed should be paid at San Francisco. This was afterward changed so that the money should be paid at New-York, and it was actually paid to Minister ROMERO. The Mexican Government, therefore, has sold some vacant lands, but not the sovereignty of the country. The provisions of the contract are, beside, very advantageous to Mexico.

THE NEW-YORK POST-OFFICE.

The President has also approved of the joint resolution relative to the United States Courts and Post-offices in the City of New-York. It provides that the Mayor and Postmaster of the City of New-York, the District-Attorney for the United States at New-York City, the President of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New-York, and JACKSON S. SCHULTZ, CHARLES H. RUSSELL and MOSES TAYLOR, of New-York City, be appointed a Commission to select a proper site for a building for a Post-office and for the accommodation of the United States Courts in the City of New-York, and that the Commission report to the Postmaster-General and the Secretary of the Interior, at their earliest convenience, the selection upon which they or a majority of them may agree, and the price at which such site can be purchased by the Government for the purposes contemplated in this resolution. If a new site should be selected, and if said report shall meet the approbation of the Postmaster-General and the Secretary of the Interior, they shall communicate the same, with such additional suggestions as they may think proper to Congress.

THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU IN TEXAS.

Brevet Brig.-Gen. GREGORY, Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau for the State of Texas, has forwarded to Maj.-Gen. HOWARD a report of the operations of the Bureau in that State, dated April 18. He says he has just returned from a tour of inspection of many hundred miles in extent through Western Texas, and everywhere found the laborers steadily at work in the fields and well and profitably employed. Misunderstandings between them and their employers are becoming quite infrequent.

He says the freedom of the negro has become a recognized, palpable fact in most of Texas, and property holders are disposed to treat his claims with an increasing degree of fairness; but he adds: During the month of March and up to date, instances of maltreatment and violent abuse have perceptibly increased in some portions of the State. These can be readily traced to the very considerable reduction of the military force and to the increasing excitement on the grave national questions now agitating our Government. It is feared by the loyal residents that the withdrawal of the troops from the interior will be followed by much harshness toward the freedmen, and that these cruelties will increase in a ratio proportionate to the army reduction. The conduct of the Southern freedmen has been in every way loyal and commendable. Any antagonism between the races, they clearly see, will result to their detriment, and they avoid it. The same influence that urged the freedmen to labor will operate to make them faithful to their contracts. In this State the rate of wages has not been fixed either as to the maximum or minimum by any regulations from this office. Under such arrangements the planters and farmers of Texas have put in large crops of sugar, corn, cotton and wheat; and I have heard the opinion that if the season continues as favorable as at present more cotton will be made than was ever made in one year before. The health of the State is good. He reports the freedmen's schools flourishing, there being 42 day schools, 20 night schools, and 19 Sunday-schools, with a total attendance of 2,630 children and 1,760 adults. Besides these there are 18 or 20 private schools. The freedmen's schools in many parts of the State are passively accepted, and in many instances recognized and welcomed. They are wholly self-sustaining.

ORDERS FROM THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

The War Department has issued an order giving the details of officers for the ensuing two years, or until further orders, as follows: From each regiment of cavalry and artillery, three officers; from each of the first ten regiments of infantry, two officers; from each of the nine new or three battalion regiments of infantry six officers. Not more than one captain will be detailed from each of the regiments of artillery and cavalry and the ten old infantry regiments, nor more than one captain from each battalion of the nine new regiments commanding officers of the nine new regiments will equalize the details between the battalions of these regiments. Regimental commanders will select the officers to be detailed and order them to report by the 1st of September next; those from the cavalry regiments to Brevet Brig.-Gen. W. N. GRIER, Lieutenant-Colonel of the First United States Cavalry, Superintendent of the Mounted recruiting service at Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania; those from the artillery and infantry regiments to Brevet Brig.-Gen. BUTTERFIELD, Colonel of the Fifth United States Infantry, Superintendent of the General Recruiting Service, at New-York City. All officers now on recruiting service will be relieved by those detailed under this order, and are ordered to join their respective regiments. Should the service of any of the relieved officers be required to conduct recruits to the departments in which their companies may be serving, the Superintendents will give the necessary orders accordingly.

So far as practicable, the selections for the above details will be made of officers who have served longest in the field during the war.

THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The Secretary of the Treasury has issued to the Union Pacific Railroad, Eastern Division, $368,000 of six per cent. bonds, being the amount due on the last section of 23 miles, which was accepted by the United States Commissioners last month. The road is now completed for 97 miles up the Kansas Valley, from the Missouri border to a point 380 miles west of St. Louis. The road will be open to Fort Riley, 420 miles from St. Louis, on the 15th of July.

SANTA ANNA'S POSITION.

Gen. SANTA ANNA'S professions of adhering to the liberal cause are believed by the friends of President JUAREZ in this city, to be solely in the interest of the French, who they say are seeking to get up some combination by which on the departure of MAXIMILIAN, a new government, apparently Mexican, shall be made to appear, with which a treaty of peace can be concluded, recognizing the claims put forward by France and loans which have been raised for MAXIMILIAN. It is said these plans are fully known to President JUAREZ and the Liberal leaders in Mexico.

THE NOTORIOUS FITZ.

It is proper to state on undoubted authority that FITZ, of North Carolina notoriety, was removed from the Freedmen's Bureau some two or three weeks since, and is no longer in the service. This action was the result of a Court of Investigation which was sitting at the time Gens. STEEDMAN and FULLERTON were in North Carolina.

SOUTHERN RAILROADS.

At the recent Convention of Presidents and Superintendents of railroads and steamboat lines between Baltimore and New-Orleans, held at Richmond, it was resolved that through tickets be agreed to from New-Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Atlanta and Augusta, to Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New-York, on the basis of the prices charged for similar tickets *via* the Western and East Tennessee routes. A system of through tickets from New-York to New-Orleans and intermediate points was devised.

THE PROPOSED EXPORT TAX ON COTTON.

The proposed amendment to the Constitution offered by Mr. STEVENS, providing an export duty of five per cent. on cotton, was considered this morning by the House Judiciary Committee, and resulted in a tie vote—three to three. Had the other members of the Committee been present, it is understood that Mr. STEVENS' amendment would have been agreed to by the Committee.

INDIANA APPOINTMENT.

Brig.-Gen. SOL. MERIDITH has been nominated for Assessor of the Fifth District of Indiana.

WEST POINT.

The President to-day made appointments to fill the Board of Visitors to West Point. The names will be published in a few days.

THE NEW FIVE-CENT PIECE.

The President has approved the bill to authorize the coinage of five-cent pieces, composed of copper and nickel. This coin is to be a legal-tender in any payment to the amount of one dollar. There are to be no new issues of fractional notes of a less denomination than ten cents.

DUTY ON IMPORTED LIVE STOCK.

The President has also approved the bill providing that on and after the 16th inst. there shall be levied, collected and paid on all horses, mules, cattle, sheep, hogs and other live animals imported from foreign countries, a duty of twenty per centum *ad valorem*. *Provided*, That any such animals now *bona fide* owned by resident citizens of the United States, and now in any of the Provinces of British America, may be imported into the United States, free of duty, until the 27th of May.

SECRETARY FOR THE VICE-ADMIRAL.

The President has also approved the bill to allow to the Vice-Admiral a Secretary, with the rank and sea pay and allowances of a Lieutenant in the navy.

GREETING TO THE EMPEROR OF RUSSIA.

The President has also approved the joint resolution sending a greeting to the Emperor of Russia, and congratulating him on his escape from the hands of an assassin.

CONFIRMATIONS.

The Senate, in Executive session, to-day, confirmed the following nominations:

David Gould, of New-Jersey, Consul at Leith, *vice* Niel McLochlan, recalled; G. H. Heap, of Pennsylvania, Consul at Amsterdam, *vice* Joseph E. Marks, recalled; Hiram W. Hacall, of Leroy, N. Y., Collector of Internal Revenue for the Twenty-ninth District of New-York; Alonzo Alden, Postmaster at Troy, N. Y., *vice* Thomas Clowes, deceased; James McGillish, Postmaster at Fond du Lac, Wis.; John A. Clark, of Illinois, Surveyor-General for the Territory of New-Mexico.

The Senate also confirmed a large number of brevet appointments for gallant and meritorious services—among them the following:

To be Major-Generals by Brevet—Brig.-Gens. Osborn, Green Clay Smith, Henry A. Morrow, Conner, Tibbetts, James Wood, Jr., Mindall, Henry D. Washburn and Parsons.

To be Brigadier-Generals by Brevet—Cols. Rufus Scott, J. Fred. Pierson, James McQuade, George B. Myers, Theodore B. Gates, Thomas J. Stamp, H. B. Morse, of New-York; Ordway, F. W. Palfrey and Ansell D. Wass, of Massachusetts; W. P. Robertson and Wm. Hudson Lawrence, of New-Jersey; Stackler and Mulholland, of Pennsylvania; Doan, Lefevre, Martin, Hart, Langdon, Granor, Houghton, Goodman, Whitbeck and Nettleton, of Ohio; Engleman, Erskine, Wallace, Schmidt and Sheets, of Illinois.

The Senate also confirmed about seventy-five Captains to be Majors by brevet; forty Lieutenant-Colonels to be Colonels by brevet; and fifty or sixty Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels by brevet. Also, a number of Captains and First Lieutenants by brevet.

A number of ex-volunteer soldiers, some of whom had served as Lieutenant-Colonels, Majors and Captains, were confirmed as Second Lieutenants in the regular service.

SERENADE TO THE PRESIDENT.

The time has not yet been fixed for the serenade to President JOHNSON and the members of his Cabinet by the National Union Club, which was postponed from last night.

CONSUL RECOGNIZED.

The President has recognized MORITZ VON BAUMBACH, as Consul for Saxony, in Milwaukee, and ANTONIO MARIA DE SEA, as Consul of Spain, at Portland, Maine.

THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

SENATE....FRIDAY, May 18.

DUTY ON FOREIGN WOOL.

Mr. POLAND presented a petition for increased duty on foreign wool, which was referred to the Finance Committee.

THE TAXATION OF DEPOSITS IN SAVINGS BANKS.

Mr. WADE presented a petition for the exemption of Savings Banks' deposits from the Revenue tax, which was referred to the Finance Committee.

PETITION FROM COLORED PEOPLE.

Mr. SUMNER presented the petition of colored citizens, asking that the second clause of the pending Constitutional Amendment be stricken out, and one substituted for it declaring that no Congressman from the South be allowed to sit in the House of Representatives who is not chosen by at least half of the loyal men of his district, without regard to color. The petition was ordered to be printed.

THE TRIAL OF JEFFERSON DAVIS.

Mr. SUMNER presented a petition for the trial of JEFFERSON DAVIS by court-martial. Mr. SUMNER, in presenting this petition, said: "I express no opinion on it, but now that the subject is before us, I will add that the trial of JEFFERSON DAVIS at the present time by a jury, at Richmond, will be one of those great comedies which will hereafter excite the derision of the world."

The petition was referred to the Military Committee.

OFFICIAL MILITARY HISTORY.

Mr. WILSON, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported back the bill to provide for the publication of the official history of the rebellion, with an explanatory report of the Committee accompanying. It authorizes the appointment of a suitable editor for the proper revision of the official correspondence, telegrams and other military papers connected with the war.

THE MILITARY ACADEMY.

Mr. WILSON also reported, without amendment, the House joint resolution relative to appointments to the Military Academy of the United States.

TRANSFER OF CLERKS.

Mr. WILSON, from the same Committee, reported favorably the joint resolution for the transfer of certain clerks to the office of Quartermaster-General.

DISTRIBUTION OF MEDALS THROUGH THE MAILS.

Mr. SHERMAN offered a resolution authorizing the Adjutant-General of Ohio to distribute through the mails, free of charge, certain medals voted to veteran soldiers by the Ohio Legislature.

The resolution was considered by unanimous consent and passed.

METRICAL SYSTEM OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

The House bills, in relation to the metrical system of weights and measures, were referred to a Special Committee of five, on motion of Mr. SUMNER.

UNITED STATES COURTS IN VIRGINIA.

Mr. TRUMBULL moved that the Senate recede from its amendment to the bill to fix the time and place for holding United States Courts in Virginia.

The amendment referred to was the striking out of a provision authorizing the Chief-Justice to call extra sessions of the Court.

The Senate receded and the bill was passed. It awaits the President's signature.

BRIDGING THE MISSISSIPPI.

Mr. NORTON called up a bill to authorize the Winona and St. Peter's Railroad Company to construct a bridge across the Mississippi.

Pending the consideration of the above, the morning hour expired, and the special order, which was the consideration of bills from the Pension Committee, was taken up.

PENSIONS.

Mr. LANE, of Indiana, called up the following bill:

AN ACT SUPPLEMENTARY TO THE SEVERAL ACTS RELATING TO PENSIONS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That section 5 of an act entitled "An Act Supplementary to An Act," entitled "An Act to Grant Pensions," approved July 14, 1862, approved July 4, 1864; and section 3 of an act entitled "An Act Supplementary to the several Acts Relating to Pensions," approved March 3, 1865, be, and the same are hereby repealed; and the following shall stand in lieu thereof: That from and after the passage of this act all persons by law entitled to a less pension than hereinafter specified, who, while in the military and naval service, or in the line of duty, shall have lost the sight of both eyes, or who have lost both hands, or been permanently and totally disabled in the same, or otherwise so permanently disabled as to render them utterly helpless, or so nearly so as to require the constant personal aid and attendance of another person, shall be entitled to a pension of $25 per month; and all persons who, under like circumstances shall have lost both feet, or one hand and one foot, or been totally and permanently disabled in the same, or otherwise so disabled as to be incapacitated for performing any manual labor, but not so much so as to require constant aid and attention, shall be entitled to a pension of $20 per month; and all persons who, under like circumstances, shall have lost one hand or one foot, or been totally and permanently disabled in the same, or otherwise so disabled as to materially interfere with the performance of manual labor, without wholly incapacitating him therefor, shall be entitled to a pension of $15 per month.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That any pledge, mortgage, assignment or transfer of any right, claim or interest in any pension which has been or may hereafter be granted shall be void and of no effect, and any person acting as attorney to receive and receipt for money for and in behalf of any person entitled to a pension, shall, before receiving said money, take and subscribe an oath, to be filed with the Pension Agent, and by him to be transmitted with the vouchers now required by law to the proper accounting officer of the Treasury—that he has no interest in said money by any pledge, mortgage, sale, assignment or transfer, and that he does not know or believe that the same has been so disposed of to any person. And any person who shall falsely take the said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and, on conviction, shall be liable to the pains and penalties of perjury.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That any person who shall present, or cause to be presented, at any pension agency, any power of attorney, or other paper, required as a voucher in drawing a pension, which paper shall bear a date subsequently to that on which it was actually signed or executed, such person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years, or by both, at the discretion of the Court before whom such conviction shall be had.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That section 1, of an act entitled "An Act Supplementary to the several Acts relating to Pensions," approved March 3, 1865, is hereby repealed.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That if any person entitled to an invalid pension has died since March 4, 1861, or shall hereafter die while an application for such pension is pending, and after the proof has been completed, leaving no widow and no minor child under 16 years of age, his heirs or legal representatives shall be entitled to receive the accrued pension to which the applicant would have been entitled had the certificate been issued before his death.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That in all cases where a commission shall have been regularly issued to any person in the military or naval service, who shall have died or been disabled while in the line of duty, after the date of such commission, and before being mustered, such officer or other person entitled to a pension for such death or disability, by existing laws shall receive a pension corresponding to his rank as determined by such commission, the same as if he had been mustered; provided that this section shall not apply to any officer who shall have willfully neglected or refused to be so mustered.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That officers absent on sick leave and enlisted men absent on sick furlough shall be regarded in the administration of the pension laws in the same manner as if they were in the field or hospital.

SEC. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That the period of service of all persons entitled to the benefits of the Pension Laws, or on account of whose death any person may become entitled to a pension, shall be construed to extend to the time of the disbanding of the organization to which such person belonged, or until their actual discharge for other cause than the expiration of the service of such organization.

SEC. 9. *And be it further enacted*, That enlisted men employed as teamsters, wagoners, artificers, hospital stewards, farriers, saddlers, and all other enlisted men however employed in the service of the Army and Navy not specifically mentioned in the first section of an act entitled "An Act to Grant Pensions," approved July 14, 1862, shall be regarded in the administration of the Pension Laws, as non-commissioned officers, or privates.

SEC. 10. *And be it further enacted*, That if any officer, soldier, or seaman shall have died of wounds, or of disease contracted in the line of duty in the military or naval service of the United States, leaving a widow and a child, or children under the age of sixteen years, and it shall be duly certified under seal by any court having probate jurisdiction, that satisfactory evidence has been produced before such court that the widow aforesaid has abandoned the care of such child or children, or is an unsuitable person by reason of immoral conduct to have the custody of the same, then no pension shall be allowed to such widow until such minor child or children shall have become sixteen years of age, any previous section to the contrary notwithstanding; and the minor child or children aforesaid, shall be pensioned in the same manner as if no widow had survived the said [illegible]

SEC. 11. *And be it further enacted*, That nothing in this, or any other act, shall be construed as to repeal or modify the [illegible] section of an act entitled "An Act Supplementary to an Act to Grant Pensions," approved July 4, 1864, or to entitle a person to receive more than one pension at the same time.

SEC. 12. *And be it further enacted*, That so much of the fourth section of an act entitled "An Act supplementary to an Act entitled 'An Act to Grant Pensions,'" approved July 4, 1864, as authorizes and empowers the Commissioner of Pensions to detail clerks in his office be and the same is hereby repealed, and the Secretary of the Interior shall detail clerks of the Department in and of the bureaus thereof for the purposes in said section mentioned, so as to secure the more effectual execution of the pension laws and the rights of pensioners; but clerks so detailed shall not for any special service be entitled to additional compensation beyond the customary *per diem* and mileage.

Mr. VAN WINKLE offered the following amendment as an additional section, and it was adopted:

SECTION 13. *And be it further enacted*, That the 14th section of an act entitled "An Act Supplemental to an Act Entitled 'An Act to Grant Pensions,'" approved July 14, 1862, approved July 4, 1864, be and the same is hereby repealed, and that widows and children of colored soldiers and sailors who have been or may be hereafter killed, or who have died or may hereafter die of wounds received or disease contracted in the military or naval service of the United States, and in the line of duty, shall be entitled to receive the pensions, bounty and back pay provided by law, without other evidence of marriage than proof satisfactory to the Commissioner of Pensions that the parties had habitually recognized each other as man and wife, and lived together as such for a definite period not less than two years preceding the enlistment of the man, and the children born of any marriage so proved shall be deemed and taken to be the children of the soldier or sailor party thereto.

Mr. VAN WINKLE offered, as an additional section, an amendment prohibiting the sale, mortgage, transfer or assignment of any pension, or the seizure under attachment of any money to transfer to a pensioner. It was adopted.

Mr. VAN WINKLE offered an amendment prohibiting a charge of more than twenty-five cents for making out semi-annual pension papers, or more than thirty-five cents for making out the affidavit provided for in this bill, which was adopted.

Mr. VAN WINKLE offered an amendment making an orphan brother under 16 years of age, equally entitled with an orphan sister to be considered to be dependent on deceased soldiers and officers; which was adopted.

The bill as amended, was then passed.

ADJOURNMENT TILL MONDAY.

On motion of Mr. HENDERSON, it was ordered that when the Senate adjourn to-day, it adjourn to meet on Monday next.

Two hours were spent in the consideration of private pension bills.

At 3½ o'clock, on motion of Mr. GRIMES, the Senate went into executive session and soon after adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

CULTIVATION OF WOODS AND FORESTS.

Mr. DONNELLY offered the following resolution, which was agreed to:

Resolved, In view of the almost complete absence of woods and forests in the interior regions of the Continent, and of their paramount importance in the settlement and occupancy of the country, that the Committee on Public Lands be directed to inquire whether a system cannot be devised whereby the planting of woods and forests may be encouraged in regions destitute of timber, by liberal donations of public land, in alternate sections, to individuals or corporations, and the reservation of the adjoining sections by the Government, at an increased price, as in the case of railroad grants, the lands so granted, or a proportionate part thereof, to be planted with trees adapted to the climate and the needs of the community.

PROTECTION OF FRONTIERS.

Mr. BURLEIGH, of Dacota, introduced a bill to provide for the better protection of the frontiers of the United States and the Territories thereof, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

KIDNAPPING.

Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, from the Judiciary Committee, reported back the Senate bill passed the 15th of February, to prevent and punish kidnapping, which was considered and passed.

THE ROUSE'S POINT RAILROAD BRIDGE.

On motion of Mr. HULBURD the Senate bill, passed yesterday, recognizing as a lawful structure and post-road the railroad bridge across Lake Champlain at Rouse's Point, connecting the Ogdensburgh and Lake Champlain Railroad with the Vermont and Canada Railroad, was taken from the Speaker's table, and after an explanation by Mr. HULBURD and Mr. ALLEY, was read three times and passed.

REFORM SCHOOL FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

The House then proceeded to the regular business in the morning hour, to the call of committees for reports of a private character, under which the bill reported last Friday by Mr. BALDWIN to establish in the District of Columbia a reform school, came up as unfinished business.

Mr. BALDWIN addressed the House in explanation and advocacy of the bill.

Mr. PLANTS represented that the bill came in conflict with the Guardian Society of the District, which was in operation three or four years, and which had expended some ten or twelve thousand dollars. He had understood Mr. BALDWIN to say that the bill was reported with the consent and agreement of the Guardian Society; but he understood that it was only some dissatisfied persons formerly connected with that Society who favored the bill.

Mr. BALDWIN explained that the Committee had had consultations with the Secretary of the Interior and the officers of the Guardian Society, and they approved the measure.

Mr. WALKER stated that there had been quarrels in the management of the Guardian Society, and that it was deemed better that youthful criminals should be consigned to a public rather than a private institution.

After some further discussion the bill was read the third time and passed.

MARYLAND LAWS IN THE DISTRICT.

Mr. WELKER, from the Committee for the District of Columbia, reported back a bill to amend the thirty-fourth section of the Declaration of Rights of the State of Maryland of 1776, so far as it applied to the District of Columbia. He explained that that section prohibited the making of gifts or devises to any religious society or corporation, and that a gentleman who desired to make such a gift to a church in Washington was advised by his counsel that he could not do so.

The bill was read three times and passed.

THE NATIONAL SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY.

Mr. INGERSOLL, from the same Committee, reported back the Senate bill, passed April 3, to incorporate the National Safe Deposit Company of Washington. He explained the object of the Company to be the erection of a fire-proof building in which bonds, money, jewels, plate, and other valuables, might be deposited for safe keeping.

Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, objected that the bill really created a bank of deposit and allowed the Company to do a banking business.

Mr. INGERSOLL, to obviate that objection, moved an amendment that the Company shall not receive money on deposit or pay interest on any deposits.

Mr. SLOAN called attention to the fact that there was nothing in the bill to limit the operations of the Company to the District of Columbia.

Mr. INGERSOLL expressed his readiness to have it amended in that respect also.

Mr. WELKER stated the Company would be, under the terms of the bill, a gigantic pawn-broking establishment.

Mr. INGERSOLL protested that there was nothing of a pawn-broking character in the bill.

Mr. HOOPER desired to know whether there was anything in the bill to prevent or prohibit disbursing officers of the Government from depositing public funds with the Company.

Mr. INGERSOLL replied that there was not any more than there was in reference to the Merchants' National Bank. He moved the previous question. The House refused to second the previous question, and, on motion of Mr. RANDALL, of Pennsylvania, referred the bill to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

GRADING STREETS IN WASHINGTON.

Mr. INGERSOLL, from the same Committee, reported a bill appropriating $15,000 to grade East Capitol-street, Washington City, and to establish Lincoln-square.

The bill was read three times and passed.

COLUMBIA CANAL AND SEWERAGE COMPANY.

Mr. INGERSOLL, from the same Committee, reported back the Senate bill to incorporate the District of Columbia Canal and Sewerage Company.

Mr. FRANCIS THOMAS, of Maryland, being opposed to the bill, rose to a point of order, and tried to consume, in stating it, the two minutes left of the morning hour.

The Speaker interrupted him, and decided that the bill was a private measure.

The morning hour expired, and the bill went over until next Friday.

CONTESTED ELECTION.

Mr. DAWES called up the resolution, reported some time since from the Committee on Elections, declaring Mr. DELANO entitled to his seat as Representative from the Thirteenth District of Ohio.

The resolution was, without debate, adopted.

Mr. DAWES then reported a resolution to pay Mr. FOLLETT, the contestant of Mr. DELANO's seat, $1,500 in full for his expenses and loss of time, which was also without debate adopted.

BILL TO EQUALIZE BOUNTIES.

Mr. SCHENCK, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported a bill to equalize the bounties of soldiers, sailors and marines who served in the late war for the Union, and said he would ask action on it next week.

The bill is as follows:

SECTION 1. That instead of any grant of land or other bounty, there shall be allowed and paid to each and every soldier, sailor and marine, who faithfully served as such in the army, navy or marine corps of the United States, and who has been or who may hereafter be honorably discharged from such service, the sum of eight and one-third dollars per month, or at the rate of one hundred dollars per year, as hereinafter provided, for all the time during which such soldier, sailor or marine actually so served between the 12th day of April, 1861, and the —th day of April, 1865, and in the case of any such soldier, sailor or marine, discharged from the service on account of wounds received in battle, or while engaged in the line of his duty, the said allowance shall be computed and paid up to the end of the term of service for which his enlistment was made; and in case of the death of any such soldier, sailor or marine, while in the service or before the end of his term of enlistment, if discharged on account of his being wounded as before provided, the allowance and payment shall be made to his widow, or if there be no widow then to the heirs or children of the deceased.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That in computing and ascertaining the bounty to be paid to any soldier, sailor or marine, or his representatives, under the provisions of this act, there shall be deducted therefrom any and all bounties heretofore paid or received under existing laws by the United States [illegible] by the United States, States, counties, or municipal corporations, in the aggregate, to the sum allowed by this act.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That no bounty under the provisions of this act shall be paid to or on account of any soldier, sailor or marine who was a captured prisoner of war at the time of his enlistment, nor to any one who was discharged on his own application or request, unless such discharge was obtained with a view to enlistment or to accept promotion in the military service of the United States, or to be transferred from one branch of the military service to another, and who did actually enlist or accept promotion, or was so transferred; and no bounty shall be paid to any soldier, sailor or marine discharged on the application or at the request of parents, guardians, or other persons, or on the ground of minority.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That whenever application shall be made by any claimant through any attorney or agent, the claimant shall furnish his post-office address, giving the name of the county and State in which it is situated, and the amount of commission or fee which the attorney is to receive for his services in the settlement of the claim, which charges in no case shall exceed the sum of $5. The Postmaster-General, upon ascertaining the amount due, shall cause to be transmitted to such claimant the full amount thereof, less the fee to be paid to the attorney or agent, which fee shall be paid to the attorney or agent, in person, or transmitted to such address as the attorney may designate.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That any attorney or agent who shall receive from any claimant a sum greater than five dollars for the prosecution of any claim under the provisions of this act, upon conviction thereof, shall pay a fine not to exceed the sum of one thousand dollars, or imprisonment for a term not less than [illegible], as the Court or jury may adjudge, and shall forever thereafter be excluded from prosecuting claims of any nature whatever against the Government of the United States.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That in case the payment shall be made in the form of a check, order or draft upon any Paymaster, national bank or Government depository, [illegible] by the signature of two credible witnesses that he is the identical person named therein—but in no case shall such checks, orders or drafts be made negotiable until after such identification.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall not be lawful for any soldier, sailor or marine to transfer, assign, barter or sell his discharge, final statement, descriptive list, or other papers, for the purpose of transferring, assigning, bartering or selling any interest in any bounty under the provisions of this act, and all such transfers, assignments, barters or sales heretofore made are hereby declared null and void as to any rights intended to be conveyed by any such soldier, sailor or marine.

SEC. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That no adjustment or payment of any claim of any soldier, sailor or marine, or of his proper representatives, under the provisions of this act shall be made, unless the application be filed within two years from the passage of the act.

THE TAX BILL.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, Mr. DAWES in the chair, and resumed the consideration of the Tax Bill, the paragraph before the Committee being that relating to the manufacture of tobacco, snuff and cigars.

An amendment, offered by Mr. STEVENS, to exempt journeymen cigar-makers and apprentices, who work for others, from the provision requiring every person who makes cigars to keep an accurate account in book of all the cigars made by him, and to deliver a copy of it monthly to the Assistant Assessors was, after considerable discussion, adopted.

The limit of five days for having cigars packed and inspected was, on motion of Mr. STEVENS, extended to fifteen days.

The proceeds of forfeiture are to be distributed between the United States, the informer and the Collector making the seizure, as provided by law.

Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, offered an amendment to the ninety-third section of the present law, exempting from tax all manufactured articles except refined petroleum, refined coal oil, gold and silver, spirituous and malt liquors, manufactured tobacco and cigars—produced by the labor of any person or his family, where the product does not exceed the rate of $1,000 per annum; between $1,000 and $3,000 the tax to be levied only on the excess over $1,000; and when the manufactures are made for others, the employers are to pay the tax.

The amendment gave rise to considerable debate, Mr. MORRILL opposing the latter part of it, and Messrs. WILSON, (Iowa,) SLOAN, ALLISON and HARDING (Illinois) sustaining it. The amendment was finally adopted.

On motion of Mr. STEVENS, and after much discussion, which was participated in by Messrs. STEVENS, MORRILL, LE BLOND, WELKER, GRISWOLD, DODGE, CONKLING, DAVIS, LAWRENCE, (Ohio,) and SPALDING, the following words were struck out of the bill: "And all gas companies are hereby authorized to add the tax imposed by law to the price per thousand cubic feet on gas sold."

The paragraph in reference to coffee was struck out, and one substituted for it imposing on coffee, roast or ground, upon ground spices and dry mustard, and upon adulterations of them, a tax of one cent per pound, without exemptions of produce under $1,000.

Mr. RANDALL, of Pennsylvania, moved an amendment requiring all free passes on steam railroads to have a ten-cent stamp annexed; on six months' free passes, two dollars and a half; and on twelve months' free passes five dollars. He said this would reach a new source of revenue and would realize a large amount, as he understood that the Pennsylvania railroads alone issued during the year four thousand passes.

Mr. MORRILL suggested that the proposition might be a proper one, but that the part of the bill under consideration was not the suitable place for it.

On that suggestion the amendment was withdrawn temporarily.

Mr. MYERS moved an amendment, imposing a tax of five per cent. on photographs, &c., instead of the present system of attaching stamps.

Mr. MORRILL opposed the amendment, and, after discussion, the amendment was withdrawn.

A paragraph was added, imposing a tax of five per cent. *ad valorem* on gun cotton.

Mr. WILSON, of Ohio, moved to amend by exempting reapers, mowers and threshing-machines from the tax of three per cent., in order to have them placed upon the free list.

After much discussion the amendment was adopted.

Mr. WOODBRIDGE moved the same amendment in reference to scales, which was rejected.

Mr. WASHBURN, of Massachusetts, moved the same amendment in reference to brooms and wooden wares. Without action upon it, the Committee, after disposing of nine pages of the bill, rose.

Mr. CHANLER presented a petition of DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., BROWN BROTHERS & CO., and others of the City of New-York, against a tax of five cents a pound on cotton.

Mr. WARD presented the petition of numerous citizens of Bath, N. Y., in favor of increasing the tariff on wool.

Mr. O'NEILL presented the memorial of the officers of the Entomological Society of Philadelphia, asking for an appropriation of $3,000 per annum, to be expended in the publication and circulation of the monthly periodical called the *Practical Entomologist*.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

PRIZE MONEY.

The Speaker presented a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury, in response to the House resolution of the 9th of April, on the subject of prize money.

Laid on the table.

CONTESTED ELECTION.

Also papers in the contested election case of KOONTZ against COFFROTH, which were referred to the Committee on Elections.

GENERAL DEBATE.

On motion of Mr. SCHENCK, opposed by Mr. MORRILL, it was ordered that the proceedings to-morrow shall be confined to general debate, as if in Committee of the Whole on the President's Annual Message.

The House then, at 4:30 o'clock, adjourned.

The Troubles in Memphis.

The following letter was written by Gen. STONEMAN, in reply to a communication from the citizens of Memphis:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF TENNESSEE,
MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 10, 1866.

Messrs. J. H. McMahon, John Heart, and other Citizens of Memphis, Tenn.:

GENTLEMEN: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt, on the 8th, of yours bearing date the 5th inst.

In reply, I beg leave to say:

First—That with the ample force of United States troops at my disposal, it is not thought necessary to call upon the citizens to perform any military service for the purpose of quelling riots or putting down mobs.

Second—The organization of the militia does not properly come within the scope of my functions, except in case of an emergency, which I do not now anticipate.

Third—I do not think any military organizations, and particularly such as are contemplated in your communication, would meet with the approval of the War Department.

In this connection, I do not wish to be understood as expressing any doubt as to the perfect good faith and laudable motives which have prompted the request contained in your communication, and I take the greatest pleasure in testifying to the promptness with which the people of Memphis, regardless of antecedents, volunteered their assistance in quelling the disturbances during the first three days of this month.

Trusting that occurrences like those which have called forth this correspondence may never again be repeated in the City of Memphis, I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

GEORGE STONEMAN,
Major-General Commanding.

Trial Trip.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, May 18.

The United States steam-frigate *Chattanooga* will sail on a ten days' trial trip to-morrow.

Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Friday, May 18.

FLOUR dull and declined 15c.@25c.; buyers and sellers widely apart in views. WHEAT very unsettled, opening at $1 66, declined to $1 53½, rallied to $1 5[illegible], and closed irregular at $1 53½; sales of No. 2 at $1@$1 56. CORN declined 1c, closing moderately active at 49½c.@50c. for No. 1, and 47c.@47½c. for No. 2. OATS quiet at 29½c.@31¼c. PROVISIONS quiet. RECEIPTS—3,900 bbls. Flour, 47,000 bushels Wheat, 127,000 bushels Corn, 51,000 bushels Oats. SHIPMENTS—20,000 bbls. Flour, 12,000 bushels Wheat, 287,000 bushels Corn, 62,000 bushels Oats.

BUFFALO, Friday, May 18—6 P. M.

FLOUR 50c. lower; extra State, $9@$9 50, white double extra $12@$13 50. WHEAT in moderate demand; No. 2 Milwaukee, $1 60@$1 62; No. 1 about $1 80. CORN dull; No. 2, 80c.; No. 1, 84c.; Yellow, 85c. OATS, 50c.@52c. BARLEY, $1 for State and Canada. RYE nominal at 90c. PORK, $31. LARD, 22½c. WHISKY nominal. EXPORTS—Wheat, 27,865 bushels; Corn, 109,620 bushels; Oats, 23,407 bushels. FREIGHTS dull.

Albany Cattle Market.

ALBANY, Friday, May 18.

The cattle market opened with unusual activity this week and at prices at least ½c. ℔ lb live weight higher than last week, but the supply, 5,900 head, including several hundred stores, proved larger than was expected, and to-day holders pressed for sales, and most of the transactions after 10 o'clock were at prices $5@$6 ℔ head lower than were realized on Tuesday and Wednesday.

The bulk of the droves were made up of Illinois fed steers, ranging in weight from 1,000 to 1,300 lbs., and selling at 7c.@9½c., with a few extra at 9½c.@9¾c., and one bunch of steers averaging 1,600 lbs. at 9¾c. At the close these were extreme prices. Sheep are in good request at 5½c.@7c. for clipped and 7½c. for wooled. Hogs, light sales of Western corn-fed to Eastern parties at 10c.@10½c. ℔ lb.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

Excitement Over an Article in the New-York Times.

Confederate Refugees who have Settled at Cordova.

Quantrell, the Lawrence Butcher, is One Among Them.

Capture of Cutorce and Oajaco by the Republicans.

Statement of the Financial Condition of Mexico.

Particulars of the Capture of the Steamer John L. Stephens.

Imperialist and Republican Views of the Political Situation.

From Our Own Correspondent.

MEXICO, Friday, April 20, 1866.

No article has ever appeared in any American paper which has been so thoroughly published and discussed by the Press and people of Mexico as the one recently published in the TIMES. Although we must confess that though no newspaper published in Spanish in the country has as yet made any comments upon the article in any way pleasing to imperialism, it has exerted a most damaging influence on republicanism. *La Sociedad*, the real organ of the country, seldom comments on government affairs or allows any publication of matter which will offend the most radical Liberal. It begins a long leading article in this morning's issue as follows:

"The NEW-YORK TIMES of a late date publishes an article on the Mexican question, which was reproduced yesterday by the two French papers (*L'Estafette* and *L'Ere Nouvelle*) of our capital, and which is very notable for its pacific character and tendencies, seeing that the TIMES is the official organ of Mr. SEWARD, the Secretary of State."

Both people and press of the country believe that whatever Mr. SEWARD says is law; that he is the indicator of either the friendship or the enmity of the Government at Washington. The Liberal Party at present are as much annoyed by this article in question, as months since they were encouraged by Mr. SEWARD'S State papers, in which he declared that the Government of the United States could not, and would not recognize the Government of MAXIMILIAN.

The *Sociedad* closes its article in the following terms:

"The importance of this article of the TIMES is highly important, as we cannot but conclude that it is the sure indication of the sentiments of the Washington Cabinet, inasmuch as we perfectly well know that the TIMES is Mr. SEWARD's official organ; further we believe that the article in question conveys the ideas of the French Government, and its not far-distant arrangement of the Mexican question with the United States."

The manner in which this article has been taken up and discussed is an unmistakable proof that whenever the United States shall withdraw its attitude of hostility to the Empire and recognize it, that the cause of *Republicanism* in Mexico will droop, its supporters, which are *legion*, will sheath their swords and wait for some distant and more propitious moment in which they can, in former Mexican style, suddenly rise and strike death to the government in power.

And let not our people think that the throne of MAXIMILIAN is a fabric of stability, for its foundation is in Europe: 40,000 European bayonets support it now, but as MIRAMON, SANTA ANNA, COMONFORT, and the usurper ITURBIDE found their places insecure and short-lived, so will our simple-minded Austrian marine learn after he is left to guide the Mexican ship alone. The rapidity with which these people reorganize is scarcely paralleled. Even now foreigners who have long resided in the capital say the atmosphere is rank with revolution.

In my last letter per the French mail to Havana, I stated that the Ex-Confederate Gov. HENRY W. ALLEN was dangerously ill. He is still living, yet no hopes of his recovery are entertained. Last evening he was the second time attacked with an epileptic fit, and at 1 o'clock this morning his physician, LEWIS HASHALL, M. D., pronounced his case hopeless. He was one of the partners of the Conklin Hermanos Great American Circus, and came up with the troupe from Vera Cruz. He underwent exposures on the road up, which have caused his sickness.

The *Diario del Imperio* of the 18th inst. gives an official list of those Confederates who have settled down on the land at Cordova purchased by Gens. MAGRUDER, SHELBY, PRICE & Co., and the amount each has obtained a deed for: Perkins, Harris, Jouquet, Appleby, Boisse, Egbert Price, H. H. Wilkinson, Duncan, Collings, Kunkle, Cage, Fort, Hall, Santiago Anderson, Hendry, Skidmore, Blackwell, Willwhite, Douglass, John Maury, Venice, Henry, James Anderson, W. G. Henry, Young and Brown, each have 320 acres. Gen. Magruder, E. York, Sterling Price, Chatterlin, Maury, M. F., Caldwell, Schutz, Bannon, DeCretty, Didier, each have 640 acres, and the above named individuals hold all the land that is held by the Confederates in Mexico, and the writer has all the documents to prove that all of said land was purchased from private individuals, not given by MAXIMILIAN'S Government.

At the present time Gens. MAGRUDER and JUBAL EARLY are all that are left of nearly two hundred "sad remnants of civil war" who once hung around MAXIMILIAN'S throne as the moth hangs about the light which every time it approaches burns it more and more. MAGRUDER and EARLY are the only ones who are left to curse Yankees and Yankeedom.

QUANTRELL is quietly rusticating in the Cordova regions while some unfortunate man who has a semblance to him is held in some of the Western States for recognition. A gentleman lately arrived from Zacatecas who has resided there since 1861, as a Texas Union refugee, informs me that as late as last August, QUANTRELL, under an assumed name, reached Zacatecas with eleven companions, all being bound for the Pacific port of Mazatlan on a piratical excursion, nothing less that the intention to take passage on the United States passenger steamer *John L. Stephens*, and take possession of her on the voyage. This gentleman learned his intention and at once sent a messenger all the way to Mazatlan to apprise the agent there of the plan. QUANTRELL then came on to Mexico and passed here as George Brown. Since January last he has been down among the nest of martyred Confederates at Cordova. He appears to have plenty of funds and don't care about working land.

Our Consul, Mr. MARCUS OTTERBOURG, arrived from Vera Cruz a few days since.

CHARLES DE BARRAS, senior editor of *L'Estafette*, one of the humble organs of NAPOLEON, and an aider in the work of civilizing poor Mexico, has returned from his conferences with NAPOLEON at Paris, to take possession of the mining tract of land presented him during his absence by MAXIMILIAN. The readers of the TIMES will remember that DE BARRAS is the author of the Paris letter of Jan. 15 to *L'Estafette*, which announced to Mexico the fact that NAPOLEON *did intend* to withdraw his troops from Mexico, but after holding several interviews with His Majesty, the Emperor was convinced that Mexico better be held.

The Camp of Instruction, at Querretero, has been broken up. The most of the French and Austrians stationed there during the Winter arrived here yesterday, and will march to Vera Cruz, *via* Puebla, as soon as rested.

There are the usual batch of bombastic reports of victories and defeats, that are usually patched up just before the foreign steamers sail. Having watched these affairs now for more than a year, and very closely for the last eight months, I am very confident that the Imperialists now hold less territory than they have at any prior month during the last two years. There are at present between 58,000 and 60,000 French troops in the country. A member of the Emperor's Cabinet stated to Chas. L. Austin, Esq., of Albany, on Wednesday last, that there were at least 55,000 French in their *ejercito-Frances*.

In the market butter sells for $1 25 per pound; eggs, 37½ cents per dozen; flour, $27 per bbl.; beefsteak, 30 cents; hams, 62½ cents; potatoes, 25 cents per pound; peaches, $1 per half-peck. Fruits in season are cheap.

The London, Mexico and South American Bank have been issuing bills, payable in specie at their Bank on presentation; denominations, $50, $100, $500 and $1,000. Exchange on London is scarce at 46d.; we have seen a bill drawn for a New-York Sewing-Machine Manufacturing Company bought at 46½d. Exchange on Vera Cruz, 4 per cent.; on New-York, for dollars, 10 per cent.

Republican Successes—Capture of Catorce and Oajaca—The Liberals Levying Loans—Finances of Mexico—Capture of the John L. Stephens—The Death of Judge Austin.

Mexico, Tuesday, May 1, 1866.

The days grow darker for Imperialism in Mexico, as we have all along known that they would. From San Luis Potosi we hear to-day that the mochos are gathering into the capital from all parts of the State. Escobeda, reinforced with many smaller bodies of troops than his own, has taken "Catorce," the largest coining mint next to that of Guanajuato, in the Empire—no, in the country, for the word Empire is misplaced when used in Republican Mexico. Gen. Porfiro Diaz has fallen upon Oajaca, capital of the State of the same name, and captured the city and its garrison. At the last census under the Republic Oajaca had a population of 25,000. Maximilian's officers began taking a census six weeks since, though we have heard no reports thus far, and the readers of the Times may wait many a year, and many a decade of years before they can see the grand total of the inhabitants of the "Sailor Emperor's" Empire in Mexico.

Financially, Mexico is better prepared for a resumption of a Republican Government than she has ever been since her Independence. By the late triumphs in Zacatecas, in San Luis Potosi, and Oajaca, the Liberals have levied loans on French Imperial and Imperial supporting Mexican houses to such an extent that nearly 6,000,000 in silver dollars are now in their possession. Escobedo found $80,000 in newly coined silver at the "Catorce" mint. Diaz levied for and collected $3,300,000 last week in Oajaca, so that if Maximilian finds himself in this dangerous epoch with an empty treasury, and a discontented soldiery long without pay, the Liberals are better prepared to sustain a vigorous campaign than they have before been against their oppressors.

As we asserted that Mexico is better prepared now than hitherto to resume control of State affairs, we will give our reasons for the allegation. Five years ago she was embarrassed by a foreign loan of $79,686,000. Of this France held only $3,587,000. Yet Maximilian acknowledges vouchers which give Napoleon's Government $195,000,000 claim on Mexico. Deducting the $3,587,000, the original claim of France, from the Republic's total debt, and we have $76,099,000 remaining, the amount Maximilian acknowledges due to other foreign Governments than that of France. Adding the $195,000,000 of French claims against the country to this, ($76,099,000,) and we have a debt of $271,099,000 saddled upon "poor Mexico," which the third Napoleon was so anxious to *civilize*. This debt of $271,099,000, we must also remember, is based on the settlements made with France and other foreign Governments in August, 1864, at a time when the young Emperor had hardly had time, after his entrance into Mexico, to take a bird's-eye view of the situation. Since then there have been two French loans, at least nothing less than $100,000,000; consequently, $350,000,000 will be the lowest amount that Mexico will owe in August, 1866. M. Langlais reported that, *with nothing to prevent*, the income from imports, stamp tax, and other sources of revenue, would *this year* reach $16,000,000. He also estimated the expenses of Government at $47,000,000, leaving a deficit of $31,000,000. As this amount must be met by additional French funds, the year ending with 1866 will find the Sailor Emperor shouldering a debt of $381,000,000, which, allowing a very low rate of interest, say 5 per cent., and we shall have annual interest to be paid of $19,050,000, or $4,050,000 more interest than the income of the country. Who will pay this? Will the French people continue to calmly assume such a burden in the new world, with no other recompense than that of satisfying the whim of their Sovereign? Again, as the *Republic* of Mexico has been outlawed, its soldiers proclaimed brigands, libertines and robbers by the French and Maximilian; as they recognize no Government in Mexico but the Empire—when there is an end to the Empire who shall become responsible for this large sum of money. The question then narrows down to the impertinent interrogation: will the French people surrender their claims of $381,000,000, less $79,686,000, or $301,314,000, the amount which they will have expended by the time they can get out of the country, even should an immediate evacuation be ordered, or will they keep up the contention until they have expended $500,000,000? Look at the intervention whichever way we may, we see that the Government of Napoleon must either suffer immediate loss and withering humiliation, or for the sake of national French pride they must continue the struggle until greater loss and deeper humiliation must overwhelm them. And is it not probable that Maximilian will soon receive commands from his *master* to eat his words—his imperial decrees and black flag manifestos—by being obliged to treat with the Republicans of Mexico? We believe this is the course that will be resorted to. If not then the Republic will not be obliged to pay France any portion of her claims. She will come back to power with railroads spanning her mountains and table-lands and her people anxious to work themselves up to the level of the positions held by sister Republics. She will see how near to ruin her civil feuds and wars brought her, and will be all the better prepared to stand a Republic among sister Republics. Her salvation will be in her refusal to meet any of the expenses that France has incurred by her philanthropic expedition to Mexico.

In my letter dated the 29th ultimo, which I forwarded you, per the English steamer *Conway*, to Havana, I mentioned a notice of the taking of the steamer *John J. Stephens*, belonging to the Pacific Imperial Mexican Packet Company. I have just received a letter from Mazatlan, which gives the whole particulars of the attack, detention and capture of the arms and other munitions of war found on board of the steamer.

On the morning of the 6th ultimo, while the steamer was off Cape Saint Lucas, she was hailed by a party of Mexicans, eighteen in number, who were on board of a small boat. They were received on board as passengers. As soon as the steamer was again under weigh the leader of the party, for they were Liberal soldiers, demanded of Capt. Wakeman all of the arms and other property belonging to the Government of Maximilian which he had shipped at San Francisco. The Captain denied that such goods were on board, when Col. Frank, an American from San Francisco, and at present on the Staff of the Liberal Gen. Corona, produced an exact duplicate of that part of the manifest which answered to the goods inquired for, and then posting his men as sentinels and guards, he took command of the steamer and ordered her to La Paz, some distance above Mazatlan. On arriving in port they seized 45 cases of goods, which contained 700 rifles, 500 swords and 500 army saddles, all of which were marked to this Government. They also took $2,500 from a French passenger, and $500 from a Peruvian. When this correspondence left, two French men-of-war were at Mazatlan, and one American iron-clad. The steamer *Manhattan*, it will be remembered, brought 17,000 stand of arms from the United States to Vera Cruz in November, and here is another instance of an American company's assisting Imperialism. If such steamships do not bring their owners dividends, they have the consolation of knowing why they do not prosper, at least. In this instance we think none to blame but the shippers and those who received the goods. The Liberals showed their good sense by taking nothing but contraband of war.

To-day there is not one safe highway in all Mexico, except to Liberals and known friends of the Republicans. Small divisions from Diaz' army have taken possession of Putla, Tlaxiaco, Nochistlan, Monteil, Tuxtepec and the hicienda of San Juan del Estado. Escobedo has sent foraging parties all through the State of San Luis Potosi with orders to take all that is movable which belongs to the Mochas. Avalos is at the head of a large army now marching toward Queretaro. The *Sociedad* is held responsible for the report that Mendez has been cut to pieces in Michoacan. The *Sombra* says that Alvarez, at the head of 11,000 pintos, is sweeping everything before him on a direct route to the capital.

La Sociedad of yesterday says that the Liberal commander Figuroa is organizing a large force on the mountain of Mixtan, in the southeast, and unless some overwhelming force can be thrown into the Departments of Puebla and Ouzara, this commander evidently will soon hold his own way in the southeast.

The same paper publishes an official dispatch dated Ures Sonora, April 3, 1866, which announces the defeat of Lieut. Manuel Moldonado and seventy Liberals.

The Imperial Mexican Commander, Salvador Vasquez, issued a proclamation at Ures, on the 30th of March, ultimo, saying:

> "We may look where we will, we can see nothing but acts of vandalism, violence, death and blood. The dissidents seem to desire the wreck of the whole country, and aided by the desperadoes of the bordering States and Territories of the United States, they are sweeping the country as with a brand of blood. We have been left, a mere handful of men, to cope with the myrmidons of Juarez. All that there now remains must either become sacrifices to this tornado of blood or seek safety in flight."

L'Estafette of yesterday publishes a communication from Sinaloa, which says that Gen. Lozado, who set out with such great hopes and an army of 5,000 men a few weeks since, promising to clear the Liberals out of Sonora and Sinaloa, has been obliged to take refuge in Tepic. This is the last Imperial effort that can be made this season to clear the Republican armies out of these two coveted States. They are besieged in San Blas, Tepic, Mazatlan, and Guymas. French men-of-war are stationed at each of these places, and this alone saves these important sea-port towns. The scarcity of provisions in Mazatlan, Tepic and Guymas has caused untold suffering, and what awaits the poor inhabitants but starvation or refuge with the Liberals. The Imperial commanders refuse to give any passes to go the interior from these cities.

The mint of Mexico has made no monthly report since January, that of Gunajuato none since December. The one at Chihuahua, under charge of the McManus Brothers, of Zanesville, Ohio, has made none since October. The Guadalajara mint reports a coinage of silver and gold for the month of March last of $336,000. Catorce mint has passed its coinage over to the Liberals, and Mexico will be next of which we can say *lo mismo*.

The death of Judge Charles L. Austin, of Albany, N. Y., has caused a profound sensation in all circles. Judge Austin had only been here a few days, yet he had the *entrée* of the Palace, and the heads of the Bureaus of Government officials welcomed him to their headquarters. He arrived here on the 11th ult., intending to remain until it was time to return to Vera Cruz, to take passage on the steamship *Manhattan*, from Vera Cruz, on the 8th inst. A slight affection of the throat, caused by exploring the historical canals surrounding this city during the day of the 22d ult., made him think of leaving for Vera Cruz sooner than it was necessary in order to embark on the steamer on the 8th instant. He had concluded to start yesterday morning, but when Monday morning came he was lying near the spot, where only one week before exiled Confederates had buried H. W. Allen. Friday evening last he retired, suffering severely with palpitation of the heart. Saturday, those who visited him thought all danger was over, and none were so confident as the deceased himself. Saturday evening he had another severe attack, but at midnight he rallied so much that his physician, Dr. Luis Hassel, thought that all immediate danger had passed, yet recommended extreme quiet, that he might the sooner be able to get out of Mexico, and away from this elevated country. At 6 A. M., Sunday morning, he was seized with another attack too severe even for his strong constitution, and died in a few minutes. Sunday evening he was followed by quite all the Americans in Mexico, to the American burying ground, situated west of the city, and not far from Chapultepec Castle.

Decline of the Empire—The Weakness of Maximilian—Are the French to Leave?

Mexico, Tuesday, May 1, 1866.

During the last few weeks the empire has made many steps downward. The situation cannot last much longer in such a state of uncertaincy. As I have time and again told you, Maximilian is a good man taken in his private capacity, but he does not seem to be made of the stuff necessary to manufacture an Emperor. He plans a great many reforms, and gets up early to write long, windy and philosophic decrees, and trusts to his Mexican Ministers for the execution. The result is that not one of his decrees or even orders is carried out. The Ministers are evidently doing their very best to help the death of the empire, and, strange as it may seem, Maximilian will not see it. I do not suppose there is anywhere to be seen a more unpopular Sovereign, and his unpopularity is of such character as does not admit of any redeeming feature. The Mexicans of all parties, the French, Germans, Americans—in fact, all—speak of him as of a poor harmless fellow, with not even energy enough to take a fair view of the situation. The best-intentioned speak of Maximilian as the German Philosopher, and, indeed, I for one believe that he deserves that title. The empire is very sick; indeed, it is agonizing; and practically it is dead. Napoleon must feel himself in a great fix. His original idea undoubtedly was to use Maximilian as the executor of his wishes, as a kind of viceroy, obeying all orders from Paris. For a few days it went off very well. Presently, however, the spur was applied by the inexperienced heel of Montholon and the French Commander a little too roughly. The Emperor felt it so much the more from being stimulated by his German retainers and by his Mexican surroundings, and from that day Napoleon's orders were not obeyed.

In vain Montholon was removed, in vain was the perfumed veil of flattery thrown over the Emperor's head, in vain bushels of money were placed at his disposal, in vain full control was allowed him over even the French troops. Nothing could change the obstinate determination of the "German philosopher." In this Maximilian has shown himself a true son of the line of Hapsburg—obstinacy being the well-known hereditary propensity of that doomed house.

The situation to-day stands thus: The budget has been discussed for weeks. The Emperor with his Ministers has worked on it day after day, and they have decided new taxes, and they have decided economy, and they decreed a great deal, but where is the money to come from? Napoleon does not wish to give any more, and the revenue of the Vera Cruz Custom-house is mortgaged for at least three millions over what it owes to the English debt.

The Austrian and Belgian troops, which so far have been attached to Maximilian, have at last been brought to the level of the general dissatisfaction. They have been incorporated in the foreign legion and under control of French rulers and discipline and commanders. The officers will all certainly resign and be glad to return home. As to the soldiers they will desert whenever they find a favorable opportunity.

The French troops are to leave—the first division in November next, that is provided there is no other complication, and provided the foreign legion be strong enough to secure what the French troops have secured thus far, the maintenance of the Empire. Still some doubt hangs about our mind when we learn that the French Minister of War has just ordered one thousand more Arabian horses to be forwarded to Mexico.

Of course we are all of us asking and answering this question: "What will become of Mexico?" Nobody knows, and nobody seems to care, except the foreigners here. The Mexicans, generally, have no wish beyond getting rid of foreigners of all nations, Americans included. I have lately been traveling a great deal—almost from the Pacific coast to the Atlantic. Although I did not meet with any personal ill-will, I was, however, compelled to remark the general hatred that all Mexicans have for foreigners. When I am a little rested I mean to give you an account of my trip.

Southern Confederates keep coming here, but most of them go away disgusted, and shaking their dirty and heelless boots, swear they will never breathe again the air of Mexico. Still some remain, and a few are doing well.

The English seem to be the only people willing and ready to fish something out of our troubled waters. They organize all sorts of schemes, form all sorts of companies, with fabulous capital for the exploitation of all sorts of mines, railroads, gas works, &c., &c. And my word for it, they manage to make money; or at least, the schemers manage to get it out of the pockets of the credulous and plethoric London capitalists.

MEJICANO.

Anniversary of the Capture of Puebla—Reports of the Mints.

Mexico, Saturday, May 5, 1866.

To-day being the fourth anniversary of the victory of the Liberals over the French before Puebla, the native citizens have quite all left the city. A banquet and ball will take place to-night at the Spanish casino, and at each of the theatres. A free dinner is set at San Angel, two leagues out of town, and the present terminus of the Chalco and Mexico Railroad. Another is given at Tacubya, and still another at Tercocoa. The capital is deserted at daylight; the French troops quartered here were dispersed about the city to gather the wreaths of flowers and garlands which were to be seen on lamp-posts and in all places where a landing could be found. The main entrance to the great cathedral was decked with flowers, as the path leading from the doors to the *Plaza de Armas* was also. The tomb of Gen. Zaragoza must have been the scene of pilgrimage during last night. Fair hands only could have worked the native flowers of the Valley of Mexico into such exquisite garlands. Above the tomb was *bandera de flowers*—the flag of the Republic made of flowers. After all these indications of *viva Mexico*, it was not strange that Bazaine ordered all the Imperial troops on duty.

In my last letter I mentioned the fact that the most of the mints had not made any reports during the past few months. The *Diario del Imperio* has since published the official report for the coinage of January, February and March. The coinage of eight mints is as follows, for the first quarter of this year:

	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
Mint of Mexico.....	80,024	1,082,202 80	1,162,226 80
Mint of Guanajuato..	98,000	837,000 00	935,000 00
Mint of Zacatecas...	16,000	1,064,000 00	1,080,000 00
Mint of Guadalajara.	12,186	131,623 00	143,809 00
Mint of Durango......	12,352	224,000 00	236,352 00
Mint of Catorce......		167,860 00	167,860 00
Mint of Oajaca......	7,360	60,323 00	67,683 00
Mint of San L. Potosi		123,140 00	123,140 00
Grand total....	225,912	3,690,158 80	3,916,070 80

The Mint of Mexico reports a gold and silver coinage (all of the new coin) of $439,139 75 for the past month.

On the 3d inst. a new paper, *El Marques de Caracaca*, made its appearance—politics non-committal, which means Liberal in sentiment.

L'Ere Nouvelle, of this date, publishes a letter from Tampico, dated April 24, which says that the situation there is a very sad one. Only one conducta of silver has arrived there in two years; the last was in December, 1864. Nothing had left the port for the interior except the train, valued at $675,000, which Mendez, Liberal commander, captured. The writer says that goods have laid there already so long that they are spoiling. Every place is full, and if the Government has not the power to soon relieve them the people must migrate to some other place.

There is a paragraph going the rounds of the papers of New-York that some Mr. Maury has aided in the apprehension of the perpetrators of the attack on the diligence at Rio Frio. Nothing is farther from the truth. The Court Martial of this City convened to investigate the affair and try three men named Joaquin de la Luz, Felipe de Rodriquez and Margarito Vega for complicity in the attack and murder. The witness who gave testimony against them, causing their arrest and trial, is Timotea Contla. The lawyers called by the defence are Ortega and Rodriguez. They easily broke the evidence of Contla, who swore that three hours after the attack at Rio Frio he had met these three men (the accused) with their clothes covered with blood, and with guns. The lawyers were applauded on the acquittal of the accused, and the three prisoners were released unconditionally. The Court Martial at Toluca on the 25th ult. condemned to death, Esteban Morales, J. Mendoza, Jose Sotero and Toribio Hernandez.

The Emperor has accepted the plans of Mr. Smith, of Louisiana, for draining the city, the same means to be employed as those used by the Spaniards two hundred years since—though by different machinery. On the north side the ancient canal of Huehuetoca will be reopened; on the south the cut of Nochistonga. Inundation is not the only serious question regarding the waters of the Valley of Mexico. The site of the city is much lower than any portion of the Valley, and is made so by the rains of three hundred seasons washing the earth from the amphitheatre of mountains which surround the city. The walls of the Capital prevent this mud and earth from keeping the streets of the city on a level with the surrounding Valley. In consequence of this the sewers of this great city accumulate the filth of a very filthy people, but never surrender any of it, except as once a year they are dug out. Mexico is a pest-house from May to September, and the traveler is a suicide who comes here during this interval. The last two weeks has, for the first of the fatal season, opened in a most appalling form. Seven Americans have been buried at the American burying ground. Since I have commenced writing you Mr. John A. Bentley has died. He was only ill forty hours. He is an American and wealthy. He leaves an adopted daughter his heir, all of his immense property in factories and plantations.

The gold expedition to Michoacan, and the gold mines there are a perfect failure. The party sent by Government to explore have met with nothing but disappointment.

Loss of the Vera Cruz—The Emigration Office Closed—Cholera and Yellow Fever.

Vera Cruz, Monday, April 30, 1866.

Once more business has brought me to Vera Cruz, and as I do not like to make a longer stay than I can help I have just time to tell you that two days ago we heard of the loss of the steamer *Vera Cruz*. It was a great disappointment to people expecting her with great anxiety. Nobody, however, was surprised, and it was taken as a matter of course, her Captain having never been considered equal to the task of navigating her.

Another batch of dissatisfied Southerners are now landing, from New-Orleans. How disappointed those poor people will be in a few days.

The Emigration office has been suppressed. So Maximilian managed to get rid of Maury, Magruder & Co.

Another battalion of the Foreign Legion has been landed within the last few days. So the plan that I have announced to you several times is being developed and enacted. Thirty-five thousand troops of the Foreign Legion will take the place of the real French troops.

The Foreign Legion is commanded by French officers, and in fact is simply a French army.

Mr. Allen, Governor of Louisiana during the rebellion, has just died in the City of Mexico, where he was publishing the *Mexican Times*. The poor fellow kept up a constant firing at the Yankees from his distant and safe position. However, let us forget that he had rebellion on the brain, and remember only his many private virtues.

Vera Cruz is getting hot, and the yellow fever begins to make its appearance. The cholera is also announced as having made a few victims. Truly this is a blessed city.

VIEWS OF AN IMPERIALIST.

New Revelations—The Funds Stopped—What Next?

Mexico, Wednesday, April 18, 1866.

Since my last, great things have happened here that seem to expose to view the situation. The new Ministry is proved more powerless than the last. The men that compose it could not have been chosen more thoroughly unfit and incapable. The late Minister of Fomento, Mr. Robles, had won for himself the esteem of all. The present one has already found the means to be despised by the whole population, foreign as well as native.

Of late the funds have been completely stopped from the French Treasury. Hence no money in the Imperial coffers, hence dryness of the Austrian pockets, hence great trouble. The German troops were beginning to grumble. In fact, Marshal Bazaine had Maximilian where he has been working to place him for the last year—in a tight, a very tight place. Of course, from my previous letters, your readers are aware that the plan of Bazaine has been, by some means, to bring Maximilian to his senses. I may say the word, as it is in every mouth here. The Austrian party have been hard at work against French influence, and they seem to have been successful as far as the palace goes. Still the Austrians have no objection to French money. So came the dreaded moment of appealing to the powerful Marshal. Eight hundred thousand dollars were required in the twenty-four hours. The Marshal had his orders, and his answer was, "I have no money for the Imperial Government." "If the money is not forthcoming," said Maximilian, "I will resign the crown of Mexico and go." Here I might continue and describe the scene that followed between the Emperor and Empress; but I was not there, and cannot vouch for the truth of things as described by everybody to everybody else.

Now, as you may see, Marshal Bazaine, as I have said before, has his enemy, Maximilian, in a tight place. But the brave old gentleman is not as plucky in council as on the battle-field, and, after consulting and hesitating, he gave in, and the money was paid down, and the brave Austrians are for two weeks more allowed to stretch their long legs, and sound their terrible spurs about the sidewalks. I have even seen several who had fresh long turkey feathers shining in the sun from the top of their apparently elated heads.

A *coup d'état* is in everybody's mouth, and no one would be surprised to hear of something wonderful turning up one of these mornings. For some reason you did not publish my letter describing parties in Mexico. I am sorry for it, for our readers would this day understand why and how we are expecting a *coup d'état*.

Orders are given, and preparations are actually being made for the concentration by the French troops. Still let us not sing Glory, glory!! Let us keep calm in the presence of the painful sacrifice of our friends, the French people.

Here we are in the hottest stew of uncertainties. If the French go, what becomes of our Empire? If the French stay, where will be our peaceful relations with France? If Maximilian and the French both go, what will turn up after? The Mexican Republic! Alas! Why are we not able to say American Republic? Los Yankees! Los Yankees! is an exclamation heard all round. But what would los Yankees do with those wretched Mexicans? Here I had better stop, for the future will, of course, take care of itself.

In the meantime business is completely paralyzed, and we are all wishing for some change.

As I have already mentioned, the Southerners are returning to their first love. The empire is not what they had expected, and they are going back a little poorer if not wiser.

A Revolutionary Soldier in Ohio.

Correspondence Cincinnati Commercial.

Cumberland, Guernsey County, Ohio, }
Tuesday, May 8, 1866. }

Having noticed in your issue of Saturday, 5th inst., the death of Wm. Hutchings, the last Revolutionary soldier of the State of Maine, and as that notice states, the last but three in the United States, I was prompted to write you the following:

Mr. John Gray, who lives in Noble Township, Noble County, Ohio, about four miles east of the village of Cumberland, Guernsey County, Ohio, is, without any doubt, a Revolutionary soldier. I visited him last Winter, and he gave me the following history of his birth and life: He was born Jan. 6, 1764, near Pohick Creek, and was christened in what was called the Pohick Church, which he thinks was then within the territorial limits of Fairfax County, Va. In February, 1780, he volunteered in the service of his country, but returned home in May, 1781, immediately after the surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown, and was retained as a minute-man on the banks of the Potomac for six months after, before he was discharged the service. Col. Church and Major Rasset commanded the regiment and Capt. Robert Sanford the company to which he belonged. His father, Shadrick Gray, died in the service of his country at White Plains in January, 1777; he was under Capt. West. John Gray has never received one farthing from his Government in the shape of land warrant, pension, or anything else.

According to the above date, he was 102 years old on the 6th day of last January. He moved to the territory west of the Ohio River in 1794, and settled on what is called the flats of Grave Creek. The neighbors who have known him for some thirty years where he now lives have always respected him as a sober, industrious and truthful man. He is now entirely dependent upon the charities of a step-daughter, (the child of his first wife,) who is married to a Mr. Henry McElray. He enjoys remarkably good health, and his mental faculties are very good for a person in his advanced age. He has never taken a portion of medicine from a physician in his life. Many years ago he had an attack of some kind of fever, and some good neighbor gave him a portion of tartar emetic, which is the only medicine he has ever taken. He has been a member of the Protestant Methodist Church in good standing for seventy-five years. He went to the polls last Fall and voted the Republican ticket, and he told me he expected to do the same next Fall if John A. Bingham ran for Congress. He looks as if he was good for at least eight or ten years yet.

THE STEAMSHIP ENGLAND.

A Narrative of Her Voyage and the Breaking out of the Cholera.

The following narrative of the late voyage of the steamship *England*, and the breaking out of the cholera on board, prepared by Rev. Ambrose Martin, may prove of interest at the present time:

I was a saloon passenger on board the unfortunate steamship *England*, which sailed from Liverpool on the 28th day of March.

We left full of health, joy and hope, and reached Queenstown on the following evening, the 29th, about 5 o'clock. We embarked our passengers, and wafted a farewell to our friends left behind. We had a very stiff breeze during our stay and while leaving Queenstown. That night all was hurry, but not confusion, in taking possession of our respective berths, and making our various little domestic arrangements for the voyage. Next morning was fine and calm, and all arose full of health and strength. On the morning of the fourth day after our departure from Queenstown, a young German boy, aged eight years, was found dead in his berth by the side of his mother. That night the wind was very strong and the sea very rough, and our vessel rolled heavily. I performed the burial service over the child, and we then consigned his remains to the deep. The evening of the same day I was called to the bedside of a fine, stout Irishman—Thomas Walsh, 35 years old; he complained of cold feet, and cramps in the legs and stomach. Three doctors attended him. All human aid was brought to bear on the poor writhing victim, but in vain—he died next morning about 2:30 o'clock. Sickness now set in with fearful severity. My calls were continuous. The well passengers were awed, and questioned each other, with startled look, as to the cause of this calamity, this awful visitation. The doctors were unremitting in their attention; nothing was spared either in skill, soothing or nourishment. The officers on board—from the commandant, Capt. Grace, to the lowest servant—vied with each other in their attendance on the sick. The food of the other passengers was good, wholesome and abundant. Many labored under sea-sickness, and the food appeared to them unpalatable; but to the weak a more delicate and suitable food was given, according to the means we had on board. Still, death continued, and was more relentless in its demands. My sick calls were more frequent, and deaths increased daily—sometimes eight, ten, twelve, or even fifteen, died in one day. Oh! what a sight! We hurried on to Halifax. We arrived there during the night. Next morning, early, our dear and sorrowing commandant hoisted the yellow flag, and signalled to shore for help.

On our deck coffins were piled up, and when permission was given to bury our dead we lowered four boat-loads, and, in the presence of our affrighted passengers, we slowly wended our way to the shore to give as good and Christian a burial as we could. During the night of our arrival there was not a breath of air. The frequent blows of the hammers used in making the coffins alone broke the silence. For four nights previous I had not closed my eyes. This fatal night, while going my rounds with the doctor and searching every berth, picking up the departed, we met with three of the sick writhing in agony. Now cleared of our dead, we hurried our healthy passengers to MacNab's Island, close by. Tents were soon erected, beds and bedding were placed at the disposition of those who wished to take them, abundance of clean, fresh straw was provided, and everything was made as comfortable as possible. Six doctors from Halifax generously hastened to our relief, and having our own ship's doctors, Mr. McCulloch, Dr. Heath, Dr. Albert Voelkes and Dr. Richard Thomas, the services of these gentlemen were put in immediate requisition.

Poor Dr. Slater, Government Physician of Halifax, 43 years of age, fell a victim to his zeal and charity, on the second night, after a short illness of six hours, leaving an aged mother, a wife and five children to bewail his loss. The ship now being cleared of both the healthy and the sick, she was thoroughly cleansed and fumigated.

About twenty-four men were hired from shore to aid in this necessary step. One fine young Irishman fell a victim on the second morning after his arrival on board. Snowy, rainy weather now set in, which rendered it very disagreeable on shore. Trees were felled; fires blazed by night and by day. The island indeed had all the appearance of a military encampment. The good Archbishop Connelly, of Halifax, came every day to see us, to do what he could to replenish our medical stores, and to offer whatever succor was in his power. He sent us four Sisters of Charity to take care of the little orphans on the island, and three others went to attend the sick on the hospital ship. Still death continued its fearful havoc. While I was taking my turn through the German section, I nearly stumbled over a man and his wife, locked in each others' arms, cold, black and lifeless. A few yards further on another woman had drawn her shawl over her face, and had laid down and died.

Two cholera tents were spread aside from the healthy; we really needed them, and they were soon filled up, but very rapidly thinned. When stricken, the malady was so violent in many cases that the unfortunate creatures had scarcely power to indicate to a passer-by their present state. On the hospital ship the mortality was very great. It was impossible to rally their courage; when they felt themselves seized by the scourge they seemed powerless, and immediately gave themselves up to despondency. We stayed a few days at Halifax, when, by the energy and charity of the Board of Health officers our health certificate was signed in due form. The odious yellow flag came down amid three hearty cheers of all on board. Our anchor is weighed, and we steam ahead slowly from the scene of misery, sickness and death with a joy still mingled with sorrow, for we leave twenty-four of our companions still sick on the island. Some two or three days bring us to an anchor in the Quarantine waters, Lower Bay, New-York. On our arrival we find our sister ship, the *Virginia*, lying in the same bay, with the yellow flag dolefully hanging, and as it were, weeping over her ill-fated passengers, but still her position is not so heart rending as was that of the *England*.

Let me now say a word with strict candor and justice as to the conduct of commander, officers and servants on board of the *England*. Capt. Grace is a gentleman whom nobody could know but to respect. To the science of the accomplished sailor he adds the tenderness, affection and feeling of a father. Oh! oft and oft again have I seen him painfully moved while he gazed on the suffering and death around him. The first, second, third and fourth officers were not backward, neither by night or by day, in rendering all the aid in their power. To the other officials of the vessels are due no less praise.

The passengers of the *Virginia* being stricken with the same affliction, her sick were transferred to the hospital ship *Falcon*. Knowing that many thereon demanded my services I bade adieu to the *England* and her faithful crew, and took my stand on the *Falcon*. She was the scene of much suffering and many deaths, but let it be known that Drs. Swinburne, Bissell and Harcourt, along with Superintendent O'Rourke, here merited for themselves an undying remembrance in the hearts and minds of all who came under their care.

After a certain stay on board the hospital ship I was aided by a Brother priest, good Father Silone, and, being thus relieved, I was transferred on board the *Illinois*, a large steamer sent from the dock-yard, New-York, on which some eight or nine hundred emigrants from the steamship *Virginia* were located. Having been a vessel in the merchant service she has cabins capable of containing some three or four hundred persons. Those cabins are occupied by the females, children and delicate persons. On my arrival I was certainly struck with astonishment at the order and working harmony of all and everything on board, thanks to the energy, untiring zeal of Capt. Swendson, now in charge of the vessel, and Capt. Prowse, of the *Virginia*. The passengers have received new beds and bedding from New-York; fresh bread provided by both vessels is given out at every meal; butter is also furnished, with good coffee at breakfast; potatoes and fresh meat for dinner, and good bread and coffee or tea, at the option of each, form their evening meal. They are formed into messes of forty, and thus in this human hive everything works like machinery. Between-decks are washed and scrubbed every morning, and after every meal are swept. All are now healthy on board, and full of high spirits and hopes.

LAW REPORTS.

The Patent Laws—Description and Claim in the Application for a Patent—Where Two Patents are Obtained for the Same Improvement, the Last and Not the First is Void—Abandonment and Dedication to the Public—Reissue.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

Isaac Hogden vs. The Suffolk Manufacturing Company.—On the 11th day of December, 1854, the plaintiff applied to the Commissioner of Patents for a patent for a new and useful improvement made by him in cotton-cleaning. The nature of the improvement may be characterized as consisting in certain described changes made in the interior arrangements of an elongated trunk, previously in use for cotton-cleaning.

While the application was still pending, Hogden made, as claimed, another distinct improvement, not in the interior arrangements of the trunk, but of its form. This improvement consisted in increasing toward the end of the trunk, that part of its area above the screen, (which divided it horizontally into two distinct parts,) so that as the air moved through the trunk toward the rear, the space for its passage being enlarged, the air would move gradually slower.

Hogden desired to claim this new improvement in the form of the trunk, both separately and in combination with his other improvements of the trunk, as to which his application was then pending, and accordingly, Nov. 1, 1855, he filed his application for letters patent; and on the 17th day of March, 1857, letters patent (designated in the bill of exceptions as patent A) were issued to him, in the specification whereof he claims the improvement in the form of the trunk, both separately and in combination with his improvements in the interior arrangements of the trunk; but he makes no claim in this specification to his improvements in the interior arrangements of the trunk, because an application for letters patent for those interior arrangements had been pending before the Commissioner since the 11th day of December, as stated.

It did not appear on the trial, nor was it asserted by the defendants, that Hogden was guilty of any laches, or was in any default whatever in reference to the delay of the Commissioner to act on his first application for letters patent for improvements in the interior arrangements of the trunk; but for some cause the Commissioner had not acted on that application, for what the Judge at the trial, at the request of the defendants, ruled to be the same improvements previously applied for; and upon this second application the letters patent (B) were granted, bearing date Dec. 1, 1857, the same declared on in the first count in the declaration, and on which the verdict for the plaintiff was found.

At the trial the defendant requested the Judge to rule that patent B is inoperative and void, because the improvements in the interior arrangements of the trunk, which are described and claimed in patent B, being also described but not claimed in patent A, by the legal operation of patent A, were surrendered to the public use.

The Court (sitting for the District of Massachusetts) refused so to rule, and also refused to rule in respect to damages for the use of the patent, that the price fixed by Hogden in two cases of its use was his general price for using his invention, and the defendants excepted and appealed to this Court.

It was denied, in support of the appeal, that the right to take a subsequent independent patent gives the patentee the right to extend his term of protection unlawfully. The inventor lodged at the Patent Office a model and drawings, and description of a certain apparatus comprising various features, some new and some old. Of two new and patentable features, which he described, he claimed but one. Now, if he may afterward take an independent patent for the other, he virtually protracts his protection beyond the period allowed by law.

The right so to take a subsequent independent patent is incompatible with the statute rights of assignees. The right of the assignee to secure to himself the unclaimed feature is a *continuing* right, coextensive in duration with the original patent which he has bought, and no other man can have a right at any time during that term to appropriate such unclaimed feature to himself. The right to take such subsequent independent patent is in derogation of the right of the public, acquired by the grant of the first patent to practice the invention as there described. And the right to take such subsequent independent patent is excluded by the language of the Act of Congress giving the Commissioner the power to grant original patents. There is no exclusive right to inventions which the Court has jurisdiction to enforce except that which the Acts of Congress confer. These Acts of Congress require the inventor to lodge a model and drawings and descriptions showing his invention and the manner of making, constructing and using it. He must also describe several modes in which he contemplated using it. He must furnish such information as will enable skillful artisans in that department of industry to make and use the invention. Having done this, he must "particularly specify and point out the part, improvement or combination he claims as his own invention or discovery." He is not bound to describe any more than is necessary to make, construct and use the invention. He may take his patent for as little as he pleases, and may describe, model and draw no more than is necessary to make, construct and use that little. But of that which he does describe, he must particularly specify what he claims as new.

The right to take such subsequent independent patent is explicitly denied by the provisions relating to reissues, and makes the law of reissue nugatory.

In respect to the ruling on the question of damages, it was error to give the Jury such instructions as would permit them to find by their verdict as damages under patent B, above the value of all the practical benefits, if any, of using the improvement, as described in the patents therefor, over and above the old machinery for cleaning cotton.

The appellee replied that the defendants were to be confined to the specific question, whether Hayden, by the legal operation of patent A, did surrender to the public use what is claimed and described in patent B.

C. Browne and Caleb Cushing for appellants; B. R. Curtis for appellee. By the Court, Mr. Justice Nelson delivering the opinion:

This is a writ of error to the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Massachusetts, held by the District Judge. The suit is brought upon a patent granted to Hogden, the plaintiff below, on the 1st of December, 1857, for an improvement in long trunks for cleaning cotton, which consists "in covering the bottom, or partitions on the bottom, with a woven screen, which has the scores formed of the warp crossing the weft, or, at the junction of warp and weft, filled with metal or some kind of cement, so as to improve the fibres of cotton, or other materials, being passed over the screen, from catching and hanging in said scores."

On the trial the plaintiff produced and proved the patent, and gave evidence tending to prove an infringement, and rested. The defendants, in the course of their defence, gave in evidence another patent to plaintiff, dated the 17th of March, 1857, for a prior improvement in the long trunk, enlarging one end of the same; and in the specification a description was given of the improvement patented the December following, and on which the present suit is brought, but in which elder patent the improvement was not claimed; and insisted that this description and omission to claim in the earlier patent, operated as an abandonment or dedication of it to the public; and that, for this reason, the subsequent patent of the first of December was void. But the answer to this ground of defence is, it appeared, that Hogden, the patentee, had pending before the Commissioner of Patents, an application for this same improvement at the time he described it in the specification of the 17th March, which was, doubtless, the reason for not claiming it in this patent. The description in no sense affected this application thus pending before the Commissioner; and, while it remained before him, repelled any inference of abandonment or dedication from the omission to again claim it. This original application before the Commissioner, for a patent, among other things, for an improvement in the screen of the long trunk, not having been acted upon by that officer, a new application was made by Hayden, separately, for this improvement, and which resulted in the patent of 1st December, 1857, on which the present suit is brought. We do not perceive any objection to this proceeding. It simplified the application and disembarrassed it from its connection with other improvements claimed; and, doubtless, hastened the granting of the patent. The office, however, subsequently acted upon this original application, and on the 11th September, 1860, granted a patent to the plaintiff, and, as is alleged, for the same improvement embraced in the patent of the 1st December, 1857, the one in question. And it is insisted that, for this reason, this prior patent for the same improvement is void. This is obviously a misapprehension. The last, not the first, is void. We may add, on looking at the patent of the 11th September, 1860, it does not appear that it was granted for the same improvement. It is a patent for a combination of this improvement with other devices. As to the question of damages, it appeared that no sales had been made of the patent-right by the plaintiff, or license for the use of it, so as to establish a patent or license fee as a criterion by which to ascertain the measure of damages; and the Court below permitted the evidence, after objection, as to the uses and advantages of this improvement over the previous methods of cleaning cotton. And an expert testified that the results were a more thorough cleaning of the cotton, the saving of all the good fibres, less damage to the staple, the freeing of the room from dust and the machinery from dust, dirt and sand; the keeping of the machinery in better order, at less cost, and dispensing with the grinder of the cards in consequence of the diminution of the dirt and sand, expelling fine dust and dirt not before got out, less breakage of the yarns, &c. There was also, evidence of the amount of cotton that had been cleaned at the defendant's mills, by the plaintiff's improvement, within the period for which damages were claimed. The Court below, in its charge to the Jury, stated the rule as prescribed by the statute, which is the actual damages that the plaintiff has sustained from the infringement; and, among other things observed: "Then you will look at the value of the thing used, and ascertain that value by all the evidence as to its character, operation and effect. You will take into view the value of that which the defendants have used belonging to the plaintiff, to aid you in forming a judgment of the actual damage the plaintiff sustained." It is supposed by the counsel of the defendants that the Court, in the above instructions, gave a latitude to the Jury in the estimate of damages beyond that of the use or value of the improvements embraced in the patents in question; that they might take into consideration the improvements on the patent of the 17th of March, 1857, for widening one end of the trunk. But it is quite apparent that the Court was speaking all the time with reference to the improvement in the patent in suit, and the only one in contestation. It is also urged that the value of the improvement was not a proper subject for consideration of the Jury in estimating the damages. This may be admitted. But, looking at the term value in the connection in which it is used, it is quite clear that it had reference only to the utility and advantages, or value of the use of the improvement over the old mode of cleaning cotton; not the value of the patent itself. This question of damages, under the rule given in the statute, is always attended with difficulty and embarrassment both to the Court and Jury. There being no established patent or license fee in the case, in order to get at a fair measure of damages, or even an approximation to it general evidence must necessarily be resorted to; and what evidence could be more appropriate and pertinent than that of the utility and advantage of the invention over the old modes or devices that had been used for working out similar results. With a knowledge of these benefits to the persons who have used the invention, and the extent of the use of the infringer, a Jury will be in possession of material and controlling facts that may enable them, in the exercise of a sound judgment, to ascertain the damages—or, in other words, the loss to the patentee or owner by the piracy, instead of the purchase of the use of the invention. It is proper to say, as was said to the Court below, that the Jury, in ascertaining the damages, upon this evidence, is not to estimate them for the whole term of the patent, but only for the period of the infringement. A recovery does not vest the infringer with the right to continue the use, as the consequence of it may be an injunction restraining the defendant from the further use of it.

The judgment of the Court below affirmed.

Railroad Accident—One Company Not Liable for Another's Negligence.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

Before Judge Shipman and a Jury.

W. H. Clymer vs. The Central Railroad of New-Jersey.—This was an action to recover damages occasioned to the plaintiff by a collision on the defendants' railroad.

It appeared that the defendants and the Lehigh Valley Railroad ran their trains in conjunction, and that trains of the latter road coming from the West crossed the Delaware River on to the defendants' track, and were there run upon a side track, when the locomotive conductor and brakemen of the Lehigh Valley Railroad left the cars, which were then taken charge of by the Central Railroad, and with another locomotive and other brakemen brought on East.

On the night of Dec. 16, 1861, the train from the West came in, crossed the bridge and went on the side track, the switchman of the defendants swinging a green light, which signified that there were cars upon the side track. The train went on and ran against the cars, whereby the plaintiff was injured.

The Judge directed the Jury to find for the defendants on the ground that as the train was still in charge of the servants of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, although upon the defendants' track, the defendants were not liable. For plaintiff, Mr. S. S. Cox and Judge Dean; for defendants, Mr. Dimmick.

Contract to Purchase Oats—Agent's Authority.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

Before Judge Shipman and a Jury.

A. J. Denison et al. vs. J. M. Ridley et al.—This was an action to recover the loss on a purchase of 50,000 bushels of oats, alleged to have been purchased by the defendants, but which they refused to receive, denying that they had purchased them. The evidence showed that the purchase was made of the plaintiffs, who were merchants in Chicago, by a broker named Bogue, who testified in the cause that he made the purchase by direction of one Crane, an agent of the defendants, who were merchants in New-York. He testified also to having made several purchases of other parties by the same authority. This suit was one of several which were pending against the defendants by the various sellers.

Witnesses were also called for the plaintiffs to prove corroborating circumstances.

For the defence, Mr. Crane was called and testified that he had never authorized Bogue to buy the oats, and that if he bought them it was on his own account.

The plaintiffs thereupon put in evidence an affidavit made by Crane in January last, in which he had sworn to exactly the contrary state of facts.

Mr. Crane, to explain this, stated that Bogue had, after these transactions, become his agent in some transactions in selling property at the South, in which he had become possessed of about $2,000 of Crane's money, which he had not paid over; that Bogue came to New-York, but, instead of coming to see him, wrote a note to him to come and meet him at an office in Pine-street, which proved to be the office of the attorneys of plaintiff in one of the other suits; that he went there, and, meeting Bogue there, found that he could not get his money without swearing to this affidavit which was drawn for him, and as he was in straits for the money, he made the affidavit; but he stated that his testimony was the truth of the transaction, and not the affidavit.

The attorney was called to show that Crane was under no compulsion when he made the affidavit.

The Judge left it to the Jury to say whose testimony they would believe, the man who made the affidavit or the one who had used such means to procure it.

The Jury were unable to agree, and were discharged.

For plaintiffs, Mr. Runkle. For defendants, Mr. Dimmick and Mr. Bidwell.

United States Commissioners' Office.

Before Commissioner Betts.

Thomas Loftus *alias* Boyle was before the Commissioner yesterday, charged with defrauding the United States Government by means of false papers.

Detective Simpson testified that when the prisoner was arrested he stated that being on a spree, he took from his uncle, in Philadelphia, a registered bond of 1861 for $1,000, on which he got from William Hastings (Dublin Tricks) $950, forging a power of attorney in his uncle's name; he subsequently got from his uncle $4,500 in bonds, of which he deposited $1,500 with a man of the name of Lanier, and $2,000 with Hastings. One bond for $1,000 passed through its regular course, and a new bond was issued on it.

The examination was adjourned till Monday.

Ernest Sureau Lamirande, who is charged with having fled from justice in France, having, as is alleged, been guilty of embezzlement at Poitiers, in that country, was up before the Commissioner yesterday under the Extradition Treaty. The prisoner had been in the hands of the Sheriff, and was handed over to Deputy United States Marshal A. P. Green. The examination in the case is ordered for next Wednesday, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Before Commissioner Newton.

It is expected that Carl Noelte will be produced before the Commissioner to-day, at 12 o'clock.

The Trial of the Jumel Will Case Postponed to Next October.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—MAY 18.

Before Justice Barnard.

Nelson Chase et al. vs. John Howard Smith, et al.—A motion was made in this case last week by the counsel for the defendants to have the trial postponed till next Autumn, on the ground that necessary and material testimony could not be obtained in time to try it during the present term. The motion was argued at length by counsel on either side, and the Court took time to consider. Yesterday a decision was rendered, granting the motion to postpone. The trial is to commence on the first Monday of October next, according to the following decision of Justice Barnard:

I do not think the application of the defendants an unreasonable one. The defendants swear that in their judgment they will be able (if a postponement is had) to obtain testimony that will defeat the plaintiff's claim to the property. I cannot see what injury can be done to the plaintiffs or their interest by a delay of a few months. They are in possession of the property, and cannot be evicted under any process before the validity of the will is established. With a view of accommodating both parties to this suit, and in order that there shall be no further delay, I shall postpone the case until the first Monday of October next, and I hereby direct that the case shall be placed upon the calendar for that day with a preference for trial, without any further postponement or delay.

Decisions.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—MAY 18.

By Justice Jones.

Catharine Mooney *vs.* Daniel Curtin; complaint dismissed with costs, and $10 costs of this motion. Louis Konitzky *vs.* Henry J. Meyers; motion granted and commission issued. Ann Norris *vs.* Thomas D. Norris; motion to vacate order, adjudging defendant guilty of contempt; granted without costs. Jesse A. Crandall et al. *vs.* Daniel T. Washburne; order and findings, &c., on file in the Clerk's office.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—MAY 18.

By Justice Sutherland.

John H. Hart *vs.* Andrew A. Brown; finding of fact, &c., and form of judgment settled.

By Justice Barnard.

Alexander E. Hosack *vs.* Samuel H. Bokenbauch; decree granted. Nelson Chase *et al. vs.* John Howard Smith *et al.*; motion granted and case postponed until the first Monday of October; case to be placed on the calendar for that day, with a preference for trial without any further postponement or delay; order to be settled on two days' notice. Solomon Levi *vs.* Rachel Levi; report of Referee confirmed and judgment of divorce granted. Mary Sternberg *vs.* Cæsar Sternberg; report of Referee confirmed, and judgment of divorce granted. Daniel J. Craik *vs.* Jeremiah J. Austin; motion granted. George G. M. Klum *et al. vs.* Wm. Marsh; orders settled. Same decisions in cases of Thomas R. Ludlorn *vs.* George Knox, and John B. Marie *vs.* Chas. A. Wright *et al.*

Court of Oyer and Terminer.

Before Judge Ingraham.

Dr. Henry Otto Claus, for manslaughter in the fourth degree, was sentenced to the State Prison for two years.

John O'Brien, for manslaughter, was sentenced to the State Prison for three years.

Court of General Sessions.

Before Judge Russel.

SENTENCE DAY.

Yesterday the cases remanded for sentence came up for disposal, the following being the result:

Peter O'Neil, for manslaughter in the fourth degree, judgment suspended and prisoner discharged.

Thomas Golden, for robbery in the first degree, sentenced to the State Prison for ten years.

George Johnson and John Saunders, for attempt to commit burglary in the third degree, judgment suspended and prisoners discharged.

Robert Smith, attempt to commit burglary in the third degree, sentenced to the State Prison for two years and six months.

Joseph Mais, Jr., attempt at burglary in the third degree, sentenced to the Penitentiary for one year.

Charles Heiland, attempt at burglary in the third degree, sentenced to the Penitentiary for one year.

James Collyer, for forgery in the fourth degree, judgment suspended and prisoner discharged.

Nettie Brown and Lizzie Roberts, for attempt at grand larceny, sentenced to the City Prison for thirty days each.

George Harrison, for petit larceny from the person, sentenced to the State Prison for four years.

Anson Spencer, for petit larceny from the person, sentenced to the Penitentiary for two years.

Charles Pfirrman, for assault, judgment suspended and prisoner discharged.

TRIALS.

Annie Smith, indicted for grand larceny from the person, was tried and convicted. Annie is a rather prepossessing looking lady of twenty-five years, and is very accomplished at her business, as the facts in this case disclosed. She is a full graduate of both the lower and higher institutions of public correction, having served one term of a year in the Penitentiary and two years in the State Prison. On the 10th of May Mrs. Ann Eliza Monk, of No. 200 Orchard-street, was walking down Broadway with a lady friend, and when near Eighth-street she was pushed against by Annie, and was providentially led to look downwards at the instant that the expert Annie was withdrawing her hand from her (Mrs. Monk's) pocket, with all the money that had been in her leather pocket-book between her fingers. A policeman was called and Annie taken into custody. She had in the instant at which she was operating not only got hold of the money, but had first released it from the pocket-book before bringing it to the mouth of the pocket, where her hand was caught. Judge Russel reminded her of her past experience, and sentenced her to the State Prison for five years, the announcement of which fact was received by her with the grateful expression, "Much obliged to you."

Peter Hanley, indicted for felonious assault and battery, was charged with having fired a horse pistol at the Harbor Police while passing one of the piers in a boat. Capt. Hart, who was present to instruct the Assistant District-Attorney in the case, broke down in what he attempted to prove, both in regard to the firing of a pistol, and the character of the prisoner, and the result was an acquittal.

Francis McCormick pleaded guilty to an attempt at burglary in the third degree, having on the night of the 24th of April, entered the room of John McCloskey, No. 240 East Tenth-street, by breaking open the window, and attempted to carry away two sewing-machines and a lot of tools, all of the value of $500. Mr. McCloskey caught the prisoner in the act, and he got away from him again, retiring as he came, by the window. The prisoner's counsel and twelve witnesses disappointed him when he was ready for trial. He readily, however, accepted the suggestion to plead an attempt. It was mentioned that immediately before the going into Mr. McCloskey's room, he had furnished his father, without solicitation on the father's part, with two "black eyes." He was remanded till next Friday for sentence.

Gunning S. Bedford, Jr., Assistant District-Attorney, for the People.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—May 18, 1866.

$10,000	U. S. 6s, '81 R.	110	20	Amer. Coal Co.	68
1,000	U. S. 6s, '81 C.	107¾	400	Wyom. Val. Co.	55
1,500	U. S. 6s, 5-20s, R. '62	101¾	1000	Cary Improve't	4
220,000	U.S. 5-20s, C. '62	101½	50	Spring M. Coal	45½
28,000	U.S. 5-20s, C. '65	102¾	300	West. U. Tel.	62
5,000	U. S. 5s, '71 C.	100	100	do.	61¾
5,000	U.S. 6s 5-20s C. '64	101	100	do.	61
25,000	do.	102¼	100	do. ... 2d call	61¾
5,000	U. S. 5s, '74 C. In.	96½	200	do.	61¾
31,000	U. S. 5s, 1 yr. C. New Issue	100¼	200	Quicksilver	54
2,000	Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s. First Ser.	102¾	100	do.	54½
500	do. ... Small	102	100	do. ... 2d call	54½
1,000	do. ... 2d Ser.	102¼	100	do.	54
[illegible]	do. ... Third Ser.	[illegible]	200	Mil. & St. P. Pr.	71
[illegible]	Tenn. State 6s	[illegible]	[illegible]	Mar. Pref.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Virginia 6s	[illegible]	[illegible]	Boston Water P.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Missouri 6s	[illegible]	[illegible]	do. ... b60	[illegible]
[illegible]	Mo. 6s, Pacific R.	79	[illegible]	New-York Cen.	[illegible]
2,000	N. Y. State Bounty Loan	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do.	102¾	[illegible]	Erie R.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do. ... 2d call	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
[illegible]	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do. ... 2d call	[illegible]
150,000	O. & M. Cer.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Hud. R. R.	111
20,000	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
2,000	Ohio & M. Cer. P.	77	3700	Reading R.	107¾
7,000	O. & M. 1st.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
1,000	Erie 3d M.	[illegible]	1600	Mich. S. & N. I.	[illegible]
2,000	Goshen B. Bs.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do. ... b15	[illegible]
[illegible]	Chi. & N. W. Sk. F.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do. ... 2d call	[illegible]
1,000	C. & Tol. S. F. B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
4,000	Ill. Cen. Bs.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Ill. Cen. R.	[illegible]
5,000	Chi. & Al. In. B.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
10,000	Al. & T. H. 2d Pr.	[illegible]	2000	Clev. & Pitts.	[illegible]
150	Bk. of Commerce	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
10	Ocean Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chi. & N. W.	[illegible]
10	Continental Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chi. & N. W. P.	[illegible]
20	Park Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
7	Cen. N. Bank	[illegible]	500	Clev. & Tol.	[illegible]
30	Fourth Nat. Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]	do. ... 2d call	[illegible]
200	Canton Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	Chic. & R. I.	[illegible]
100	do.	61¾	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
45	Cum. Coal P.	[illegible]	100	P., F. W. & C.	[illegible]
100	do.	[illegible]	[illegible]	do.	[illegible]
100	do.	47¾	200	do. ... s30	[illegible]
300	do.	47¾	200	Chic. & Gr. R. R.	44
100	do. ... b30	47¾	200	Mar. & Cin. 1st Pr.	40
100	Chi. B. & Q.	118			

1 O'CLOCK BOARD.

$10,000	U.S. 6s 5-20s C. '62	102¾	300	N. Y. Cen.	94¾
1,500	T. Notes, 7 3-10s. First Ser.	102¾	1200	Mich. S. & N. I. ... b10	80
1,450	do. ... Small	102¾	300	Erie R.	74¾
10,000	O. & M. Cer.	28¾	2000	Reading R.	107¾
200	Western U. Tel.	62¾	200	Clev. & Pitts.	88½
5	do.	61	100	do.	88
100	Canton Co.	61¾	100	Tol., Wab. & W.	38

2½ O'CLOCK BOARD.

$25,000	U. S. 6s, '81 Cou.	109	300	Erie R.	74¾
28,000	U.S. 6s 5-20s C. '65	102	200	do.	74¾
27,500	Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s. Sec. Ser.	102¾	400	Hud. R. R.	111
5,000	Tenn. 6s	90¾	200	do.	111¾
75,000	O. & M. Cer.	28¾	200	do.	111¾
2,000	Goshen B. Bs.	93	100	do.	111¾
50	Bank of Commerce	110	10	Reading R.	108
100	Cumb. Coal P.	47	300	do.	107¾
100	do.	46¾	100	Mich. S. & N. I.	79¾
100	do.	47	100	do.	80
100	do.	47	200	Ill. Cen. R.	117¾
100	Quick. Min. Co.	54¾	100	do. ... s30	118
200	do.	54¾	1000	Clev. & Pitts.	88½
100	West. U. Teleg'h	61¾	100	Chi. & N. W.	29¾
100	do.	61¾	200	do. ... s10	29½
200	do.	61¾	100	do. ... 2d call	29½
200	do.	61	100	C. & N. W. P.	59¾
200	do.	61¾	100	Alt. & T. H.	36¾
100	Mar. Min. Pf.	22	100	do.	36
200	Canton Co.	61¾	600	Clev. & Tol.	104¾
500	Boston W. P. ... s10	26	100	do.	105
100	New-York Cen.	94¾	400	Mil. & St. P. Pr.	71
200	Morris & Essex	85			

OPEN BOARD—9½ A. M.

$10,000	O. & M. Cer.	28¾	2200	Erie R.	74¾
10,000	do. ... s3	28¾	3100	do. ... s3	74¾
100	Canton Co.	61¾	100	do. ... b10	74¾
100	do. ... b3	61¾	100	do. ... b30	74¾
100	Cum. Coal	47¾	300	do. ... b3	74¾
300	do. ... b3	47¾	400	M. So. & N. I.	80
100	do. ... b3	47¾	100	do. ... b3	80
800	do. ... b3	47¾	100	do.	79¾
100	do.	47¾	1200	Clev. & Pitts.	88
100	do. ... b3	47¾	2800	do.	88
1200	Spruce Hill C.	5	200	do. ... b3	88½
300	Quick. Min.	53¾	400	do. ... b10	88½
100	do. ... b30	54¾	600	Clev. & Tol.	104¾
400	Mariposa Pref.	21¾	100	Chi. & R. I. x-d. b10	94¾
100	West. U. Tel.	61¾	100	do.	94½
100	do. ... b30	62¾	200	Chi. & N. W.	29¾
800	N. Y. Central	94¾	200	do. ... c	29¾
200	do. ... c	94¾	200	Chic. & N. W. P.	59¾
100	do.	94¾	400	do.	59¾
200	Hud. R. R.	110¾	100	do. ... s30	59¾
100	do.	110¾	200	Mil. & St. P. Pr.	71
400	Reading R.	107¾	300	do.	70
200	P., Ft. W. & C.	98¾			

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

$10,000	O. & M. C. ... b3	28¾	300	Hud. Riv. R.	111¾
300	Canton Co.	61¾	800	Reading R.	107¾
100	do.	61¾	100	do. ... s3	107¾
100	Cum. Coal ... b10	47¾	100	M. S. & N. I.	79¾
200	do. ... s3	47¾	500	do.	79¾
100	do.	47¾	100	do. ... s3	79¾
300	Spruce H. C.	5	200	do. ... s3	79¾
300	Quicksilver	54¾	300	do.	79¾
100	do. ... b30	54¾	2200	Clev. & Pitts.	88
100	do.	54¾	1500	do.	88
100	Mariposa Pr.	21¾	100	do. ... b3	88
400	do.	22	1800	do. ... s3	88
200	do. ... b3	21¾	300	do.	88
300	Smith & P. Gold. b30	[illegible]	500	Chic. & R. Is. x-d. s3	93¾
400	West. U. Tel.	61¾	100	do.	93¾
300	do.	61¾	800	Chi. & N. W.	29¾
100	do.	61¾	100	do.	29¾
100	N. Y. Cen. R. ... bnw	94¾	300	Chi. & N. W. P.	59¾
100	do.	94¾	100	do. ... b3	59¾
100	do. ... b3	94¾	200	do.	59¾
300	Erie Railroad ... b3	74¾	800	P. F. W. & C. ... b3	98¾
400	do. ... c	74¾	100	do. ... s3	98¾
800	do.	74¾	200	do.	98¾

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

$10,000	Ohio & Miss. C.	28¾	800	M. S. & N. I. R. ... s3	79¾
10,000	do.	28¾	100	do.	79¾
500	Canton Co.	61¾	1800	do.	79¾
100	do.	61¾	100	do.	79¾
100	do.	61¾	200	Clev. & Tol. R.	105¾
200	Cum. Coal	47¾	500	do.	105¾
100	do. ... b10	47¾	100	do.	105¾
100	do. ... s3	47¾	800	do.	105¾
400	Quick. Min. Co.	54¾	600	do. ... s3	105¾
100	do. ... s80	54	300	Chi. & R. I. ... x-d	93¾
200	do. ... b5	54¾	100	do. ... s3	93¾
200	do. ... s3	54¾	100	do. ... b16	93¾
400	Mar. Min. Co. P.	22¾	300	Chic. & N. W.	29¾
200	do. ... b3	22¾	500	do. ... b3	29¾
200	do. ... s3	22¾	400	do.	29¾
400	West. U. Tel.	61¾	300	do.	29¾
100	do. ... b3	61¾	300	do. ... b30	29¾
200	do. ... s3	61¾	200	do. ... s3	29¾
100	do. ... s10	61	200	do. ... b5	29¾
400	do.	61¾	200	Chic. & N. W. P. ... b3	59¾
400	Reading R.	107¾	400	do.	59¾
800	N. Y. Cen.	94¾	300	do. ... b3	59¾
500	do. ... s3	94¾	300	do.	59¾
200	do. ... s4	94¾	100	do. ... b5	59¾
800	Erie R.	74¾	100	do. ... s30	59¾
1100	do. ... s3	74¾	200	do. ... b10	59¾
400	do. ... b3	74¾	500	do.	59¾
100	Hudson R. x-d. b3	111¾	600	do. ... s3	59¾
100	do.	111¾	100	P., F. W. & C. ... b3	98¾
100	do. ... b10	111¾	230	do.	98¾
500	Clev. & Pitts. ... b3	88¾	100	do. ... s3	98¾

Friday, May 18—P. M.

Eight million of dollars in Gold will have left this port for Europe, the present week, with the sailing of the various steamers to-morrow. The engagements for these steamers foot up this afternoon about $4,500,000. The shipments on Wednesday last were $3,500,000. The price of Gold has scarcely varied 1 ℔ cent. since this day week. It leaves off this afternoon 129¾@130 ℔ cent. The Treasury has not been a seller since day before yesterday, and then at 130¼@130½ ℔ cent. The present export movement is the first decided response to the financial trouble in London and on the Continent. It is most promptly made and with entire ease to the country and the Money market; to the convenience of the Associated Banks and U. S. Treasury that furnish the Gold, and to the credit of our Merchants and Bankers engaged in the Foreign Trade and Exchanges, who lose the least possible time in relieving the financial pressure and exigencies incident to the threatened War on the other side of the Atlantic. The same thing was done in the Summer of 1859, and if a much larger scale of export of the precious metal should be required now, the Treasury of the United States has wherewith to supply the demand from its ample Customs revenue now lying idle, in actual Coin, in its vaults. The Gold certainly could not be put to a more timely or creditable use, at present, than to the relief of the Money Markets of the Old World, with which we are in daily and intimate commercial intercourse.

The Foreign Exchanges close steady for the mails of Saturday at full rates. Some of the leading drawers were kept so busily employed in drawing on London and Paris that they were compelled to decline further orders late in the day. But this was not generally the case, and the rates were no higher than yesterday. On London the three days' sight quotation was 110¾@110⅞, in place of 110⅝, as reported last night. The Gold Room was dull at 129¾@130 ℔ cent., and the Money market easy at 4@5 ℔ cent. to the Brokers. The next Foreign advices are looked for with much interest. Should the political and financial situation be reported worse than by the *Java*, the probability is that further heavy shipments of Gold will be made next week, though not until Saturday, as the Cunarder will go from Boston in the middle of the week. On the other hand, should even a partial improvement be shown, there will be less eagerness of demand for Gold, and a steadier feeling in the Foreign Exchanges. The prompt and very heavy remittances made this week are in view of the worst contingencies of War and financial pressure.

There is much steadiness of confidence and a good measure of activity on the Stock Exchange to-day. The United States 5-20s of 1862 are ⅛@¼ ℔ cent. better than yesterday, and all other classes of Gold-bearing and funding securities of the Government firm in prices and in good request. On the Railway list the shares of the Erie, Central and Reading Roads maintain the advance of the last day or two; Hudson River is 2 ⅌ cent. higher, and the Western Roads are nearly all ½@1 ⅌ cent. up from Friday's sales. The Miscellaneous speculatives are firm on Western Telegraph; Canton Land Company and Quicksilver; Cumberland partially off in price, but active in movement, and Ohio and Mississippi Certificates in large demand. At 5 o'clock the following general quotations were made. The last sales of Gold were at 130⅛ ⅌ cent., $1,500,000, supposed for Treasury account, and more offered at the price:

	Thur.	Fri.		Thur.	Fri.
U. S. 10-40s	96⅛	96⅛	Northwest	28¾	29½
U. S. 5-20s	102	102	N. West Pref	58⅝	59⅝
U. S. 7-30s	102¾	102¼	Rock Island	94	93⅞
N. Y. Central	94¾	94⅞	Fort Wayne	99	98⅞
Erie	74⅝	74⅞	Cumb'land Coal	47⅞	47⅞
Hudson	110½	111⅜	Quicksilver	55½	54⅞
Reading	107⅞	107⅞	Mariposa	11⅞	12⅛
Mich. Southern	80	79⅞	Mariposa Pref	21	22⅛
Illinois Central	120⅛	120⅛	Canton	62	61⅝
Pittsburgh	84⅜	85⅞	Ohio Certificates	28¼	28⅞
Tennessee 6s	90⅞	[illegible]	American Gold	129⅞	130
Pacific Mail	224	224	Bills on London	109⅝	109⅝
Missouri 6s	75	75			

The following bids were made for the City Bank Shares:

New-York	118	Pacific	165
Manhattan	132	Bank of the Republic	110
Merchants'	115	Bank of N. America	109
Mechanics'	115	Hanover	110
Union	114	Irving	111
America	139	Metropolitan	122
City	140	People's	118
Phœnix	105½	Market	112
Tradesmen's	135	Shoe and Leather	108
Greenwich	130	Corn Exchange	115
Butchers' & Drovers'	126	Continental	98
National	105	St. Nicholas	100
Merchants' Exchange	115	Commonwealth	100
Seventh Ward	106	Atlantic	102
State of New York	105	Park	150
Commerce	110	Manufac. & Merch'ts	105
Mechanics' Bkg. Ass.	104	Central National	107
Broadway	225	First National	205
Ocean	99	Fourth National	103¾
American Exchange	118½	Ninth National	110

And the following for the Railway mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6's 1883	92	Chi. & N. W. 1st M.	98
N. Y. Cen. 7s, con., '76	102	Chi. & N. W. 2d M.	78
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1876	103	Han. & St. Jo. Land G.	90
Erie 1st mort., 1876	99⅞	Del. L. & W. 1st M.	100
Erie 7s, 2d mort., 1879	99	Del. L. & W. 2d M.	100
Erie 7s, 3d mort., 1883	97⅞	Tol. & Wab. 1st M.	90⅞
Erie 7s, 4th mort., 1880	93	Tol. & Wab. 1st M., ex.	90
Erie 7s, 5th mort., 1888	94⅞	Tol. & Wab. 2d M.	75
Buff., N. Y. & E. 1st M. '77	98	Tol. & Wab. Equip Bds	65
Hud. R. 7s, 1st M., '69	102½	Gal. & Chic. Ext.	97
Hud. R. 7s, 2ds. S. F. '85	103	Chic. & R. I. 1st M.	100
Hud. R. 7s, 3d M. '75	93	Cleve. & Tol. S. Fund	99
Hud. R. 7s, conv., '67	95	N. J. Central 1st M.	100
Harlem 1st M. '69-'72	97	N. J. Central 2d M.	100
Harlem 3d mort., '68	94	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 1st M.	102½
Mich. C. nw. 1st M, 8s, '82	108	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 2d	94
Chi., B. & Q. 8 ⅌ c. 1st M.	112	Pitts., Ft. W. & Ch. 3d M.	84
Mich. So. 7 ⅌ c. 2d M.	87	Cleve. & P. 4th mort.	78
N. Ind. Goshen L., 1868	96	Chic. & Alton S. F.	95⅞
Mich. S. & N. I. S. F. 7 ⅌ c.	94	Chic. & Al. 1st M.	95
Pacific R. R. 7s, g. Mo.	75	Chi. & Alt. Income	86
Ill. Cen. 7 ⅌ c. 1875	102	Ohio & Miss. 1st M.	87
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	91	Peninsula R. R. Bds.	73
Alton & T. H. 2d M. pf.	80	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M.	88
Alton & T. H. 2d M. in.	74	Mil. & St. Paul 2d M.	72
Chi. & N. W. S. F.	91	Joliet & Chic. 1st mort.	99
Chi. & N. W. Int. Bds.	81	McGregor Wes. 1st M.	60
Chi. & N. W. Ex. B.	76		

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States, New-York, was as follows: Receipts, $4,996,796 81; including for Customs, $378,000; Gold notes, $443,000. Payments, $3,693,795 87. Balance, $103,555,384 59.

The Coal tonnage over the Reading Road this week reaches the large figure of 92,000 tons, and that of the Schuylkill Canal 34,000 tons. So active a trade has never before been known in the month of May.

The week's imports at this port for Foreign Dry Goods have been to the value of $1,892,218. The following is the summary for the week:

	CONSUMPTION DIRECT.		WAREHOUSED.		WITHDRAWN.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Man. of Wool..	850	$321,050	539	$225,939	868	$378,900
Man. of Cotton.	576	210,651	189	71,836	579	181,439
Man. of Silk...	260	325,817	185	191,206	197	187,926
Man. of Flax...	851	240,669	725	192,449	444	111,871
Miscellaneous..	219	72,764	528	26,811	3,239	33,014
Total.....	2,726	$1,183,977	2,166	$708,241	5,312	$894,150
		708,241				1,183,977
Total entered.....		$1,892,218	Total marketed..			$2,078,127

Attention is invited to the card of the Importers' and Traders' National Bank, announcing the organization of a special collection department, to facilitate and cheapen collections on all points of the United States and Canada.

The following is a statement of the approximate earnings of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company during the month of April, compared with the same period last year:

From	1866.	1865.	Decrease.
Freights	$360,497 59	$432,559 62	$72,062 03
Passengers	219,335 03	270,294 42	50,959 39
Express matter	9,050 50	13,071 06	4,020 56
Mails	7,825 00	7,825 00	
Rent of railway	7,083 33	7,803 33	......
Miscellaneous	2,286 36	3,032 77	746 41
Total	$606,077 81	$733,866 20	$127,788 39
Earnings fr'm Jan. 1 to April 30	$2,290,692 63	$2,960,098 12	$669,405 49
Same period 1864	$1,947,268 51		
Increase	$343,426 12		
Earnings in April, 1864			$588,066 00
Increase in April, 1866			$18,011 81

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

HOWES & MACY, BANKERS,
(Formerly officers of the Park Bank,)
30 Wall Street, N. Y.
FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

The business of this house is the same as an Incorporated Bank.

Persons keeping accounts may deposit and draw as they please, the same as with the City Banks, and will be allowed interest on their daily balances at 4 per cent.

Collections made on any part of the United States or Canada.

Orders for the purchase or sale of the various issues of Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed for the usual commission.

IMPORTERS' AND TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK.
CAPITAL.............$1,500,000
Banks, Bankers' and Dealers' accounts solicited. For the accommodation of the Mercantile public, the officers of this institution have organized a special
COLLECTION DEPARTMENT,
which, it is believed, supplies a want not hitherto adequately met by Banks or Brokers. Returns are obtained in the quickest time, and at the lowest rates possible, upon accessible places in the United States and the Canadas. The proceeds, as soon as received, are credited, and notice sent at once of amount of proceeds so credited, to the parties for whom the collections are made. When notes are returned under protest, notice is at once sent to owner of the fact, thus saving the necessity of calling one or more times to inquire whether or not a note has been paid.
JAMES BUELL, President.
E. H. PERKINS, Jr., Cashier.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, May 18, 1866.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been 10 bbls. Ashes, 10,912 bbls. Flour, 1,624 bbls. and 1,100 bags Corn Meal, 15,200 bushels Corn, 40,285 bushels Oats, 149 bbls. Pork, 378 pkgs. Cut Meats, 112 pkgs. Lard, and 58 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Continue in demand, at $7 25@$7 50 for Pots, and $14@$14 25 for Pearls, ⅌ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—Is inactive at former prices.

CANDLES—Are in moderate request at steady rates.

COFFEE—Is rather more inquired for, and is quoted firm. We quote: Java at 25½c.@26c., Native Ceylon at 21c.@23c., Maracaibo at 19c.@22c., Laguayra at 18½c.@20c., Rio at 15½c.@20½c., and St. Domingo at 17¼c.@17½c., cash, in gold, ⅌ lb. Sales 650 bags.

COTTON—Is in good demand and held with more firmness. Middlings are quoted at from 35c.@38c., chiefly within this range, ⅌ lb. Sales since our last 4,000 bales, against receipts of 356 bales.

Movements in Cotton at this Port.

	Bales.
Receipts thus far this week	3,263
Receipts since May 1, 1866	13,806
Receipts since Jan. 1, 1866	295,424
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1865	743,873
Exports since Sept. 1, 1865	448,900
Estimated stock now here	159,000

DRY GOODS.—The Dry Goods Exchange Report to-day has been as follows: *Jobbers' Prices:* Brown Sheetings—Atlantic A, 21c.; Atlantic G, 16c.; Boott H, 16c. Bleached Shirtings—Wamsutta, 37½c.; Anthony Manufacturing Co., 25c.; Palermo, 19c. Hoop Skirts—S. T. & A. T. Myers' I X L, 1¼ inch tapes, 20 to 40 hoops, 46c. to 70c.; 1¼ inch tapes, 20 to 40 hoops, 60c. to $1 10; Thomson's Boulevard Trail, $1 to $1 20; Thomson's Woven Train, 65c. Prints—Cocheco, 19c.; American, 17c.; Allen, 16c.; Empire, 11c. Delaines—Pacific, 22½c.; Manchester, 22½c. Ginghams—Glasgow, 22½c.; Hartford, 21½c. Cambrics—Manville, 13c.; Portland, 10½c. Brown Drills—Amoskeag, 24c.; Stark H, 18c.; Corset Jeans—Naumkeag, 21½c.; Naumkeag Satteen, 26c. Shirts—J W L Standard Dress, No. 210, $30; J W L Standard Dress, No. 450, $40.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in more demand, but at easier and irregular prices. Sales since our last, 10,850 bbls., including common to choice Superfine State and Western at $7 20@$8; very poor to choice Extra State at $8@$9 50, chiefly at $8 10@$8 60; round-hoop Extra Ohio, poor to good shipping brands at $9 10@$9 70 ⅌ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western	$7 20	@$8 00
Extra State	8 00	@ 9 50
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	8 25	@13 50
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	9 10	@ 9 70
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	9 80	@14 00
Extra Genesee	9 50	@13 75
Poor to very choice extra Missouri	10 75	@17 00

Southern Flour is dull and heavy. Sales since our last, 585 bbls., in lots, at $10 35@$11 85 for poor to good, and $11 90@$17 for good to very choice extra brands, ⅌ bbl. Canadian Flour is lower. Sales 300 bbls. Extra at $8 60@$14 ⅌ bbl. Rye Flour is dull to-day, including Superfine at $6@$7 ⅌ bbl; sales 300 bbls. Corn Meal is in fair demand at $3 85@$4 for Western, $4 for Jersey, $4 25 for Marsh's Caloric, and $4 30@$4 35 for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl. Sales, 500 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in limited demand, chiefly for milling purposes, at reduced prices, closing quite heavily. Sales since our last 31,000 bushels, including Milwaukee Club at $1 90@$2, and Chicago Spring at $1 76@$1 92 ⅌ bushel. Corn has been in fair request, but at declining prices. Sales since our last 57,500 bushels at 75c.@78c. for unsound, and 78c.@82½c., in store and delivered, for sound new and old mixed Western, ⅌ bushel. Oats continue in fair request, including State, at 63c.@64c.; Jersey and Pennsylvania at 57c.@59c.; old Western at 58c.@61c. in store and delivered; new Western at 48c.@52c. ⅌ bush; sales 38,000 bushels. Rye, Barley and Barly Malt are quite nominal. The movements in Breadstuffs in Milwaukee, week ending with May 15, Messrs. GEO. I. JONES & Co. review thus: "Flour early in the week advanced nearly $1 ⅌ bbl. on Spring Wheat grades, but has since declined, and closes nominal and unsettled. Freight to New-York, by propeller and rail, 80c. ⅌ bbl.; to Boston and Portland, by propeller and rail, 95c.; to Baltimore and Philadelphia, all rail, $1 10. Receipts for week, 10,947 barrels. Shipments for week, 14,750 bbls. The excitement in the Wheat market during the past week has been by far the greatest of the season. On the morning following the date of our last Weekly Circular, advices were received stating that the Winter Wheat crop in Indiana, Ohio, Illinois and Michigan would be almost an entire failure, and the demand for the coming year from the whole country would have to be principally supplied by Spring Wheat from this section. This induced such an active speculative demand that No. 1 Spring rapidly advanced to $1 95 ⅌ bushel. The next day prices further improved three cents, some sales of the grade just mentioned, for immediate delivery, being made at the extreme figure of $1 98; but this price was only maintained for a very short time, and since then the market has been subject to violent fluctuations, and No. 1 Spring has sold as low as $1 72. Prices are still very unsettled and sensitive, and are varying every hour according to the different influences operating upon the market. Opinions differ greatly, and while many contend that $2, and even $2 25, will be reached before the new crop begins to come in, there are others who strongly assert that the prices now ruling are altogether too high, and must decline materially. The majority seem to believe that prices must necessarily rule high, and, acting on this belief, have bought freely. The demand for shipment has been moderate, and the receipts having been liberal the stock has somewhat increased. The shipments have been mostly to supply milling points, and as yet very little has been consigned through to New-York. The arrivals during the coming fortnight, it is thought, will be pretty heavy, and this, in connection with the increasing closeness in money matters, is inducing operators for a decline, and receivers, to sell for future delivery at less rates than those current for lots on the spot. Freights have ruled firm, and we quote at 9½c. on Wheat to Buffalo, 9c.@9½c. to Toledo and Cleveland, and 15c. to Oswego. The weather during the week has continued favorable in this section, and though the Spring Wheat has been sown later than usual, and is therefore more uncertain than when put in earlier, we hear of no serious apprehensions in regard to the crop. The stock of wheat in store is estimated at 450,000 to 500,000 bushels. The receipts of Wheat for past week sum up 482,700 bus. against 74,959 bushels for the same time last year. Shipments for week, 26,747 bushels by rail, and 417,501 bushels by lake, as follows: 69,129 bushels to Oswego, 211,297 to Buffalo, 17,000 to Ogdensburgh, 35,000 to Cleveland, 62,775 to Port Colborne, 11,100 to St. Catherines, 10,750 to Sandusky, and 450 to other ports. We quote No. 1 Spring Wheat, in store, subject to 2c. ⅌ bushel storage, at $1 73. No. 2 at $1 60. For delivery at seller's option this month No. 1 closes at $1 71½. For June delivery we quote at $1 70. Oats have advanced about 1c. ⅌ bushel during the week. We quote No. 1, in store, subject to 2c. storage, at 37½c., No. 2 at 33c. Receipts for week, 55,304 bushels. Rye is scarce, and has advanced about 9c. ⅌ bushel, closing with buyers at 78½c. for No. 1. Receipts for week, 7,985 bushels."

HAY—North River bale is in demand, and held firmly at 65c.@95c. for poor to choice, ⅌ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Continue in request and firm, including last year's crop, at 15c.@65c., and two years' old at 8c.@30c. ⅌ lb. The week's business Mr. E. WELLS notices thus: "The general tone of the Hop market has rather improved than otherwise, the export demand exceeding any previous week during the season; these shipments, however, being of the growth of 1863 and older, seem to have exerted no material influence upon the market other than a reduction of the general stock. The consumptive demand has been supplied wholly by foreign Hops, the receipts of which during the past few days have been unusually large. Imports of the past two weeks, 719 bales; exports this week, 1,000 bales to London." The following are the closing quotations: 1864's, inferior American, 8c.@15c.; 1864's, prime American, 20c.@30c.; 1865's, inferior American, 15c.@45c.; 1865's, prime American, 55c.@65c.; English, 50c.@55c.; Belgian, 60c.@65c.; Bavarian, 70c.@75c., ⅌ lb.

LATHS—Eastern are inquired for at $4 ⅌ thousand.

LUMBER—Is in demand and quoted steady.

MOLASSES—Continues quiet, yet steady, including New-Orleans, at 85c.@$1 10; Porto Rico at 60c.@75c.; Cuba at 38c.@62½c. ⅌ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Are in limited demand, including Spirits of Turpentine, at 95c.@98c. ⅌ gallon; Crude do. at $5@$5 25; Resin at $3 62½@$11 50 ⅌ 280 lbs.; Tar at $2@$2 75 ⅌ bbl.

OILS—Continue in demand at buoyant prices, including Crude Whale, at $1 10@$1 15; Bleached Whale at $1 20@$1 25; Crude Sperm at $2 25; Unbleached do. at $2 50; Lard Oil at $1 85@$2; Red Oil at 82c.@85c.; Linseed Oil at $1 55@$1 60 ⅌ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Is inactive and depressed, at 26½c.@27½c. for Crude, 42c.@43c. for Refined, in bond, and 59c.@62c. for do., free, ⅌ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been more active, but lower and irregular. Sales since our last 12,650 bbls., in lots, at $29 90@$30 31¼ for new Mess, closing at $30 15 regular way; $29@$29 25 for one year old Mess; $27@$27 25 for new Prime Mess; $24 50@$25 for new Prime, ⅌ bbl. Sales were also made of 6,250 bbls. new Mess, May, June, July and August delivery, sellers' and buyers' options, at $29 25@$30 50, and 1,500 bbls. sellers' option, all the year, part at $28 ⅌ bbl. Cut Meats continue in fair demand at 12½c.@13½c. for Shoulders and 17½c.@18½c. for Hams; sales 830 pkgs. Bacon is dull and heavy, including Cumberland Cut at 14½c.@14¾c.; Short Rib at 15½c.@16c.; Long Ribbed, 15c.@15½c.; Long Clear, 15½c.@16c.; Short Clear, 16½c.@16½c., ⅌ lb.; sales 140 boxes. Dressed Hogs continue in demand at 13c.@13½c. ⅌ lb. Lard is inactive but very firm; sales 600 tcs. and bbls. at 19c.@22½c., ⅌ lb. Beef is in fair demand at $16@$20 50 for new Plain Mess, and $21@$24 50 for new extra do.; sales have been reported of 900 bbls. Tierce Beef is inactive; 100 tcs. Prime Mess sold on private terms. Beef Hams are firm at $47@$48 ⅌ bbl. Sales 110 bbls. Butter is inactive at 35c.@45c. for State, and 30c.@42½c. for Western, ⅌ lb. Cheese continues inactive at 10c.@22c. ⅌ lb.

NEW CROP BUTTER.

Orange and Sussex Co.—fresh pails, ⅌ lb.	40	@45
North-River—fresh pails, ⅌ lb.	40	@45
Pennsylvania—fresh pails, ⅌ lb.	40	@45
New-York State—half firkin tubs, ⅌ lb.	41	@42
New-York State—Welsh tubs, ⅌ lb.	40	@41
Western—tubs	35	@37
Western—yellow, firkins, ⅌ lb.	40	@43
State—firkins, yellow, ⅌ lb.	46	@48
State—firkins, light color, ⅌ lb.	40	@41

NEW CROP CHEESE.

Factory Dairies, ⅌ lb.	16	@19
Farm Dairies, ⅌ lb.	8	@16
Orange County—flat skimmed, ⅌ lb.	6	@ 8

OLD CROP CHEESE.

Factory-made Dairies—first quality	23	@24
Factory-made Dairies—second quality	22	@23
Farm Dairies—first quality	21	@25

RICE—Is quiet at previous rates.

SALT—Is in demand at uniform prices.

SEEDS—Have been in fair request, including Clover at 8c.@10½c. ⅌ lb.; rough Flax at $2 70@$3, and Timothy at $6@$6 50 ⅌ bushel.

SKINS—Have been quiet but firm. We quote Deer thus: Honduras, 57½c.@60c.; San Juan, 50c.@52½c.; Bolivar, 40c.; Sisal, 55c.; Vera Cruz, 57½c.@60c.; Chagres, 52½c.@55c.; Puerto Cabello, 45c.@50c.; Para, 55c., in gold, ⅌ lb. And Goat thus: Tampico, 55c.; Matamoras, 55c.; Vera Cruz, 55c. ⅌ lb.; Buenos Ayres, 50c.@55c. cash; Payta, 50c.@52½c. cash; Curacao, 52½c. cash; Cape, 40c., cash, in gold, ⅌ lb.; Madras, 55c.@60c. each.

SOAP—Continues in demand and quite firm, including Castile at 15½c.@16c.; Colgate's Pale at 12½c., and Family at 13c., ⅌ lb.

SUGARS—Are in request at steady rates. Sales since our last, 570 hhds., including Cuba, &c., at from 10½c.@12½c.; and 610 boxes Havana, at 11c.@12½c. ⅌ lb. Refined Sugars continue in request at 13½c.@15½c. ⅌ lb.

STEARINE—Sales since our last, 110,000 lbs., at 20½c.@22½c. ⅌ lb.

TALLOW—Sales 285,000 lbs. at 12½c.@12½c., and 67,000 lbs. Grease at 10½c.@13½c. ⅌ lb.

TOBACCO—Has been rather more active. Sales, 310 hhds. Kentucky at 5½c.@22c.; 20 cases Florida on private terms.

TEAS—Are in demand and held firmly.

WHISKY—Has been dull to-day, at $2 26@$2 26½ ⅌ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, the engagements included 200 bales Cotton (by steamer,) at 5-32d. ⅌ lb.; 14,000 bushels Corn at 3d. by sailing vessel, and 4d. by steamer, per bushel. For London, 20 hhds. Tobacco, by steamer, at 20s.

FAMILY MARKET PRICE CURRENT.

WASHINGTON MARKET, Friday, May 18, 1866.

MEATS.

Good to prime qualities of Beef, Mutton, Lamb and Veal are in moderate supply and held with much firmness, though the dealers call the market a very dull one, even for this unusually dull season of the year. Our extreme figures represent the current prices of the poorest and the best meats, and necessarily show a wide range. We do not include in any of our tables damaged or unsound articles. Every line in each table is carefully revised each week, and made to correspond with the actual business of the day, on which the price-current is prepared.

Beef, hind-quarter, ⅌ lb.	15	@ 20
Beef, fore-quarter, ⅌ lb.	9	@ 12
Beef, roasting pieces, ⅌ lb.	24	@ 30
Beef, chuck-roast, ⅌ lb.	18	@ 25
Beef, round, ⅌ lb.	18	@ 23
Beef, rumps, ⅌ lb.	17	@ 23
Beef, porter-house steak, ⅌ lb.	28	@ 32
Beef, sirloin steak, ⅌ lb.	24	@ 30
Beef, coarse cuts, ⅌ lb.	12	@ 18
Beef, corned, ⅌ lb.	14	@ 24
Beef, smoked, ⅌ lb.	23	@ 28
Beef tongues, each	1 00	@1 50
Mutton, by the carcass, ⅌ lb.	10	@ 14
Mutton, hind-quarters, ⅌ lb.	16	@ 20
Mutton, fore-quarters, ⅌ lb.	11	@ 15
Mutton, chops, ⅌ lb.	20	@ 25
Mutton, legs, ⅌ lb.	22	@ 25
Lamb, Spring, ⅌ quarter	1 50	@4 00
Pigs, roasting, each	2 50	@4 00
Pork, by the carcass, ⅌ lb.	12	@ 14
Pork, joints, ⅌ lb.	16	@ 20
Pork, steaks, ⅌ lb.	18	@ 20
Pork, corned, ⅌ lb.	16	@ 22
Bacon, ⅌ lb.	20	@ 25
Hams, ⅌ lb.	18	@ 25
Shoulders, ⅌ lb.	16	@ 17
Veal, by the carcass, ⅌ lb.	12	@ 16
Veal, hind-quarters, ⅌ lb.	15	@ 20
Veal, fore-quarters, ⅌ lb.	8	@ 15
Veal, cutlets, ⅌ lb.	25	@ 30
Veal, fillets, ⅌ lb.	25	@ 30
Sweet Breads, each	25	@ 50
Sausages, country made, ⅌ lb.	20	@ 25
Lard, ⅌ lb.	22	@ 25
Suet, ⅌ lb.	12	@ 15
Tripe, ⅌ lb.	8	@ 10

POULTRY AND GAME.

Just at present the assortment is very meagre, as is usual at this season. Prices of such varieties as are in market rule high, though consumption is restricted.

Chickens, ⅌ lb.	32	@ 35
Chickens, broiling, ⅌ pair	1 75	@2 50
Fowl, ⅌ lb.	28	@ 32
Pigeons, squab, ⅌ pair	1 00	@1 25
Pigeons, wild, ⅌ doz.	3 50	@4 00
Plover, ⅌ dozen	3 50	@5 00
Snipe, English, ⅌ dozen	3 75	@5 00
Turkeys, ⅌ lb.	30	@ 35

FISH.

On all the prominent stands to-day the supply of fresh fish is quite liberal and the assortment very full, which circumstances give buyers the advantage. Prices are easier and tending downward. To our list we have, this week, to add Sturgeon. In cured fish there is but little doing, and the dealers quote prices stationary.

Bass, ⅌ lb.	12	@ 25
Black-fish, ⅌ lb.	12	@ 15
Blue-fish, ⅌ lb.	12	@ 15
Brook Trout, ⅌ lb.	50	@ 75
Clams, soft, ⅌ 100	25	@1 00
Clams, hard, ⅌ 100	50	@1 00
Cod, ⅌ lb.	8	@ 10
Cod, Roe, ⅌ lb.	8	@ 10
Cod, dried, ⅌ lb.	10	@ 12
Eels, ⅌ lb.	15	@ 20
Eels, smoked, ⅌ bunch	22	@ 25
Flounders, ⅌ lb.	8	@ 10
Haddock, ⅌ lb.	6	@ 8
Haddock, Roe, ⅌ lb.	6	@ 8
Haddock, Finnan	12	@ 15
Halibut, ⅌ lb.	15	@ 20
Halibut, smoked, ⅌ lb.	15	@ 20
Herrings, ⅌ lb.	8	@ 10
Herrings, smoked, ⅌ bunch	12	@ 15
King-fish, ⅌ lb.	20	@ 25
Lobsters, ⅌ lb.	8	@ 10
Mackerel, fresh, each	12	@ 25
Mackerel, salt, each	10	@ 12
Mackerel, smoked, each	10	@ 15
Oysters, ⅌ 100	75	@2 75
Oysters, pickled, ⅌ 100	2 00	@3 00
Pickerel, ⅌ lb.	15	@ 20
Pike, ⅌ lb.	15	@ 20
Porgies, ⅌ lb.	6	@ 8
Salmon, fresh, ⅌ lb.	62	@1 00
Salmon, smoked, ⅌ lb.	25	@ 30
Salmon, pickled, ⅌ lb.	20	@ 25
Salmon Trout, ⅌ lb.	20	@ 25
Shad, each	25	@ 60
Shad Roe, ⅌ pair	12	@ 20
Sounds and Tongues, ⅌ lb.	10	@ 12
Sturgeon, ⅌ lb.	10	@ 15
Weak-fish, ⅌ lb.	12	@ 15

VEGETABLES.

New Vegetables are in greater abundance, and much cheaper, this week. The demand is more active for the leading articles.

Asparagus, ⅌ bunch	15	@ 50
Beans, dry, ⅌ quart	10	@ 12
Beans, Lima, ⅌ quart	20	@ 25
Beets, per dozen	20	@ 30
Carrots, ⅌ dozen	18	@ 25
Cucumbers, each	15	@ 25
Garlic, ⅌ bunch	15	@ 25
Horse Radish, ⅌ lb.	10	@ 12
Lettuce, ⅌ head	4	@ 6
Leeks, ⅌ bunch	5	@ 10
Mint, ⅌ bunch	2	@ 3
Onions, ⅌ peck	25	@ 30
Onions, ⅌ quart	5	@ 7
Onions, new Bermuda, ⅌ bbl.	6 00	@7 00
Parsnips, ⅌ bunch	6	@ 8
Parsley, ⅌ bunch	6	@ 8
Peas, green, ⅌ half-peck	31¼	@62½
Peas, dried, ⅌ quart	10	@ 12
Peas, split, ⅌ quart	10	@ 12
Potatoes, ⅌ bbl.	4 00	@5 00
Potatoes, ⅌ peck	25	@ 40
Potatoes, new Bermudas, ⅌ bbl.	7 50	@8 50
Potatoes, new, ⅌ peck	70	@ 75
Radishes, ⅌ bunch	2	@ 4
Rhubarb, ⅌ bunch	5	@ 10
Sage and Thyme, ⅌ bunch	3	@ 5
Shallots, ⅌ bunch	3	@ 4
Spinach, ⅌ half peck	15	@ 20
Sprouts, ⅌ half peck	12	@ 15
Squash, each	10	@ 15
Tomatoes, preserved, ⅌ can	25	@ 30
Tomatoes, new Bermuda, ⅌ quart	20	@ 25
Turnips, ⅌ basket	37	@ 50
Water Cresses, ⅌ quart	10	@ 12

FRUITS AND FLOWERS.

Early Strawberries, from Norfolk and Baltimore, are arriving more freely, and meeting with a ready sale at the current prices. A few lots of early Peaches, from Savannah and Charleston, were received and speedily sold, at fancy prices, during the week. Pineapples are more abundant and lower. In the Flower and Shrub line there is rather more business doing. We quote the more popular varieties thus: Carnations, 25c.@50c. each; Dahlias, $1@$1 50 ⅌ dozen; Daisies, 6c.@18c.; Geraniums, 15c.@$1 each; Gillies, 15c.@50c.; Heliotropes, 15c.@25c.; Ivy Plants, 15c.@50c.; Lilies, 30c.@$1; Myrtles, 15c.@30c.; Oleanders, 25c.@$1; Pansies, 6c.@10c.; Roses, 25c.@$1; Verbenas, 6c.@30c.; Sweet Williams, 8c.@12c. each; Moss, 15c.@25c.; Rosemary Plants, 15c.@40c. each; Azalias, 40c.@$1; Blackberry Plants, $2@$1 50 ⅌ dozen; Raspberry Plants, $1 ⅌ dozen; Tomato Plants, $1 per hundred.

Almonds, ⅌ quart	35	@ 40
Apples, ⅌ bbl.	7 00	@8 50
Apples, ⅌ peck	70	@1 25
Apples, Dried, ⅌ lb.	20	@ 25
Bananas, each	3	@ 12
Chestnuts, ⅌ quart	25	@ 30
Citron, ⅌ lb.	45	@ 50
Cocoa Nuts, each	10	@ 15
Cranberries, ⅌ quart	15	@ 20
Currants, ⅌ lb.	15	@ 20
Dates, ⅌ lb.	25	@ 27
Figs, ⅌ lb.	25	@ 50
Ginger, ⅌ lb.	25	@ 30
Hickory Nuts, ⅌ quart	20	@ 25
Lemons, ⅌ doz.	10	@ 30
Oranges, ⅌ doz.	12	@ 50
Peaches, Dried, ⅌ lb.	20	@ 40
Peanuts, ⅌ quart	20	@ 25
Pine Apples, each	12	@ 50
Prunes, ⅌ lb.	15	@ 25
Raisins, ⅌ lb.	25	@ 30
Strawberries, ⅌ quart box	50	@1 50
Walnuts, ⅌ quart	18	@ 20

BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS AND HONEY.

Supplies of Butter and Cheese are increasing, and prices are lower, and declining. The demand is fair. Eggs are less plenty, and are in good request, at uniform rates. Nothing new in Honey.

Butter, new, fancy table, ⅌ lb.	48	@ 50
Butter, new, fair to good table, ⅌ lb.	43	@ 47
Butter, cooking, ⅌ lb.	35	@ 40
Butter, new extra roll, ⅌ lb.	50	@ 55
Cheese, ⅌ lb.	18	@ 24
Eggs, twelve for	—	@ 25
Honey, ⅌ lb.	28	@ 30

SUNDRIES.

Coal, nut and stove, ⅌ ton of 2,000 lbs.	$7 00	@$9 00
Coffee, Green, ⅌ lb.	25	@ 45
Coffee, Roast, in bean, ⅌ lb.	30	@ 45
Coffee, Roast and Ground, ⅌ lb.	30	@ 50
Coffee, rye, chicory, &c., ⅌ lb.	10	@ 25
Flour, Extra Family, ⅌ bbl.	13 00	@18 00
Flour, Family, ⅌ 24 lb. bags	1 75	@2 50
Meal, Corn, ⅌ 25 lb. bags	85	@1 25
Meal, Oat, ⅌ 25 lb. bags	1 25	@1 50
Molasses, ⅌ gallon	90	@1 50
Rice, ⅌ lb.	11	@ 14
Soap, by the box, ⅌ lb.	10	@ 13
Sugar, Brown, ⅌ lb.	11	@ 14
Sugar, Soft White, ⅌ lb.	15	@ 15½
Sugar, Hard, ⅌ lb.	16½	@ 17
Sugar, Maple, ⅌ lb.	20	@ 25
Syrup, ⅌ gallon	90	@1 40
Teas, English Breakfast, ⅌ lb.	90	@1 50
Teas, Green, ⅌ lb.	85	@1 65
Teas, Mixed, ⅌ lb.	85	@1 10

Staten Island Affairs.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Somebody is evidently imposing upon your Staten Island reporter, and making him responsible for frequent statements, which are in some cases wholly false, and in others exaggerated and distorted. The evident purpose of these misstatements is one with which you can have no sympathy, to wit, that of embarrassing, or of altogether breaking down the several village charters granted to Richmond County by the last Legislature, by which the power of the old and corrupt Copperhead "ring" that so long ruled us has been checked and curbed. Without taking up your valuable space to recapitulate the falsehoods, express or implied, which the aforesaid "ring" have been foisting upon the Press of late, let me simply make the following statement—premising that you, Mr. Editor, will guarantee at least the purpose of the undersigned to confine himself to the exact truth.

There has been no conflict of authority between the New-York Board of Excise and the Trustees of the Village of New-Brighton upon any question whatever—said Trustees being decidedly in favor of leaving the question of liquor-selling licenses to the Excise Board, if that shall, upon friendly conference, seem to be the best method of advancing the public interest. In the meantime neither party has issued or attempted to issue a single license.

2. New-Brighton has made no issue with the Metropolitan Police Commissioners in regard to extending the Police system to Richmond County. There is a very generally prevalent opinion among property holders—the very men at whose instance the provision for extending the Police to the county was made—that since the "ring" government has been suppressed, it would have been better to leave the Police system in the hands of the respective villages—because the Metropolitan system, so admirable for a densely populated district, is rather expensive when applied to a suburb which is comparatively thinly settled. But if there is any factious opposition to the execution of the law, be assured that the new village authorities are no parties thereto.

3. It is utterly false that the Board of Excise has "upset several village charters in Richmond County." The "ring" would doubtless be delighted to use the Board of Excise in that direction; hence their efforts to get up a conflict between said Board and the village authorities by daily asseverations that it actually exists. If proceedings have been instituted to "upset" either of the charters in question, many of your Staten Island readers would like to know when and where the case was made.

4. If I correctly judge the character of the gentlemen selected by the Legislature to be the first Trustees of the new villages, they are not to be frightened out of the discharge of their corporate duties, by this bug-a-boo of unconstitutionality. Fortunately for the public interest, the Court of Appeals differs in opinion with the "ring" on the law question involved; and the village Trustees are quietly and steadily pursuing their work of organization under the respective charters, as complacently and with the prospect of as beneficent results, as though the "ring," with its reckless, extravagant, inefficient and rascally administration, was content to remain quietly dead, instead of vainly struggling for a new lease of its polluted life.

J. W. S.

NEW-BRIGHTON, S. I., May 17, 1866.

American Steamship Lines.

NEW-YORK, Thursday, May 16, 1866.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Will you permit one who has never attempted to intrude upon your columns to address you upon a subject which should interest every American? I have frequently noticed articles in the various City papers about this country getting up and sustaining an American line of steamers to a foreign port. Now all this talk seems very strange to me, when I see by advertisements that there is one American line already started—"The North American Lloyd"—owning the steamers *Atlantic* and *Baltic*, formerly of the old Collins line, and running to Bremen *via* Cowes, carrying the United States mail and the United States flag. I merely wish to suggest the propriety of this company at once running their boats under some other flag than our own, for I have no possible doubt but that Congress would then assist them. But as Congress seems to ignore the American flag in commercial affairs, it would appear more to the Company's interest to run under some other flag. The writer owns no stock in this or any other company, and has no further interest in the matter than an earnest desire to have an American line sustained by subsidy or a liberal mail contract from this Government. Do not imagine that it is my motive to advertise this line, for I only feel as every true New-Yorker should feel in regard to American enterprise and interests; and I sincerely hope, Sir, that the TIMES will use its powerful influence to procure assistance from the Government for this line that is already in operation, and has five or six first-class steamers now running. It appears to me that this line has been much neglected by the press and by Congress, for I have seen nothing but its own advertisements, and not an editorial article in any paper in regard to it; and I hope that you will, through your columns, insist upon Congress at once doing something substantial for the North American Lloyd. Is it not shameful to see so many foreign flags at our docks to the almost entire exclusion of our own Stars and Stripes, and foreign ships doing our immense carrying trade? Why cannot there be as much interest taken in this American line as there was at one time in the old Collins line—a line which would have been in existence to-day had Congress assisted it? The British Government have all these years been sustaining the Cunard line, and there is no good reason why our Government should so shamefully neglect its own commercial interests. Let it aid this line, and it will do its share towards compelling these foreign flags to seek other ports.

E. C. C.

PLOW DRAWN BY NEGRO WOMEN.—The Alexandria *Gazette* says travelers on the Little River Turnpike, a day or two ago, witnessed an agricultural procedure which, before the war, had been heard of, but never seen in this locality. Two negro women, hitched to a plow, and driven by a man, were breaking ground at the point named. The women looked tired and worn, and the driver had not the happy countenance of a corn-field hand five or six years ago.

FOR SALE.

WASHINGTON-SQUARE.

FOR SALE.—The valuable property on the northeast corner of Washington-square and Macdougal-st., comprising two first-class dwelling-houses (under lease to May next) and stables in the rear, with stable entrance by rear alley.

ALSO, TO RENT.

Stable in the rear of one of the above houses, first-class, with water and gas. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE, TO CLOSE AN ESTATE—THE residence of the late John Griffin, in Rye, Westchester Co., N. Y., about ¼ of a mile from Mamaroneck depot, an expensive-built house, 44x40; wing attached, 22x36 feet; walls filled in with brick; containing 19 hard-finished rooms; parlor large; floors deafened; water drawn on second story; furnace, bath, carriage-house, ice-house, barn, stable, hennery, wood-house, boat-house, used for bathing; about 13 acres of choice land fronting the Boston post road, sloping to the water; grounds tastefully laid out with ornamental trees, shrubbery, &c.; a large variety of young and bearing fruit trees, choice selections; also, a fine kitchen garden. For further particulars inquire on the premises, of Mr. D. L. ROGERS.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT YONKERS, North Broadway, the fine large house, all modern improvements, and outbuildings, in complete repair, grounds about two acres, abundance of fruit in full bearing. Possession immediately. Apply to Dr. KINSLEY, on the premises, or WM. H. KINSLEY, No. 107 Fulton-st.

ILLINOIS FARM.—JAMES H. HACKETT OFfers for sale or exchange for City property, an oblong plat of 608 acres rich rolling prairie land, the only large and desirable body for sale in Clinton County, and within sight of the Ohio and Mississippi Railway depot, Carlyle, Ill. For diagrams and other particulars, apply to VAN WINKLE & WINANS, No. 128 Broadway.

AT NO. 319 FOURTH-AV., BY STANLEY DAY. Office hours from 10 to 4. Country property in Broome, Columbia, Dutchess, Greene, New-York, Ontario, Orange, Queens, Rockland, Suffolk, Sullivan, Ulster and Westchester Counties; Staten Island and New-Jersey. Descriptive circular with prices upon application or mailed free.

DESIRABLE COTTAGE RESIDENCE for sale at West Farms; house contains 13 rooms, hot and cold water, bath-room and furnace; two acres of ground handsomely terraced, stocked with great variety of fruit, good stable and coach-house, one mile from either Fordham or Tremont Depot. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

SIXTH-AVENUE.—FOR SALE, THE VALuable plot of ground on northeast corner of 6th-av. and 16th-st., consisting of four full lots, now so improved as to yield a good interest, and capable of being further improved so as to make a good investment. Apply to WM. H. ROSS, No. 117 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AT WESTPORT, CONN., A FINE country residence situated in the centre of the village; house modern and pleasant; lot contains 1¼ acres and its location unsurpassed by any other in the village; will be sold cheap if applied for immediately. For terms, &c., apply to MOSES W. WILSON, Esq.

LINDENWALD—AN EXCELLENT FARM OF 225 acres in Columbia County, will be exchanged for land in Yonkers, West Farms or Morrisania, Westchester County, on fair terms. Inquire of LEONARD W. JEROME, No. 46 Exchange-place, or CHARLES A. BATHGATE, Fordham.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE PLACE AT Flushing, L. I.; house contains 10 rooms besides attic and cellar; grounds well laid out, with choice fruit and ornamental trees and shrubbery; within five minutes' walk of depot. For further particulars apply to C. P. FRAME, No. 75 Liberty-st., New-York.

AT NO. 319 FOURTH-AV.—BY STANLEY DAY—Office hours 10 to 4—Houses for sale at reduced prices, with possession. East 30th-st., $14,000; 40th-st., $14,000; Lexington-av., $19,000; do., partly furnished, $21,500; 4th-av., $15,000. Descriptive circulars, upon application, mailed free.

FOR SALE AT RAHWAY, N. J., FOR $5,000, a new and very desirable country residence, with good house, stable and other outbuildings, all in good order, situate one mile from the depot, in a pleasant, healthy location, or $7,500 with 5½ acres of land. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

$800. $1,200, $1,800, $10,000.—FOR SALE, cottages and elegant dwellings at East New-York and Woodhaven. Also 300 lots at $150 and upwards; will build cottages or elegant dwellings for purchasers. Also four dwellings to rent, $300, $400, $500, $800.
CHAS. P. MILLER, Atlantic-av., East New-York.

FOR SALE—ON VALLEY ROAD, NEAR Montclair, N. J., 12 miles from the City, a small house, barn, and six acres of land; finely situated; abundance of fruit; six trains a day. Price $2,500. Apply to RICHARD GREEN, No. 375 Canal-st., or JOHN H. HAYDEN, Montclair.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR NEW-York City property, 31 lots of land, situated at Newburgh, overlooking the city, river, Highlands, West Point, &c. Apply to WM. L. SMITH & CO., No. 21 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—A PROPERTY IN 23D-ST., NEAR 9th-av.; lot 25.8x148; will rent the same of the purchaser for a term of years, paying a rent of $1,000, above 7 per cent. on the sum invested. For all particulars, inquire at N. C. BISHOP'S, No. 67 Liberty-st.

A NICE LITTLE FARM AT NEW-BRUNSWICK at a bargain; 20 acres, well cultivated; good large two-story house, 11 rooms; good barn, carriage-house, fruit, &c., $8,000; terms easy. PETTIT & FRAZEE, No. 171 Broadway, Room No. 7.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FARMS OF all sizes and prices; 2 nice small farm, 22 acres, 15 acres to corn, good buildings, with horse and wagon, $2,400, if sold at once; an excellent home for some one; terms easy. FREEMAN & EMERSON, 312 Broadway.

A BARGAIN—SOME SPLENDID COTTAGES at Metuchen, from $3,000 to $5,000, one hour from Jersey City. Immediate possession. PETTIT & FRAZEE, No. 171 Broadway, Room No. 7.

CHEAP FARMS, PLEASANTLY LOCAted, in Saratoga and Schenectady Counties, hotels, mills, village property; prices to suit; my store, house, $1,000. DAVIS, Ballston Spa, N. Y.

BEAUTIFUL FARMS IN SOMERSET County, the garden of New-Jersey; fine buildings, choice fruit, healthy situation, from 10 to 200 acres, all prices, terms easy. JAQUES, No. 208 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT PORT WASHington, on Long Island, a new two-story and attic house, with 2½ acres of land, well cultivated. Apply to DAVID J. TAFT, spar-yard, foot of 24th-st., East River.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR PROPerty in or near New-York City, timber lands in Hamilton and Fulton Counties. Apply to WILLIAM L. SMITH & CO., No. 21 Nassau-st.

BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE ON LONG ISLAND—Complete order; pleasant village; cheapest place for a family in the State. Price $3,000. Apply to G. H. BENEDICT, No. 21 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FOR A CITY house, a handsome residence in New-Rochelle, two acres; six minutes from depot. Inquire of W. PINKNEY, No. 62 Wall-st.

A COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE NEAR Suffern's Depot, 1½ hours' ride from Jersey City by New-York and Erie Railroad. Inquire of SETH WILKS, No. 69 Wall-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS FOUR STORY high stoop brown stone front house situated on Murray Hill. Apply to RAYMOND & CO., No. 195 Broadway, Room No. 12.

FOR SALE—A FINE FARM OF 28 ACRES, at Pleasantville, Westchester Co., 31 miles from New-York, on the Harlem Railroad. For particulars apply to HENRY MOORE, No. 29 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—TWO HANDSOME COTTAGES, AT Boiling Spring, N. J., 25 minutes from Chambers-st., New-York, by Erie Railway. Apply to GEO. E. WOODWARD, No. 37 Park-row.

AT MORRISANIA—FOR SALE, A HOUSE, 40x28, and nearly 12 lots of ground, all in good order. Inquire JAS. WOODS & SONS, No. 223 Pearl-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE—THE BROWN-STONE BASEMENT house, No. 46 East 22d-st. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW, No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE

S. W. BENEDICT,
LATE BENEDICT & COIT,
Has removed his Real Estate Office from the basement of No. 4 Pine-st. to the principal story of same building,
ROOM NO. 4 AND 6 PINE-ST.,
where he will be happy to see and serve his friends, and all parties wishing to negotiate for dwellings, stores, lots, or country property.

He has for sale some of the best houses in the City, and several furnished houses to rent. Also, some valuable country places.

ORANGE, N. J.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—Possession 1st of June, the house of the subscriber, corner of Highland and Essex avs., five minutes by plank walk from Valley Depot.

THE HOUSE is 44x40, built by days' work and filled in with brick; large parlors, dining room, library, kitchen and laundry; piazza 12x48. It is a comfortable house in Winter; it is warmed by a large furnace.

THE GROUNDS are one acre, handsomely laid out in lawn, and well planted with evergreen and shade trees; 30 dwarf pear trees, strawberry bed, &c.

THE PRICE is $14,000 cash, or mortgage for one-half, and this is as low as the house could be built for.

THE LOCATION is a beautiful one, fine views and drives in every direction. This ridge is one of the coolest parts of Orange in Summer. Apply to A. O. VAN LENNEP, No. 14 Cedar-st., up stairs, or J. S. OTIS, at H. B. Claflin & Co.'s, corner Church and Worth sts., or on the premises. Trains leave foot Barclay-st. 11¼ A. M., 2½, 3⅓, 4¼, 5¼ and 6¼ P. M.

ALBERT HAMILTON, 137 BROADWAY,
REAL ESTATE,
City, suburban and country, for sale.

FOR SALE—THE RESIDENCE OF THE LATE De Forest Manice, situated in the town of Hempstead, Queens County, L. I., 14 miles from New-York City, and one mile east of Queens Station, on the Long Island Railroad, containing 85 acres. This place was the country seat of the late owner over 20 years, and is believed to be unsurpassed in this country for beauty and finished cultivation. The dwelling house is of wood, filled in with brick, of gothic style, very large and in fine order. The place contains large and fully stocked greenhouses, graperies, peach and other glass house, carriage-houses with stables, and a gardener's cottage, is ornamented with several hundred choice evergreens and shrubs of full growth; contains over 2,000 full-grown pear and apple trees, and yields every variety of fruit and vegetable that can be cultivated in this climate. It is supplied with water from a large well and reservoir, yielding a never-failing supply to all the buildings and grounds. It will be sold with the house, furniture and greenhouse plants. For full particulars, apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-street, or WM. D. F. MANICE, Executor, No. 46 Pine-st.

FOR SALE AT YONKERS—A FINE RESIdence on Palisade-av., with or without furniture; one of the best situations in the village, commanding an extensive view of the Hudson River and surrounding country. The house was built three years ago by the present owner, for his own occupancy, in the best manner, and contains 20 rooms; has every convenience and comfort; furnace, gas, hot and cold water, &c., &c., all in perfect order; a large piazza extending on two sides. The grounds consist of one acre; is well stocked with choice shrubbery, and a great variety of fruits, all in vigorous growth; large barn and carriage-house, with other suitable outbuildings, making one of the most delightful residences in the town. For further particulars apply to C. W. SEYMOUR, No. 12 Pine-st.; to FARRINGTON & ROCKWELL, Getty House, Yonkers; or W. N. SEYMOUR & Co., No. 4 Chatham-square, New-York.

SEVENTEEN VILLA SITES AND A SUMMER BOARDING-HOUSE FOR SALE AT AUCTION, TUESDAY, May 22, ON THE PREMISES. The beautiful property on the highlands of Navesink, N. J., recently owned by the late Col. Jones, former Sheriff of this city, half mile from the landing at Atlantic Pavilion, will be sold in lots of 4 to 12 acres each; terms easy.

They command fine views of the ocean and bay, have good boating and bathing privileges.

The *Meta*, from Barclay, and *Sea Bird*, from Chambers-st., leave at 8½ o'clock and return the same day.

Maps, &c., at L. S. Talmadge's, No. 77 Nassau-st., and R. S. Jones', No. 117 Fulton-st.

N. B.—If stormy, will be postponed to the 23d.

FOR SALE—WITH POSSESSION IMMEDIATEly, one of the finest country seats and 100-acre farm in New-Jersey, on Central Road, 1½ hours from City, with crops, stock, &c.; house modern and large, 15 rooms, hot and cold water baths, &c.; houses for farmer and gardener; other improvements extensive; fine grounds, splendid views, fruit of all kinds and most choice varieties in great abundance; soil in the highest state; no expense has been spared in manuring and underdraining; seldom such a chance offers to purchasers; attending it is also a business and villa aspect, which must be seen before price is named. Address T. D., Box 3,175 Post-office.

SUMMER RESIDENCE OR COUNTRY HOME.—For sale in Bernardston, Mass., a beautiful cottage, built only two years, ice and fruit cellar, barn and carriage house, one acre of land, fruit trees, grape vines, kitchen garden, &c.; lovely village on Connecticut River Railroad, two hours from Springfield, eight from Boston and New-York; telegraphic connection with both; free academy and library, five churches, four mails daily, splendid drives and charming scenery. Furniture sold with the cottage if desired. Possession given immediately.
S. N. BROOKS.

COUNTRY VILLA FOR SALE—IMMEDIATE POSSESSION GIVEN.—A farm of 40 acres, in the very highest cultivation, situated near Bedford Station, Westchester County, suitable for a gentleman's residence, either Summer or Winter; together with agricultural implements, a full furnished cottage, horses, carriages, &c., all in first-rate condition. Upon the premises are carriage-house, barn, workshop, sheds, ice-house, wash-house, with Croton water, granary, dairy-house, &c. Inquire of CLARRY & REILLEY, Nos. 12 and 14 Spruce-st., New-York.

FOR SALE.—A COUNTRY SEAT, WITH 6 acres of land, near Elizabeth, N. J.; house large and surrounded with shade and fruit; land in good condition, and plenty of fruit of large and small kinds; several handsome building sites on a public thoroughfare. Stock, fixtures and furniture can be had. Apply to SYLVESTER LAY, Commissioner for all the States, No. 1 Park-place, New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FURNISHED, at White Plains, half a mile from the railroad depot, the residence of Robert Cochran, Esq., consisting of a large and handsome three-story brick dwelling, with 10 acres of ground, beautifully situated and laid out in lawn and garden; the house is in good order and has gas throughout; large barn and carriage-house on the premises. For further particulars and permits to view the premises, apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE LATE RESIDENCE OF REV. Dr. Lambert, of Salem, Washington County, N. Y. The house contains 14 rooms, ample closeting, bath-room, &c., all in good repair, spring water in house and yard, ice-house, woodshed, barn, and about 7 acres of superior land. Price $8,000. Possession immediate and terms easy. Apply to DR. A. N. GUNN, No. 249 West 28th-st., New-York, or to R. G. ATWOOD, Salem, Washington Co., N. Y.

FOR SALE—AT NEW-ROCHELLE, HALF A mile from depot, an elegant stone house, in fine order, with improvements, commanding an extensive land and water prospect; fine lawn, walks stoned and graveled, garden, stable, and fruit. Also, a house and about four acres of land, near Mount Vernon, to rent. Apply to P. C. BULKLEY, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—COUNTRY SEAT near New-York. Fine large house, with gas, hot and cold water, bath and furnace; very pleasantly situate, fifteen miles from City by Hudson River Railroad; half mile from Depot. Eight acres of land, stable, &c.; fruit, woods, &c.; perfectly healthy neighborhood, first-class, near churches and schools. Apply to WILLIAM S. DUKE, No. 77 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY SEAT AT WEST HOboken, New-Jersey, one mile from Hoboken; a double frame house and barn on Palisade-av., with 17 valuable lots, fine garden, with plenty of fruit trees, beautiful view; horse-cars running by the house every quarter of an hour. Apply to PAUL ED. ROBERT, Nos. 95 and 97 Liberty-st.

A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE, near depot, New-Brunswick, and 160 acres of land; dwelling-house with water and gas, and heated by steam; grounds elegantly laid out; magnificent shade trees and abundance of fruit; one of the handsomest places in the State; owner going abroad. EDWARD S. VAIL, WARREN HARDENBERGH, No. 56 Wall-st.

$8.500.—A BARGAIN.—A FINE FARM OF 100 acres, 80 in good cultivation, 20 in wood, with good house, barns, fruit, &c., at Comac, L. I., four miles from Northport Landing; access daily with New-York by steamboat. Apply to S. E. SWIFT, No. 27 Park-place.

R. S. LIVINGSTON OFFERS HIS country-seat for sale, situated on the Hudson, between Barrytown and Tivoli; for description see New-York Times, May 4, and Army and Navy Journal, Feb. 3, 1866. Apply to J. NELSON LUCKEY, Banker, No. 243 Broadway.

CORNWALL.—FOR SALE, A FINE COUNTRY residence, with about 15 acres of choice land, on the main road to Canterbury, one mile from the landing. For particulars apply to J. D. CLARK, No. 229 Washington-st., or O. S. CLARK, on the premises.

FOR SALE—IN BROOKLYN, TWO SPLENDID brown-stone front houses, on Gates-av., near Ryerson-st.; four stories, French roof, 25x45 feet; 14 rooms, with all the modern improvements; built by days' work. AMZI HILL, No. 1,208 Fulton-av., near Grand, Brooklyn.

AT ELIZABETH, N. J., A FIRST-CLASS country residence, furnished, with fine garden well stocked with choicest fruits, flowers and vegetables, to rent for four months. Apply to W. K. LAVERTY, No. 88 Liberty-st.

A VERY HANDSOME BROWN-STONE house for sale or to let, furnished. Apply at No. 134 Lexington-av.

TO LET.

TO RENT IN FAIRFIELD, CONN.—A large double house, furnished; pleasantly situated; three minutes from depot and Post-office. Apply to Mrs. E. BENNETT, Fairfield, Conn.

TO LET FOR THE SEASON—A LARGE farm-house on the line of the Long Island Railroad, 34 miles from Brooklyn, 1 mile from station; house contains 15 large rooms, with all the modern improvements; one of the healthiest locations on the island; garden truck, fruits of the season, milk, butter, &c., supplied off the farm; also, accommodations for horses and carriages. Address G. W. CONKLIN, Deer Park, L. I.

FURNISHED COUNTRY RESIDENCE at Little Neck, Long Island, to let; 18 rooms, carriage-house, &c., bathing-house, ice, and plenty shade, fruit, garden, &c. Also a residence on Manhasset Bay, 10 rooms, furnished; good bathing, fishing, &c.; one at Little Neck unfurnished, 8 rooms. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—AT GREENWICH, CONN., FOR THE Summer, a new modern-built house, furnished, containing 14 rooms; five minutes' walk from the depot. Inquire at the depot, Greenwich, or D. R. MEAD, No. 47 Water-st., New-York.

TO LET—FOR A FEW MONTHS, A COTTAGE-built house, pleasantly situated in the Wallkill, Orange County, in a healthful part of the country, furnished. For particulars inquire of E. C. PATTERSON, Esq., No. 27 Park-row.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT—IN A strictly private, genteel house, in 3d-av., near 5th-st., to one or two gentlemen, with undoubted references. Address P. E. W., Box [illegible] Times Office.

TO LET—FOR THE SUMMER, A NICELY FURnished roomy farm-house, five miles from New-Haven; very desirably located. For particulars address Box No. 2,727 New-York Post-office.

AT NO. 70 WEST 4TH-ST., OPPOSITE Washington-square, handsomely furnished rooms to let to gentlemen only. References required.

EAST 73D-ST., WILLOW-PLACE., NO. 27, to let, furnished; $[illegible] per month till May next. Inquire on premises.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS to let to gentlemen only at No. 25 Macdougal-st., between Charlton and Vandam.

TO LET—THIRD-FLOOR, NO. 33 SOUTH-ST., 25x[illegible], suitable for lodging or manufacturing business. Apply to D. M. CUMISKEY, on the premises.

TO LET—IN ELIZABETH, N. J., A WELL-FURnished house, for the Summer. Address Box No. 364 Post-office, Elizabeth, N. J.

DESK-ROOM TO LET—IN A PLEASANT office in Pine-st., between Nassau and William. Address M. [illegible], New-York Post-office.

TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET,
On BROADWAY and NEW streets, near WALL-street. Apply to EDWARD MATTHEWS,
No. 19 BROAD-STREET.

TO LET—PART OF A NEW STORE ON Leonard-st., near Broadway; possession given immediately. Inquire of G. W. SIMMONS, JR., No. 56 Broadway.

LAKE MAHOPAC, PUTNAM COUNTY.

To rent, for the Summer months, a furnished cottage containing 10 rooms; one of the most healthy and pleasant spots in the State, five miles from Croton Falls on Harlem Railroad; good boating, excellent fishing, [illegible]; the house is [illegible] wagon-house and stable attached. Apply to Dr. CARMAN, on the premises, or at No. 117 East 34th-st., near 4th-av., after 6 P. M.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET AT MILL NECK, OYSTER BAY, L. I.—A large and commodious dwelling, furnished or unfurnished, to a good family, for the Summer season, with barn and carriage-house, &c.; the garden already planted; the premises are finely situated near the water, with opportunities for fishing, bathing, sailing, &c.; the location dry and healthy; the grounds well stocked with fruit and shade trees; steam-boat landing to the steamer for the City pass the door every morning. For terms and further particulars inquire of ELIJAH T. BROWN, No. 67 Spruce-st., or to ABRAM C. UNDERHILL, on the premises.

A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO LET OR FOR SALE—Situated on the Hudson River, convenient to railroad depot, containing 24 acres, on which there is a large dwelling, carriage-house, gate-house, barns, sheds, ice-house, all in excellent order, and recently built of the best material; the house stands on high ground, commanding an excellent view of the river and adjacent country. The property will be sold with the furniture and horses, carriages, wagons, sleighs, &c., if desired. Apply on the premises, to WILLIAM MALLORY, Staatsburgh, N. Y., per Hudson River Railroad, or to JOHN T. RENKER, Cashier Hanover Bank.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—AT GLEN COVE, L. I., a large and airy frame house, (the birth-place of the late Dr. Mott,) containing 13 rooms, situated on the border of the Lower Glen Lake, outside the village, commanding a view of the bay, &c.; is well shaded, convenient to bathing, fishing, and boating; barn and stables attached; fine garden, fruit trees, lawn, &c.; accessible by railroad and steamboat several times a day. For terms apply to J. M. HAMLIN, on the premises, or JOSEPH C. HARROLD, No. 228 Front-st., New-York.

HOTEL TO LET—THE ST. LAWRENCE Hotel, situated in the pleasant village of Cape Vincent, on the St. Lawrence River. Cape Vincent is at the northern terminus of the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburgh Railroad, only a short distance from the Thousand Islands, and is famous for the superior fishing grounds. This hotel will be leased for a term of years. Good references required. Apply to H. J. CREVOLIN, Cape Vincent, Jefferson County, N. Y.

AT NO. 319 4TH-AV., BY STANLEY DAY.—Office hours from 10 to 4. Furnished and unfurnished houses to let on Union-square, Gramercy Park, Lexington, 4th and 5th avs.; in 9th, 20th, 29th, 30th, 34th, &c., sts.; at Peekskill, Hyde Park, Oyster Bay, Fairmount, West Morrisania, Dobbs' Ferry, Mamaroneck, New-Rochelle, Sing Sing, Hall's Corners, Tremont, West Farms, Peekskill, Catskill, Haverstraw, Bergen and Shrewsbury.

TO LET—A FINE COUNTRY RESIDENCE IN Melrose, mostly furnished, two minutes' walk to Harlem Railroad Depot or horse railroad, with large garden planted and kept in order, abundance of fruit, principally the superior kinds of grapes; healthy location; price $1,200 per year, to a desirable party. Inquire of H. J. RAMSDELL, No. 40 Park-row, or Mr. DEMAREST, at depot.

TO LET OR LEASE—ON THE WEST BANK of the Harlem River, near the High Bridge, a large and small building, containing 27 rooms, fronting 10th-av.; 3 acres of land, with steamboat dock on the premises; situation high and healthy ground; would be suitable for boarding-house, school, or institutions who want freedom and low rent. A. B. MILLS, No. 117 Nassau-st., Room No. 24.

TO RENT—COMPLETELY AND ELEGANTLY furnished, for six months or one year, on account of the owner going abroad, a handsome first-class four-story brown-stone high-stoop house, on East 28th-st., with every convenience. It will be rented only to a private family, without children, at a very low rent, if applied for immediately. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—AT BAY Ridge, suburbs of Brooklyn, containing 11 rooms, all in good repair, within half an hour of the ferry, and 150 yards of the city cars, which pass every 15 minutes; the house commands a splendid view of New-York Bay, and has 20 acres of land, barn, stables, kitchen-garden, planted, and extensive apple orchard attached. Apply to W. M. H. POWER & CRAIG, 3 Broadway, New-York.

TO LET—FURNISHED COTTAGE RESIDENCE near Mount Vernon, Westchester County; 30 minutes' ride; 20 trains; good water, churches, schools, one half mile from two railway stations; garden fine, lawn, [illegible]; [illegible] CHARLES LELAND, Esq., Metropolitan Hotel, or to P. C. BULKLEY, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-Court; rent $1,000.

NORWALK, CONN.—A FINE, LARGE COUNtry residence, furnished; one of the most beautiful and desirable locations in town; extensive grounds, well shaded; excellent water; abundance of fruit; large garden and good stabling; will be let for the Summer or year; is within five minutes' walk of horse-cars. Address
A. SERGEANT, No. 21 Wall-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—TO LET, FURNISHED HOUSE, 5 minutes' walk from principal depot; the house is thoroughly genteel and well appointed; contains twelve rooms; gas throughout; rent $150 per month. Apply to H. B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., N. Y., before 12 M., or at Orange, N. J.

COUNTRY SEAT TO LET—ON THE HUDson, near West Point; furnished house, with stables, garden, abundance of fruit, &c.; one of the most desirable places in the Highlands. Terms, with gardener, $1,200 for the season. Apply to EDWD. MITCHELL, No. 62 Wall-st.

NEAR WEST POINT.—TO LET—A LARGE furnished house, with 50 acres of land, stable, large garden, (in order,) ice-house, filled, abundance of fruit, on the west bank of the Hudson, about a mile below Cozzens' Hotel; rent, $2,000. Apply to ALFRED PELL, No. 45 William-st.

COUNTRY SEAT ON STATEN ISLAND TO LET OR FOR SALE—On Cebra-av., Castleton Heights; house, 20 rooms, with all modern improvements, stone stable, 10 acres of ground, lawn, orchard and garden; location perfectly healthy, view unsurpassed. Apply to CHAS. KENTGEN, No. 163 William-st.

TO RENT AT NEWARK, N. J.—THE LATE residence of Moses Ward, Esq., situated on Washington Park, being a double brick house, large garden, with fine stable, carriage and coachman's house; garden planted; adjoining Gov. Ward's. Apply to KING & BOND, Newark; or to E. H. KITCHEN, 380 Broadway.

TO LET—TO SINGLE YOUNG GENTLEMEN, A neatly furnished suite of apartments on 21st-st.; the second-story and parlor floor will be let separately or together upon moderate terms; all the conveniences, bath, hot and cold water and gas. Apply to C. A. CLARK & CO., No. 17 Barclay-st.

YONKERS.—A FURNISHED HOUSE WITH twelve rooms to let for the season or year; gas, &c. in; good river view; near depot; also, several first-class furnished country seats. Apply to JAMES YOUMANS, Yonkers.

A FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET AT Throg's Neck, Westchester, containing 10 rooms; carriage house, stable, plenty of fruit and shade trees. Inquire of WM. F. WARING, Security Insurance Company, No. 31 Pine-st.

A LARGE DOUBLE MANSION, BEAUTIFULLY situated on the East River, five miles from Harlem, partly furnished, to let low; boating, fishing and bathing. Inquire at No. 142 West 13th-st., before 9 A. M., and between 5 and 8 P. M.

HANDSOME PARLOR FLOOR—FURnished or unfurnished, with closets and bath-room; meals if desired; desirable for gentleman and wife, or party of gentlemen or physician; also other well-furnished rooms, at No. 180 Clinton-place, 8th-st.

TO LET—FOR SIX MONTHS, FROM THE 1ST of June, a handsome French villa, with two acres, furnished; in perfect order; within an hour of Wall-st., in Westchester County. Rent $200 per month. Apply to W. J. HARRIS, Continental Bank.

A COUNTRY SEAT TO LET AT PEEKSKILL—Has splendid view of the surrounding country and Hudson River. Rent $1,000 a year, with privilege of purchasing. Particulars at MITCHELL'S, No. 77 Cedar-st.

TO LET CHEAP—AT HUNTINGTON HARbor, L. I., two houses, (attached,) furnished; seven acres; fine large gardens; variety of fruit; bathing and boating; railroad and steamboat twice a day to New-York. Apply to ROBT. T. MEEKS & CO., 31 Cedar-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED—FOR ELEVEN WEEKS from July 1, a large house in New-Rochelle, Westchester Co.; large garden, in good order. Apply on the premises, to D. CHERBULIEZ, or by mail, through Pelham Post-office.

TO LET—FURNISHED, AT LAKE GEORGE, one of the most beautifully situated villas on that peerless lake, ice-house filled, barn, stables, &c., ground some 12 acres, for three months. Apply to D. BURRELL, No. 197 Pearl-st.

STORE 25x200, BROADWAY, NEAR ST. Nicholas Hotel, to let or lease, suitable for any business requiring superior light; possession any time.
D. D. ORRELL, No. 78 Cedar-st.

TO LET—A PLEASANT, COSY AND NEATLY furnished house at Mount Vernon, very cheap for the Summer. FREEMAN & EMERSON, No. 312 Broadway, Knox Building.

A MOST SPLENDIDLY FURNISHED house and stable, with coach-house, to let to one or two private families only. Apply to Mr. GALPIN, No. 166 5th-av.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE IN STRATford, Conn., on the main street, with garden, fruit, &c.; rent $350 to 1st November. Inquire at No. 122 Greenwich-st., N. Y.

A PLEASANT COTTAGE TO RENT AT Ravenswood, 30 minutes from City Hall; two acres of lawn, fruit and shade trees. ENOCH ARMITAGE, No. 50 William-st.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—FURNISHED COTtage, 13 rooms, in neat order; gas and water; fruit and flower garden; stable for two horses; near ferry at Clifton, S. I. Address G, Box No. 2,048 Post-office.

TO LET—IN MORRISTOWN, A NEWLY FURnished house, containing seven rooms; water in the house, nice garden, &c., 5 minutes' walk from depot. Address WILLIAM W. FAIRCHILD, Auctioneer.

PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS ON second floor, for single gentlemen, without board; terms reasonable; house convenient to cars. No. 34 West [illegible]

WEST TWENTY-THIRD-ST.—TO RENT, handsomely furnished suites of rooms, a choice of which may be had, where there are no boarders. Apply at No. 208 West 23d-st.

TO LET—A SECOND FLOOR, CONSISTING OF [illegible] rooms, furnished, to gentleman and wife, or family of adults. No. [illegible] 2d-av., corner of 20th-st.

FURNISHED PARLOR AND BEDROOM to let, without board, to two gentlemen, on first floor of No. 170 East 26th-st.

TO LET—ROOM, WITH STEAM POWER, IN New-Haven Railroad Building, Centre-st., corner of Walker. Inquire of W. J. [illegible] BRO., [illegible] Broadway.

49 EAST [illegible]-ST., BETWEEN BROADway and 5th-av., handsomely furnished rooms, in suites or singly, to gentlemen only; house first-class.

PERSONAL.

INFORMATION WANTED OF SAMUEL SOMERVILLE, a young man about 27 years of age, five feet eleven inches high, wears a short whisker all around the face and mustache, dark brown hair, rather long, also a black coat, gray pants and brown vest; when last heard of, two weeks ago, he was in Hartford, Conn., looking very much depressed in spirits; any information of him will be thankfully received by his mother, MARGARET SOMERVILLE, 71 Perry-st., New-York City.

SAMUEL FLOYD, FORMERLY BROKER at No. 2 Nassau-st., and in 1856 to '60 a resident of Brooklyn, or any of his relatives, will confer a favor by sending his or their address to HENRY A. MOTT, No. 11 Broad-st.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

FIFTY-SECOND-STREET BAPTIST CHAPEL.—The hall southwest corner 52d-st. and 3d-av. has been neatly fitted up for public worship, by a newly-organized Baptist congregation, under the charge of Rev. JOHN STANFORD HOLME. Preaching on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday-school at 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. Lecture on TUESDAY, and prayer-meeting on FRIDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Subject of discourse throughout the day, (Sunday,) May 20: *Sorrow—Its Twofold Ministry;* in the morning—*The Happy Effects of Godly Sorrow;* in the evening—*The Sad Effects of the Sorrow of the World.*

"THE THINGS THAT ARE COMING ON THE EARTH."—The fourth of the Course of Lectures by JOHN WILLIAMS will be delivered on TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) evening, at 8 o'clock, at University Building, Washington Square. Subject, *The Destiny of America,* when the relations of the American continent to the Roman (or prophetic) Earth will be considered, and the importance and moral significance of European emigration investigated. Students of prophecy and thoughtful observers of events now transpiring are invited. SEATS FREE.

LECTURES AT YONKERS.—THE course of lectures on Liberal Christianity recently delivered in Cooper Institute and in Brooklyn, by Unitarian Ministers, will be repeated in Hope Chapel, Yonkers, beginning on SUNDAY EVENING, May 20, (to-morrow,) at 7½ P. M. Opening lecture by Rev. JOHN W. CHADWICK, of Brooklyn, on *The Religious Capacities of Human Nature.* Next Sunday, *The Fatherhood of God,* by Rev. JOSEPH MAY.

CHRISTIAN UNION CONFERENCES IN North Presbyterian Church, 31st-st. and 9th-av. Speakers, Drs. STREET, JOHN COTTON SMITH, BOOTH, (Episcopalian,) FOSS, &c., local pastors. Also in First Baptist Church, Nassau-st., Brooklyn. Speakers, Rev. Messrs. GALLAHER, GALLAHER and others. Conferences in Jersey City and Williamsburgh at 3½ P. M. See local papers.

GREEN-STREET M. E. CHURCH, BETWEEN Broome and Spring sts.—Rev. JOHN S. INSKIP, Pastor, will preach on SUNDAY, at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ o'clock P. M. Subject for the morning—*Christianity and Infidelity in Contrast.* Seats free. Strangers and others are invited to attend.

THIRTY-SEVENTH-ST. M. E. CHURCH, BETWEEN 2D AND 3D AVS.—Rev. H. BANGS, Presiding Elder, will preach on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M.; Rev. W. H. BOOLE at 7½ P. M. Seats free. The anniversary of the Missionary Society will be held at 3 P. M. Rev. Mr. HILDRETH and others will address the meeting.

THE PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH will hold their second SUNDAY services, (to-morrow,) May 20, at Miller's Hall, corner of 3d-av. and 86th-st. Sunday school at 9 A. M. Preaching at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ P. M., by Rev. Dr. TOWN, formerly of Bridgeport, Conn.

BELIEVERS IN THE SECOND ADVENT and future life for the righteous only, worship at Farragut Hall, corner of Bowery and Canal-st., east side. Service every SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and P. M. All interested in the above themes are cordially invited to attend. Seats free.

THE NEW M. E. MISSION ROOM, NO. 313 Rivington-street, near Lewis, will be opened on SUNDAY, 20th inst., at 3 P. M. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. H. BANGS, J. S. INSKIP and W. MCALLISTER. The friends of City Evangelization are invited to be present.

WEST TWENTY-THIRD-ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, near 7th-av.—The monthly Sunday night service will be held on SUNDAY EVENING, commencing at 7½ o'clock. Rev. Dr. CLARK will preach, by request, upon *Taking up the Foresaken.* The afternoon service will be omitted.

AMERICAN PROTESTANT ASSOCIATION.—Rev. GEORGE W. STEWART, Chaplain of Waldense Lodge, No. 9, A. P. A., preaches on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., in the Free Protestant Episcopal Church of Our Lord, southwest corner 8th-av. and 34th-st., (small hall.)

NEW-YORK PORT SOCIETY'S MARINERS' CHURCH AND MISSION.—Preaching on SUNDAY, 20th inst., corner Catharine and Madison sts., by the Pastor, at 10½ A. M. and at 7½ P. M. Preaching corner Dover and Water sts. at 3 P. M., and at No. 21 Greenwich-st., at 3½. All seats free.

THE FIVE POINTS MISSION—SITE OF THE OLD BREWERY.—The original mission at the Points, Rev. J. N. SHAFFER, Superintendent. Principal Sunday-School at 2 o'clock P. M. Visitors will address the children, and are always delighted with their order, proficiency and singing.

THE FIVE POINTS MISSION—SITE OF the Old Brewery. The original mission at the Points. Rev. J. N. SHAFFER, Superintendent, Principal. Sunday-school at 2 o'clock P. M. Visitors will address the children, and are always delighted with their order, proficiency and singing.

LECTURE FOR THE JEWS, BY REV. Dr. MORGAN, Rector of St. Thomas' Church, in the large hall corner 34th-st. and 8th av., on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ P. M. Free Episcopal services at 10½ A. M. Jews and Christians are cordially invited.

ORDINATION.—SAMUEL CARLILE, A LIcentiate of the Third Presbytery, will be ordained in the Spring-st. Presbyterian Church on WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 23. Services to commence at 7½ o'clock. Sermon will be preached by Rev. Dr. CROSBY.

DISCOURSE BEFORE THE YOUNG Men's Christian Association of the 34th-st. Reformed Dutch Church, (between 8th and 9th avs.,) on SUNDAY EVENING, by Rev. PETER STRYKER. Subject—*Young Christian at Home.*

ST. ANN'S FREE CHURCH—18TH-ST., near 5th-av. On SUNDAY Rev. EASTBURN BENJAMIN will preach at 7½ and 10½ A. M. and at 3 P. M., the afternoon service being for the deaf mutes; and Rev. GEO. G. HEPBURN will preach at 7½ P. M.

FREE EPISCOPAL CHURCH OF THE HOLY MARTYRS—Forsyth-st., near New Canal.—Rev. JAMES MILLET, Pastor.—On SUNDAY EVENING, Rev. J. TUTTLE SMITH, Rector of the Free Chapel on 77th-st., will preach.

FREE METHODIST CHURCH — ALL lovers of an earnest Christianity are invited to worship with us in Lebanon Hall, No. 588 Hudson-st., (Abingdon-square.) Services 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Free seats.
JAMES MATHEWS, Pastor.

PROF. DAY, OF THE NEW-HAVEN Theological Seminary, will preach in the New-England Church (Congregational) on 41st-st., near 9th-av., next SABBATH, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ o'clock P. M. Public cordially invited.

A DISCOURSE ON THE DEATH OF WARREN ROCKWELL, of Brooklyn, will be preached in the Central Presbyterian Church, Schermerhorn-st., above Nevins, by the Pastor, Rev. Dr. ROCKWELL, on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M.

THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING of the New-York Association of Sunday-school Teachers, will be held in the 13th-st. Presbyterian Church, near 3d-av., on MONDAY EVENING, the 21st inst., at 7½ o'clock. Subject—*How to Direct Inquirers.*

A YOUNG PEOPLE'S PRAYER-MEETING is held EVERY SATURDAY EVENING at 8 o'clock in the social rooms of the Broadway Tabernacle Church, corner 6th-av. and 34th-st., entrance from 34th-st. Strangers cordially invited.

JOHN-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—PREACHING on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and at 8½ P. M. by Rev. W. H. DePUY. Seats free. Strangers are cordially invited to attend. Class-meeting and Sabbath-school at 9 A. M. and at 2 P. M.

REV. T. L. CUYLER, D. D., OF BROOKlyn, will preach in the Allen Street Presbyterian Church (near Grand) next SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. His friends and the public are invited to attend.

MEMORIAL CHURCH, HAMMOND-ST., corner Waverley-place, Rev. Dr. SPENCER will preach in the morning, and Rev. Mr. ELY, assistant minister of Calvary Church, in the evening. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Seats free.

SPIRITUALISTS' SOCIETY, DODWORTH HALL.—Inspirational elucidation of subjects selected by the audience, by Mrs. BULLENE, 10½ and 7½ o'clock. Conference subject at 3 o'clock: *Is Christ's healing power still manifest among men?* Public invited.

BLEECKER-STREET UNIVERSALIST CHURCH—Corner of Downing-st. Rev. DAY K. LEE, Pastor. Services at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Subject for the morning—*The Mysteries of God.* In the evening—*After Death the Judgment.*

THE SIXTH UNIVERSALIST SOCIETY, Rev. S. G. BROOKS, Pastor, will hold their regular services at Everett Rooms, corner 34th-st. and 6th-av., at 3 o'clock P. M. next SUNDAY, instead of 10½ A. M., as heretofore announced. All are invited to attend.

REV. SAMUEL D. BELL, D. D., WILL preach (D. V.) in the 50th-st. Presbyterian Church, between Broadway and 8th-av. at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Subjects: Morning—*The Fall of the Walls of Jericho;* Evening—*Pilgrim's Progress.*

REV. MATTHEW HALE SMITH WILL preach at Dr. DOWLING'S Church, Downing-st., corner BEDFORD, next SABBATH, 20th inst., morning and evening, at 10½ and 7½ o'clock.

PILGRIM BAPTIST CHURCH—ON 33D-ST. west of 8th-av. Preaching SUNDAY, the 20th inst. morning and evening, by Rev. HALSEY W. KNAPP. Baptizing in the evening.

AMERICAN PROTESTANT ASSOCIATION MISSION, No. 100 West 24th-st., near 6th-av. SUNDAY EVENING, May 20, at 7½ o'clock, Rev. W. BELDEN will preach. Seats free.

LOVE FEAST—SECOND ADVENT CHURCH, No. 103 West 24th-st. Preaching at 10½ A. M. Lovefeast 2½. Preaching 7½. Subject: *Both Saint and Lazarus.* Seats free. Come and welcome.

IS THE SOUL IMMORTAL?—BISHOP SNOW, of Mount Kisco, will preach in University Building, Washington-square, on SUNDAY, at 3 P. M., on the above important question. Seats free.

REV. DR. WESCOTT WILL PREACH IN his church, south side of 23d-st., between 7th and 8th avs., on SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Both sermons to the young.

CHAPEL OF THE HOLY TRINITY—34th-st., near 5th-av.—Rev. WM. DIAMOND will preach in the MORNING, and Rev. EDWARD O. FLAGG in the EVENING. Seats free.

THE FIFTEENTH-ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, (Dr. ALEXANDER'S,) between Irving-place and 3d-av. Services at 10½ A. M. and 4 P. M.

FREE CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION, 14th-st., between 3d and 4th avs. Divine service every SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

SAINT THOMAS CHURCH.—R. W. WILLIAMS, Sexton and Undertaker, No. 278 6th-av.

TO CHURCHES.—A PERSON WHO HAS HELD the position of Sexton for several years, and given entire satisfaction, is desirous of obtaining the same position in a Presbyterian or Dutch Reformed Church. The very highest testimonials produced. A liberal salary is expected. Address, stating the amount of salary, &c., SEXTON, Box No. 157 Times Office.

SEXTON—TO CHURCH OFFICERS—A COMPEtent person who holds the above position is desirous of obtaining the same position in a church in the upper part of the City; ample references as to qualifications and respectability. Address CHURCH, Box No. 168 Times Office.

CALVARY CHURCH.—PEW FOR SALE IN a desirable location, No. 66 south transept. Apply to S. BRUSH, No. 19 Front-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—IN A HEALTHY LOCATION, BY A careful private family, for three or four months, a country house comfortably furnished, not less than 10 rooms, with garden, fruit and shade grounds, within two hours of City Hall, by boat or rail; must state exactly location, time, means of getting to and fro; none others noticed; rent not to exceed $150 per month. Address R. H. T., Box No. 1,870 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—WITHOUT BOARD, BY A SINGLE young man, a neat, moderate-sized furnished room on or near DeKalb-av., above Bedford, Brooklyn; rent paid in advance, and reference given if required. Address, stating terms, C. B. H., Box No. 4,850 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—IN THE COUNTRY, A FURNISHED house, with a lawn and some ground, from June 15 to September 15 or October 1. Address L. T. Y., Box No. 115 Times Office, stating the rent and describing the place.

A SUITE OF OFFICES WANTED IMMEDIATELY upon basement, first or second floors, in the neighborhood of Wall-st. and Broadway; suitable for the profession of the subscriber. STANLEY DAY, No. 319 4th-av.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 19, 1866.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
14th-st., corner of Irving-place.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 1 o'clock, ERNANI and FAUST.

WINTER GARDEN.
Broadway, between Bleecker and Amity sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, CONNIE SOOGAH. Characters by Mr. Barney Williams, Mrs. Barney Williams, Mme. Ponisi, Miss Blanche Grey, Mrs. H. P. Grattan, Mr. Buell, Mr. C. Walcot, Miss Flynn.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, BELPHEGOR, THE MOUNTEBANK. Characters by Messrs. J. G. Burnett, J. W. Collier, George Becks, D. E. Ralton, J. W. Blaisdell, E. B. Holmes, E. Barry, W. H. Danvers, Miss Mary Wells, Maria Maeder, Mrs. Chanfrau, &c.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, IT IS NEVER TOO LATE TO MEND. Characters by Messrs. Frederic Robinson, John Gilbert, Charles Fisher, Mark Smith, Miss Ione Burke, George Holland, Young, Miss Madeline Henriques, Miss K. Barrett, Miss Scott.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾, THE THREE GUARDSMEN. Cast including every member of the company.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway.
THIS AFTERNOON, Mr. Gates' CHAMPION MARE, BLACK BESS. THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, Miss ADAH ISAACS MENKEN as MAZEPPA, and Mr. Gates' CHAMPION MARE, BLACK BESS.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Canal and Hester sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾, THALABA, THE DESTROYER; GALE BREEZELEY, and THE ROBBERS OF THE HEATH.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Bayard and Canal sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¼ o'clock, THE WEPT OF WISH-TON-WISH and THE FLYING DUTCHMAN

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
AUSTRALIAN BIRD SHOW, THIS AFTERNOON at 2. EVENING at 7¼ o'clock: BENDITO; or, THE CHILDREN OF THE ZINOALI; INFANT DRUMMER, DWARFS, GIANTESS, 100,000 CURIOSITIES.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.
Broadway, between Grand and Broome sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock—The Ethiopian Fun Makers in their eccentricities: TAMING THE ELEPHANT, LES MISERABLES, OUR AFRICAN POLKA, &c., &c.

GEO. CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS,
Adjoining Fifth-avenue Hotel.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 2 o'clock, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, NEW ACTS, BURLESQUES and PETER PIPES.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS AND HIPPOTHEATRON.
14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 2½ o'clock, MATINEE.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, ROBINSON, THE CHAMPION HORSEMAN, with his juvenile protege, CLARENCE; Mlle. DE BERG, the dashing Parisian Equestrienne.

SOMERVILLE ART GALLERY,
No. 845 Broadway.
THIS DAY, Painting—SEALERS CRUSHED BY ICEBERGS.

STUDIO BUILDINGS,
No. 15 West 10th-st.
THIS DAY AND EVENING—MARBLE STATUES.

IRVING HALL,
Irving-place, corner 15th-street.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, GRAND COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT.

IRVING HALL,
Irving-place, corner 15th-st.
THIS AFTERNOON, commencing at 3½ o'clock, GRAND MORAL FESTIVAL.
SUNDAY EVENING, commencing at 8 o'clock, GRAND SACRED CONCERT.

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H. J. RAYMOND & CO.,
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To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, yesterday, several petitions were offered; among others, one for the trial of Jefferson Davis by a court-martial. A bill was reported back from the Military Committee to provide for the publication of the official history of the war. A resolution was passed authorizing the Adjutant-General of Ohio to distribute through the mails, free of charge, certain medals voted to veteran soldiers by the Ohio Legislature. The House bills, in relation to the metrical system of weights and measures, were referred to a Special Committee of five, on motion of Mr. Sumner. The Senate receded from its amendment to the bill to fix the time and change the place of holding United States Courts in Virginia, and the bill was passed. The amendment referred to struck out a provision authorizing the Chief-Justice to call extra sessions of the Court. An act relating to pensions was called up by Mr. Lane, of Indiana, which was amended and passed. The bill is printed in our Congressional report. After the consideration of some private-pension bills, the Senate adjourned till Monday.

In the House a resolution was adopted instructing the Committee on Public Lands to inquire whether a system cannot be devised for the encouragement of the planting of woods and forests in regions destitute of timber. A bill to provide for the better protection of frontiers was introduced and referred. A bill was passed to prevent and punish kidnapping. The Senate bill recognizing the railroad bridge at Rouse's Point as a post road was taken up and passed. A bill was passed to establish a reform school in the District of Columbia. A bill was passed to amend a section of the Maryland Declaration of Rights, so far as it applies to the District of Columbia. A resolution was adopted, without debate, declaring Mr. Delano entitled to his seat as Representative from the Thirteenth District of Ohio. Mr. Schenck reported a bill for the equalization of bounties. The bill is reported in full in the Congressional proceedings. Action will be taken on it next week. The House resumed consideration of the Tax Bill. Various amendments were offered and debated, and several of them adopted. It was ordered that the proceedings to-day should be confined to general debate, as if in Committee of the Whole on the President's Annual Message.

GENERAL NEWS.

Major-Gen. Woods, at Mobile, has, by order of President Johnson, directed that Raphael Semmes, ex-commander of the pirate *Alabama*, be not permitted to hold the office of Judge of the Probate Court of Mobile County, or any other civil or political office, while he remains unpardoned by the President.

The official majority for Governor at the recent election in New-Hampshire is as follows: Whole number, 65,636. Frederick Smyth had 35,137; John G. Sinclair, 30,481; scattering, 18. Smyth's majority, 4,638. The five Republican Counselors are elected by majorities varying from 1,560 to 157.

The Syracuse *Journal* states that Rev. Dr. Fisher has resigned the Presidency of Hamilton College, and that he will probably be succeeded in that position by Prof. Anson J. Upson, whose abilities, accomplishments and worth fully justify his selection for the honorable and important station.

While a construction train, with a number of laborers on board, was passing over the railroad bridge at Clarksville, Tenn., 100 feet high, one of the spans gave way, precipitating the cars into the water. Several lives, it is said, were lost.

The New-Orleans *Times* of May 12 announces that the ex-rebel Gen. Henry T. Hays, just elected Sheriff of that city, has received his pardon from Washington.

The ex-rebel Gen. J. B. Gordon was in Atlanta, Ga., a few days since. He is now engaged in the lumber business in Brunswick, and is doing a remunerative business.

Information has been received of the death of Bishop Burgess, of Maine, while returning from the West Indies, whither he had been for his health. He was a native of Providence, R. I.

Col. Sloo, Postmaster at Cairo, Ill., has been removed, and Col. Graham is named as his successor.

The French 74-gun frigate *Dumbarton* passed Fortress Monroe on Thursday, on her way to Annapolis, Md.

The oil excitement in Canada is on the increase. Dispatches from Petrolia report two more strikes of oil, making six wells started during the week. The aggregate yield of the 33 wells at Petrolia is given at about 1,000 barrels per day. The rush to that region is lately on the increase.

The *Moravian* has brought a Bull of the Pope creating Bishop of St. Hyacinthe, Canada, Rev. Mr. Charles Larocque, hitherto priest of St. John's.

LOCAL NEWS.

Several elaborate reports were read at the meeting of the Metropolitan Board of Health yesterday. Dr. Stone, who had enjoyed repeated interviews with the officers of the City Gas Companies, feels quite sure that they will at no remote day discover a means of remedying the evils of which citizens complain. The Port Physician reported that there was neither a new case of cholera nor a death on board the hospital-ship on Thursday. An Inspector of Milk and Milch Kine was appointed. Medical Director Smith submitted a plan for accommodating in the Battery Barracks the cellar population of the City, and the subject of prohibiting the sprinkling of the streets after 7 o'clock in the morning was discussed.

In the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, Judge Russel passed sentence upon Thomas Golden, for robbery in the first degree, ten years in the State Prison; Robert Smith, attempt to commit burglary in the first degree, two years and six months; George Harrison, petit larceny from person, four years. To the Penitentiary, Joseph Main, Jr., attempt at burglary in the third degree, one year; Charles Hieland, for the same offence, one year; Anson Spencer, petit larceny from person, two years; Nettie Brown and Lizzie Roberts, attempt at grand larceny, City Prison thirty days each; and Annie Smith, for picking a pocket, State Prison for five years.

An action to recover the sum of $5,000 has been brought by Charles H. McDonald against Matthew White, in the Supreme Court Circuit. The trial was commenced yesterday before Justice Foster and a Jury, and will be continued on Monday. The cause of the suit has grown out of the incendiary fire which occurred on the 9th of December, 1863, foot of Tenth and Christopher streets, North River, when rebel sympathizers set fire to barges, canal boats, schooners, &c., containing hay, oats and other kinds of forage, destined for the Union army. The loss, as our reader may remember, was very great.

Mr. Acton being ill, there was not a quorum at the meeting of the Board of Excise yesterday, and as that body can do no legal act except in the presence of all its members, no licenses were granted. Should Mr. Acton be unable to attend the meeting on Tuesday, the Board will assemble at his dwelling, and there grant licenses.

In the Court of Oyer and Terminer, Justice Ingraham yesterday sentenced Henry Otto Claus to State Prison for two years, and John O'Brien for three years. The Court also denied the motion of the District-Attorney for the removal of the libel case of Judge Cardozo against C. Bainbridge Smith back to the General Sessions.

The Jumel Will case has been postponed by Justice Barnard, on motion of the defendants, to the first Monday of October next, with the order that it shall be placed on the calendar for that day, with a preference, for trial, without any further postponement or delay.

Wm. Churchill and five others, emigrant runners, were arrested yesterday by Capt. Harty, of the Harbor Police, on a bench warrant issued by Judge Russel. They were committed for trial for alleged violations of the new law relating to emigrant vessels in port.

A fire broke out about 1 o'clock yesterday morning at No. 91 Mercer-street, occupied by several picture-frame makers and other workers in wood. Aggregate loss, in stock, machinery and building, about $14,000; covered by insurance.

On Thursday evening Thos. Gaffney died at Bellevue Hospital of injuries received while endeavoring to escape from a bank caving in at No. 457 Broadway. An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner Gover, resulting in a verdict of accidental death.

An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner Gover on the body of Frank Christy, a porter, whose death was the result of injuries received by a fall through a hatchway on the 12th inst. A verdict of accidental death was rendered.

Decrees of divorce were granted yesterday in the Supreme Court, Justice Barnard presiding, in the cases of Mary Sternberg against her husband, Cesar Sternberg, and Solomon Levi against his wife, Rachel Levi.

Eliza Swift, 27 years of age, and a native of England, attempted suicide last night by cutting her throat with a table-knife, while laboring under an attack of *delirium tremens*. She was removed to Bellevue Hospital for treatment.

The body of an unknown man was found floating in the East River yesterday, by the Eleventh Precinct Police, who state that the deceased has been probably murdered.

At the close, yesterday, Treasurer Manierre, of the Metropolitan Board of Excise, had received $335,950. Inspector Bartram had received and passed 5,300 indorsed applications for license.

To-day the Excise Board's Committee on Applications will hear the last of the appeals from Brooklyn, the Police Precincts to be heard being the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, Forty-seventh and Forty-ninth.

Ernest Sureau Lamirande, charged with embezzlement in France, was before United States Commissioner Betts yesterday, under the Extradition Treaty between France and the United States.

Mr. Isaac Bell yesterday resigned his position as President of the Board of Commissioners of Charities and Corrections. Mr. Bowen was elected in his place, and Mr. Nicholson was elected Secretary.

Thomas Loftus, *alias* Boyle, was before United States Commissioner Betts yesterday, on a charge of defrauding the Government by means of false papers.

Carl Noelte is expected to be produced before United States Commissioner Newton to-day, for extradition.

There was rather more activity in Produce and Merchandise yesterday, but the changes in prices were generally against sellers, the main exceptions having been Cotton and Tallow, which were firmer. Freights were quiet.

The export demand for Gold for this day's steamers amounted to about four and a half million of dollars, making eight millions sent to Europe this week. Gold steady at 129⅞@130. Money easy and Stocks active.

Our Standing Army—Grant's Letter.

The points urged by Gen. Grant, in his letter of suggestions to Congress concerning the reorganization of our standing army, are of so obvious a character that they have been put forth again and again by the Press of the country. Grant gives them the weight of his authority, and in doing so, with his large knowledge of the condition of affairs and the entire bearings of the subject, puts them beyond further dispute. He has done a valuable service, however, in letting his preferences become definitely known as between the army bills of the Senate and House respectively, as well as in setting forth his opinions relative to the several great but not yet settled questions of army organization.

Grant does not desire a large standing army. It might add to the importance of his own position to be at the head of a hundred thousand men, and he would have no difficulty in disposing of this force in the various forts, posts, and garrisons of the Southern and Western States. He might make a show of frequently putting them to use too, by making large displays in connection with such occurrences as that at Memphis, such affairs as that reported in Arizona, or such a condition of things as that which exists in Utah. It is never very hard to find work for soldiers, and the temptation of putting them to service is one of the strongest objections to a large standing army. Another excuse for a large army can always be found in pretended preparations for the possible contingencies of the future. We may have war about Mexico, or about the fisheries, or about the Ecuadorian dispute; and either one of these events being within the limits of the possible, it behooves us to keep a large army in readiness for their occurrence.

But Grant sets aside or ignores all pretension and speculation. He shows how few are the purposes for which troops are really needed in this country as a permanent thing, and how simple are their duties. They are needed to protect the settlers and travelers on the Western Plains from the savages, and they are needed to preserve order in the South, or, as Grant still more softly phrases it, to "give a feeling of security to the Southern people." For the former purpose a much greater number of troops is now needed than ever before; but for the latter object only a "small military force" is required. He therefore indorses emphatically the Senate bill, which makes provision only for fifty regiments of infantry, and which will give us a military force of all arms somewhere in the vicinity of fifty thousand men.

We hope that now, at last Congress will give us a military bill, and fix for the country its permanent military establishment. We have repeatedly urged action on the subject as forcibly as we could. We doubt not that the statements of the Lieutenant-General will now be listened to; for, though his arguments cannot be novel to either House, they have a force that cannot be turned aside. Of the prompt action of the Senate in what now remains for it to do, there is no doubt, and of the equally prompt action of the House there should be none.

Representation and its Basis—The Subject of Reconstruction.

Some days since we made some comments upon the following paragraph from one of the "Veteran Observer's" letters in the Times:

> "I don't believe it is at all necessary that the rebel States should govern this country. I don't mean myself to help them to that result. I don't mean to say anything about it, except this: In my opinion, *if the rebel States are not represented in Congress during the next ten years, the country will be a great deal better off for it.*"

We expressed the belief that this opinion, whether literally correct or not, was directly hostile to the fundamental principle, not only of our Government, but of Republican institutions. It is quite possible that "the country might be better off" if eleven States and eight millions of people, who are to be taxed for its debts and its support, and held in all respects subject to its laws, should be excluded for ten years from representation in Congress or in any other department of the Government. Upon this point we are not now called on to express our opinion. All we have to say is, that it would be mockery to speak of such a Government as in that case ours would be, as in accordance with the Constitution of the United States, or as in any sense a Republic. Perhaps the country will be "better off" if we discard the Constitution, abolish it by act of Congress with the silent acquiescence of the people, and quietly convert our Republican Government into a hybrid oligarchy or a sectional despotism. That point we do not care just now to discuss. But we don't think it worth our while to shut our eyes to the fact that, by acting on the opinion uttered by our correspondent, we are actually making of our Government something very different from the Republic it was originally intended to be.

In last Thursday's Times, "A Veteran Observer" professedly recurs to this subject, but he really discusses a very different one. He now reasons, with earnestness and cogency, against giving to the Southern States "representation without electors,"—that is to say, representation of their slaves who have been set free by the war, so long as these freedmen are not allowed to vote. He thinks that is unjust, unequal, utterly and flagrantly wrong. So do we; and we will go just as far as he or any one else in applying a proper, constitutional remedy. But we do not think it wise or necessary to destroy our form of government in order to correct one of its incidental evils.

Our correspondent is of course aware that "representation without electors," (in his sense of the phrase,) has been tolerated in our Government from the very beginning. It was expressly provided for in the Constitution. *Three-fifths* of all the slaves were allowed to be represented, while there was not a single elector among them. Our fathers put this provision into the Constitution for good and sufficient reasons. The States and the people ratified it and have sanctioned it down to the present moment. Indeed, a representation *based upon voters* has not only never obtained, but has never been strongly advocated, by any party or by any considerable number of persons, in the Union or in any State, until now. It does not prevail in Ohio, nor in New-York, nor in any other State of the Union, unless possibly in one or two of the New-England States. Possibly the time has come to change it. We think so, and will advocate and aid the change. But it is not worth while to fall into the error of supposing that representation *of any but electors* is a new heresy, or that it is, in the South or elsewhere, a result of the rebellion.

All there is of it is just this: the war, by freeing the slaves, has increased the number of those persons in the South who are represented, without being electors, by just *two-fifths*, in accordance with the terms of the Constitution. Formerly 100 slaves in the South counted as 60 persons in the basis of representation; now being free they count for 100. The principle is precisely the same; it has not been changed in the least. But in its practical application it works a greater inequality and injustice. Nor is it strictly accurate to say that this is the result of the rebellion. It is the direct effect of the abolition of Slavery, and that was the act of *our* Government—not of the South. Their rebellion of itself would not have freed their slaves and thus secured for them this increase of representation. *We* inflicted abolition upon them, even at the cost of this incidental advantage. Before the war we would gladly have given them this increase, if they would abolish Slavery. But they would not—it was giving too much for the whistle. *We* abolished it, and the whistle fell to them, in due course of constitutional law.

But we agree fully in the opinion that the basis of representation should be changed so as to remedy this inequality. It has become now so large as to make itself very seriously and injuriously felt upon the practical working of the Government. How shall that change be effected? Clearly it can only be done by amending the Constitution:—first, by the action of *two-thirds* of each House of Congress, and next by the assent of *three-fourths* of the States. The action of Congress is easily secured. *How shall the assent of the States be gained?* Thaddeus Stevens, and those who follow him, say *by force*; by excluding the Southern States from representation until they yield their consent—and our correspondent seems to concur in this view of the case. We do not, (1) because we have no right, under the Constitution, to enforce any such terms as a condition of representation; (2) because the attempt would fail, and involve the country in renewed commotion, if not in revolution; and (3) because, if successful, it would not contribute to the peace, concord and prosperity of the nation. The assent of the States must be secured by other means. It must be a willing, not an enforced, assent. We ask the Southern States to surrender a share of *political power*. We must offer them something as an inducement—something which they will recognize as an equivalent,—something from which they can derive advantage, material or moral, in some degree commensurate with the sacrifice they are required to make.

What that equivalent may be we shall not now consider or suggest. But if the temper of the public mind would permit the discussion of the subject from this point of view; if wise, calm foresight, and a regard for the peace and prosperity of the whole country could take the place of the resentments, the passions and the just indignation which are the natural outgrowth of the war, and be made the basis of legislative action upon this subject, there would be very little difficulty, we are confident, in devising measures upon which the President, Congress, and both sections of our common country could cordially unite.

Preparations for War in Europe.

Europe echoes with the preparations for war from one end to the other. Prussia has put six *corps d'armée* on a war footing; she is buying horses, making ammunition, and transporting artillery by every train toward the southeast. Silesia and Saxony are to be the battle-grounds—as they have been for centuries—and the Government of the latter country has been notified that she must disarm. As Saxony is notoriously in favor of Austria, and Dresden is one of the most important points between Prussian and Austrian territory, we shall in all probability hear of the occupation of Saxony by a Prussian *coup de main*, so that the battles may be fought in Bohemian territory, with Saxon resources aiding Prussia. Prussia replies to Austria that she will not disarm, because Austria is arming on the borders of Italy, and it is well known that in thirty hours the regiments in Dalmatia and Southern Austria could be transferred to Bohemia.

On the other hand, intense excitement and a financial panic prevails in Vienna. All securities and Government bonds are falling rapidly; the streets are crowded with soldiers; the regiments from Hungary are hurried to the North, and the Emperor confers with the leader of the Hungarian Parliament on the points of satisfying the demands of the Liberal Party; artillery and supplies are pressed toward Trieste on the one side, and Prague on the other.

All the fortified places in Bohemia are warned to lay in sufficient provisions for the inhabitants as well as garrisons; the public moneys are withdrawn from the frontier towns to Vienna; 60,000 horses are being purchased; forced levies are being made on the unfortunate subjects of the Empire, and even old men hurried to the ranks; and, as if the Government feared trouble from Russia, the railroad connecting Transylvania with Vienna is hastened in its construction with all possible dispatch. But the saddest feature of Austrian military preparation—one which ought to call out a protest of indignation from Europe—is the forced conscription of Italians, forcing men in Venetia to fill up the Dalmatian regiments, so that Austria may have no enemies at home while struggling with Italy. Hundreds of these young men of the noblest families, as well as of the masses, are torn away from their homes, and sent, under the terrible military despotism, to serve the Power they hate, in Hungary, or to die from Prussian bullets in Bohemia and Silesia.

But this is in harmony with all Austria's action through history towards her conquered provinces. It is thus that she kindles such undying hate with her subjects. The Emperor is making preparations worthy of the greatness of the stake. An Archduke is placed over the army in Venetia, and the famous Gen. Benedek nominally serves under him; 160,000 men are already concentrated between Venice and the Po; the four historical fortresses are placed in such a condition that it is said they can stand a six months' siege; the Imperial fleet is being equipped and Italian sailors from the coast pressed into it. All signs show that the Government at Vienna are preparing a tremendous blow, which, perhaps, they hope may extinguish the Italian Kingdom before help can come.

But, as we showed yesterday, the Italian Government are not idle. The first preparations for a modern war are the financial, and the Italian Parliament are making these with the spirit of our Congress in 1861, though, perhaps, with less discretion. Even the Liberal Party have voted unanimously with the Conservatives, to give the unpopular Minister of Finance almost absolute control over the finances, to issue legal tender, place loans and levy taxes.

The paper of the National Bank is already made legal tender, which is equivalent to a loan to the Government of $50,000,000. Gold is 108. The regiments from Naples and Southern Italy are called to the north, and their places supplied by volunteers; troops are summoned from every side, and it is believed that Victor Emanuel will have soon some four hundred thousand men concentrated in Northern Italy. Two important rumors circulate even in the conservative Press. One that Ricasoli, the true friend of the independence of Italy, and her most able statesman, is to be recalled to power, and the other, that Garibaldi is to be put at the head of his favorite corps, the volunteers, to fight either on the mountain-declivities of Northern Lombardy or to be conveyed by sea to the Northern Adriatic, and make a demonstration in the rear of the Imperial forces.

Wherever he is, his name will be worth a host to the Italian cause. The Italian fleet seems ready to move toward the Adriatic, and every possible preparation is being made for a terrible and protracted struggle. The war finds unbounded enthusiasm in the hearts of the Italian people. Italy makes her first independent stroke for national existence.

Of the position of France, we only have M. Rouher's speech as indication, which is as enigmatical as his master's purposes. The few hints, however, conveyed in it, are for the present a neutrality by France, with no pledges for the future.

Coincidences.—Our Congress is not the only legislative body that ejects members upon an examination of their credentials. The British House of Commons has done quite a brisk business in that line during the present session. *Nine* members have been unseated for bribery at elections, and by some rather singular fatality it happened that all but *two* of them were supporters of the Government. If they had kept their seats the Ministerial majority on the Reform Bill would have been twelve instead of five. All the members ejected thus far from Congress have been Democrats.

Columbia College—A Randall's Island Graduate.—Long years ago a bright orphan boy named Wm. Washington Smith, on Randall's Island, attracted the attention of the Governors, who finding him intelligent and faithful interested themselves in his behalf. Though laboring under physical disadvantages, the orphan boy has, as a clerk in the Surrogate's office, not only supported and educated himself, but pursued law studies, obtaining this week the object of his ambition, in his law diploma as a graduate of the Columbia College Law School. In a letter to one of the Governors, thanking him for all their kindness to him, he says: "The poor boy of Randall's Island has at last last achieved his triumph."

This incident reminds us that one of the most distinguished lawyers of South Carolina was a graduate from the Charleston Orphan House, as was Capt. Gedney, of the United States Navy.

Amusements.

Academy of Music.—Meyerbeer's opera of L'Africaine" was given last evening with a cast entirely new. It comes to us with a suddenness which courts comparison—and the comparison is not, we think, favorable to Mr. Grau. Of all the artists who did their best last evening there was only one who came up to the pleasurable experience of the public—Mme. Gazzaniga. This lady was superb in every phrase that she delivered. Her sympathy with the part was perfect; her passion complete; her voice excellent. Of the rest we prefer not to speak.

To-day there will be a *matinée*, when "Ernani" complete, and a part of "Faust" (the third act) will be performed.

Irving Hall.—A complimentary concert will be given to-night to Mr. C. Busch—a gentleman who is disabled by disease from following his profession. The artists who have volunteered for the occasion are Miss Fanny Stockton, Miss Zelda Harrison, Signor Ardavani, Mr. S. B. Mills, Mr. Robert Heller, Mr. Robert Goldbeck, Mr. Theodore Thomas, and Mr. G. W. Morgan. The names of these artists are sufficient to insure a concert of unusual merit, and as all of them hope to help a brother in misfortune, we may rest assured that they will do their best.

Matinee.—Dr. Cutler will deliver his lecture on the "Cathedrals of England," this afternoon at Irving Hall, and will illustrate his lecture, as before, with a choir of one hundred voices—boys and men. There is nothing, and there has been nothing during the entire season, to equal the entertainment thus proffered to the public. The performances commence at 3 o'clock.

Owens in Brooklyn.—Mr. Owens' first night at the Brooklyn Academy of Music drew a tremendous audience. The cast was excellent, the appointments very fair, and the performance a great success. To-night "Solon Shingle" and the "Live Indian" are on the programme, to see which the good people of the City will turn out in great numbers. The management deserve public thanks for the admirable manner in which the credit of the establishment is redeemed from the inferiority into which it was rapidly falling.

Political Condition of the Country—The Question of Restoration.

INTERESTING LETTER FROM A REPUBLICAN JUDGE.

Judge H. L. Comstock, of Wyoming County, New-York, who has been a prominent and influential Republican, has published a letter on the political condition of the country. He says the question to be decided is, whether the Union is saved or destroyed. The Congressional Joint Committee virtually tells us that it is destroyed, and that amendments to the Constitution, to be ratified by each of the States lately in rebellion, are necessary to its restoration. It is, he says, absurd to suppose that it can ever be restored on such terms. If this policy prevails, the Union is destroyed. The effect of adopting the report of the Committee will be to unite the South and divide the North. The Union party can never stand together on such a platform, and whoever believes it can, must be very ignorant of the signs of the times. The States lately in rebellion will become more and more disaffected, and, if held at all, must be held as subject provinces by military force. Nothing but absolute necessity should lead to the adoption of such a policy, and it will be difficult to convince the world that such a necessity exists when there is not an armed rebel in the land, nor the slightest reason to fear another rebellion, unless a portion of the people are denied their rights. Loyal members ought to be allowed to take their seats, and Congress cannot deny the right of representation to any portion of the people without violating the Constitution and dissolving the Union. Either these States are *not in* the Union, or else they are entitled to representation. There can be no middle ground. To say that they are out of the Union is to confess that the war failed in its object, or else to give the lie to everything we said as to what that object was while the war was going on. The report of the Committee, moreover, treats these States as within the Union, by calling on them to ratify an amendment to the Constitution, which they could not do if they were out of it. If Congress had admitted those members who were loyal, and rejected only those who were disloyal, then we should have had Union and peace, and the loyal sentiment of the South would have been encouraged; but when both loyal and disloyal are treated alike, nothing but harm can ensue. The questions forced upon our attention are of the gravest character. They touch the fundamental principles of the Government. The policy which treats the Union as having been preserved by the war, and the States as entitled to all their rights under the Constitution, is the only one that can restore peace and prosperity to the country. Leading traitors, perhaps, ought to be punished, but we ought to rejoice to see Southern States and the Southern people renewing their allegiance, and sending loyal men to the councils of the nation.

A Curious Statement about Santa Anna and Secretary Seward.

The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette*, makes the following statement, upon his own responsibility, no doubt:

It is known that Santa Anna came to this country through the influence of Secretary Seward. Santa Anna was expected last week, Friday, at which time, it will be remembered, it was telegraphed over the country that Mr. Seward had gone to Auburn; but the non-arrival of the steamer *Georgia*, upon which Santa Anna was, delayed his trip until Saturday; but still the vessel did not come. On Sunday Santa Anna was announced. On Monday Mr. Seward, accompanied by his private Secretary, went in a private car to Jersey City, reaching Taylor's Hotel in that city at daylight on Tuesday. He registered his own name unofficially, and his Secretary, upon being requested to register, declined. Several men from Elizabethport, where Santa Anna's party is stopping, reached the hotel at a very early hour, and were in waiting for Mr. Seward. The interview lasted for some time, and from the description given of one of the party he is belived to be Santa Anna himself. Mr. Seward left Jersey City at 11 A. M. the same day for Auburn. This is the second attempt that has been made to get Santa Anna into this country since Mr. Seward's interview with him at St. Thomas last Winter. The first effort failed, although a vessel was sent specially for him. Upon the last occasion he was given to understand that if he expected to accomplish anything he must come here at once, because matters were in such a shape that further delay would be fatal to the proposed plans, whatever they were. Santa Anna's devotion to the liberal cause is believed to be an arranged blind.

Funeral of Preston King.

The Ogdensburgh *Journal* of May 17, says:

"The remains of Mr. King, in charge of Preston K. Webster and Martin Thatcher, arrived here Wednesday noon, by way of the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburgh Railroad. They were met at the depot by a large number of citizens, and conveyed to the late residence of the deceased.

In the morning the flags of the village, public and private, were set at half-mast, and upon the arrival of the remains all places of business were closed and kept closed till the funeral obsequies were over. At 2 P. M. the funeral took place, Rev. Dr. Peters officiating and performing the rites and ceremonies of the Episcopal Church.

As it moved to the last resting-place of the deceased, the bells of the village tolled. The remains were deposited in the Ogdensburgh Cemetery, by the side of the father and mother and other friends of Mr. King, and they were lowered to the tomb, at his native home, by the hands of his warmest friends, and surrounded by those who loved him while living, mourned him when dead, and felt it an honor to be his townsman and fellow-citizen."

THE VIRGINIA UNION CONVENTION.

ADOPTION OF A PLATFORM AND PLAN OF ACTION.

Proceedings of the Convention Yesterday—Resolutions Adopted in Favor of Universal Suffrage Without Distinction of Color, and of Disfranchising for a term of Years all Persons who Adhered Voluntarily to the Rebellion.

Alexandria, Va., Friday, May 18.

The Union Convention met this morning, Hon. John Minor Botts in the Chair, when Mr. Hill offered the following:

Resolved, That accepting as the settled policy of this Convention, the resolutions and reports agreed upon, we organize ourselves into a permanent political organization, to be known as the Union Republican Party of Virginia.

Resolved, That a State Committee, consisting of nine members, be appointed by this Convention, to act until the meeting of the next annual Convention of this party.

Resolved, That the State Central Committee be authorized to proceed as soon as in their judgment it may be deemed advisable, in forming County Central Committees in each county of the State, the members of such County Committee to be appointed for the first year by the State Central Committee, and afterwards by the County Convention.

Resolved, That the State Central Committee be invested exclusively with the power to call State Conventions of the party, and that the County Central Committee be invested exclusively with the power to call County Conventions of the party.

After some little debate the resolutions were adopted.

The following were reported from the Committee on Resolutions:

Resolved, That we rejoice that both the Executive and Legislative branches of the National Government desire the establishment of the great principle of equality of civil and political rights, we regret that they differ in opinion as to the legitimate mode of gaining the same end, and we whose interests are so much affected by this question, deem it our duty not to remain silent; therefore, as we are unable by any representation in Congress to take part in the national councils we will do all we can to bring about the mutual wish of the President and Congress by iniating State action in favor of impartial qualified suffrage, which, in our opinion, is one of the requisites of a republican form of government.

Resolved, That the accountability of the legislative and executive branches of the government of a State to the whole people is the only safeguard against the enacting of partial and unjust laws, and the only sure protection against tyranny and oppression in the execution of all laws, so that if any considerable portion of the community is denied a voice in the elections, that portion of the people will be denied such protection as ought to exist in rights of person and property.

Resolved, That the doctrine of the right of secession was the principal issue of the late civil war, and that no policy of reconstruction is safe which does not provide against the possibility of that issue arising again.

Resolved, That while the late rebels affect to accept the situation, they not only hold the same opinions still in regard to that issue, but openly advocate their views in that respect as the basis of party action in the future, as we believe for the purpose of accomplishing with votes what they have failed to accomplish with bayonets.

Resolved, That the Chairman of this Convention be authorized to appoint a Committee of five or eight persons, whose duty it shall be to visit the President to ascertain his feelings with reference to the objects and action of this Convention, and that this Committee be requested to get from the President and Congress their indorsement of our action.

Resolved, That the Union Republican party of Virginia, believing that knowledge is power, and that an enlightened and virtuous people can never be enslaved, and that the maintenance and perpetuation of republican institutions depends naturally upon the education of the masses of the people, therefore are in favor of a system of free schools, whereby universal education may be disseminated.

The report is signed by George Tucker, of Alexandria; G. P. King, of Frederick; J. H. Clements, of Portsmouth; P. Dudley, of Henrico; W. R. Smith, of Frederick; J. W. Beemer, of Clark; G. W. William, of Albemarle, and John Hauxhurst, of Fairfax.

Mr. Clements stated that there was considerable debate in the Committee before any conclusion was arrived at. They had come to the conclusion that the policy of Union men in the South should be to avail themselves of the negro element. The Committee intended by using the words "qualified impartial suffrage," to convey the idea that the two races, as to suffrage should be upon the same footing. He could not endorse President Johnson's party, for he had seen its workings; but he could endorse his policy as he had expounded it if he had not seen its workings. While the majority of the Committee stood by the action of Congress, they had deemed it proper that they should not pin their faith to the coat-tails of any sect of men. He had seen men who had driven Union men from their homes passing resolutions indorsing the President, and he had heard one of them say that Lincoln was an usurper and had met his deserts, and that Booth, when the people obtained their rights, would be revered as a patriot.

Mr. Dillon of Albemarle objected to the resolutions, and asked if they had come as sheep to the slaughter? Had they come to make laws for the South, and were they to attempt to force upon the South what she does not want? He had come for the purpose of aiding in building up a strong Republican party. If they adopted the resolutions they would open the door to innumerable evils. Are you prepared again to shoulder the musket? Are you prepared for more bloodshed than they had yet seen? He would admonish the convention to attend to the business for which they had come together, and not to take measures toward giving the right of franchise to a people, the votes of whom could be secured at any time by the use of two barrels of liquor. He moved that the first resolution relating to suffrage be laid on the table.

The motion was lost.

Mr. Gibbons offered the following substitute for the first resolution:

Resolved, That we indorse the action of the Congress of the United States in rendering treason odious and traitors infamous, so far as it has gone; that it is the sense of this Convention that no person should hereafter be capable of holding any office, legislative, executive or judicial, under the Federal or State Governments, who was over the age of 21 years on the 15th of April, 1861, without taking the following oath, in addition to the one now required by law: I, A. B., do solemnly swear that I now and have ever been an enemy to the so-called Southern Confederacy, or to any rebellion or pretended Government unfriendly to the Government of the United States."

Mr. Gibbons said that the time for giving the negroes the right of suffrage had not arrived, and that this Convention would by these resolutions step beyond Congress.

Mr. Tucker, of Alexandria, argued that the elective franchise should in justice be given to the negroes, and that there was not a better way in which to punish the rebels than to make the colored men their equals.

Mr. Pollock objected to the resolutions because they were of the milk-and-water kind, and expressed himself as a friend to Congress. The rebels should be deprived entirely of the right of suffrage.

After further debate, the resolutions were recommitted, and after being received were adopted by a vote of 38 against 37.

The Convention recommended Mr. Botts' plan of reconstruction to Congress, and adjourned *sine die*.

Stormy Weather on the Coast—Reports from Fortress Monroe.

Fortress Monroe, Friday, May 18.

The steamer *Kalorama*, from Charleston for Baltimore, put in here, to-day, under stress of weather. She reports stormy weather outside.

It rained hard here yesterday, and the storm continued to-day from the north.

Fortress Monroe, Thursday, May 17.

The brig *Osceola*, sixty days from Liverpool for Baltimore, arrived within the Capes yesterday. Her mate died on the passage, and was buried here.

The brig *Fusco*, fifty days from Liverpool for Baltimore, with a cargo of salt, also passed the Capes yesterday. Both vessels proceeded up the Bay.

Weather extremely stormy to-day.

The Mission of Gens. Steadman and Fullerton.

Savannah, Friday, May 18.

Gens. Steadman and Fullerton arrived here last night. They left Charleston on Sunday last, and have investigated the working of the Freedmen's Bureau in the Sea Islands. Among the evils that have come to light is the persistent system of overcharge for food and necessaries of life, indulged in by many persons working the plantations. Freedmen are paid fifty cents per task of a quarter of an acre, and then charged $3 a bushel for corn, the which cost the planter thirty cents.

Proceedings of the Presbyterian Assembly at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Friday, May 18.

In the Old-School Assembly to-day, Dr. McLean offered a resolution that until the Assembly shall have examined and decided upon the conduct of the Louisville Presbyterian Commissioners, the Reform shall be excluded from the Assembly; which, under considerable discussion, passed by a vote of 201 yeas against 50 nays.

A committee of seven was appointed to report upon the case of the Louisville Presbytery, also upon the case of Drs. Brookes and Anderson, of St. Louis; Van Dyke, of Brooklyn, and the other Commissioners, who either signed the declaration or testimony, or approved of its principles, and who deserved to fall or stand with its merits. The excluded Commissioners from Kentucky are Stuart, Robinson, Dr. Wilson and Elders Wickoff and Harden. In the New School Assembly nothing of interest took place to-day.

RAILROAD DISASTER.

Railroad Bridge Falls at Clarksville, Tenn.

Louisville, Ky., Friday, May 18.

It is reported that at about 10 o'clock this morning, while a construction train, with a number of hands on board, was passing over the railroad bridge at Clarksville, Tenn., one hundred feet high, one of the spans gave way, precipitating the cars into the water. Several lives, it is said, were lost.

The wires are interrupted, and no further particulars of the disaster are attainable at present.

Clarksville, Tenn., Friday, May 18.

The accident to-day occurred to a wood train with a heavy engine. The west span of the bridge became a total wreck. Six whites and thirteen negroes on the cars were precipitated eighty feet into water. But one negro was killed, Smith Erwin, the wagoner, was badly bruised, also George Akens, brakeman. The fireman was not hurt. J. C. Davis, the conductor, was bruised about the head. Five or six negroes were more or less bruised, and the rest were uninjured.

The accident is attributed to the rottenness of the timbers of the bridge.

LOUISIANA.

Flood in the Red River—Great Damage to the Crops.

New-Orleans, Friday, May 18.

The Red River and the neighboring waters are rising with great floods. There is a crevasse at Gilmore's, above Shreveport, and others are expected. There is untold suffering in the flooded districts, and it is feared the rise of the Red River will increase the deluge, seriously increase the suffering, and ruin the crops.

The Louisiana cotton crop will be exceedingly small.

A meeting of all foreign shippers is called for general conference.

Cotton is better and quotations are stiff; sales to-day, 1,200 bales; low middling, 33c.@34c.; to-day's receipts, 246 bales; week's receipts, 5,560 bales, against 5,799 last week; exports of the week, 3,512 bales; stock, 157,000 bales. Gold 130¼. Sterling exchange, 142. New-York sight exchange, ¼ per cent. premium for gold.

A line of steamers is to be established between New-Orleas and British Honduras, via Ruatan.

The yellow-fever is prevailing at Vera Cruz; the small-pox at Truxello, and the cholera badley in Gualemata.

Bishop Lay, of Arkansas, was to-day, elected by the Episcopal Convention as the successor of Bishop Polk.

MARYLAND.

Unconditional Union Meeting at Baltimore.

Baltimore, Friday, May 18.

A large meeting of unconditional Union men was held to-night in advocacy of the reconstruction measures of Congress and the maintenance of the Maryland Registry Law. Speaker Colfax sent a letter, expressing his views on the subject.

Speeches were made by Representatives Thomas, of Maryland, and McKee, of Kentucky, Senators Cresswell, of Maryland, Nye, of Nevada, and others.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

The Presbyterian General Assemblies.

St. Louis, Thursday, May 17.

The General Assembly of the Old School Presbyterians met in Dr. Nichol's Church, on the corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, this morning. Dr. Lowry, of New-York, preached the opening sermon.

Three candidates, representing different parties, were nominated for Moderator, with the following result: R. L. Stanton, 158; P. D. Gurley, 75, and S. R. Wilson, 18. Number of Commissioners present, 259.

The General Assembly of the New School Presbyterians also met in Dr. Nelson's Church, on the corner of Fourteenth-street and Lucas-place, this morning. The opening sermon was preached by Dr. Shaw, of Rochester, New-York.

Prof. Hopkins, of Auburn, New-York, was chosen Moderator.

Two hundred and one commissioners were present.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Discovery of an Extensive Coal Mine—Surrender of Indians—Markets.

San Francisco, Friday, May 18.

A dispatch yesterday states that an extensive coal mine had been discovered at Sooke, near Victoria, V. I.

At Fort Whipple, on the 19th, the Moqui Indian warriors arrived and surrendered their arms.

General markets continue dull. The new crops of grain, wool and wine, of a fine quality, are coming to market in great abundance.

Arrived, bark *Brignardallo*, Mezzini, Genoa; steamer *Moses Taylor*, Blethen, San Juan.

San Francisco, Monday May 18.

Thirty-five hundred pounds of Sonora wool sold to-day at 20¼c. Strictly prime wheat, $1 75 ℔ 100 lbs.

Mining shares are weak. Ophir, $422; Alpha, $140; Yellow Jacket, $740; Chollar Potosi, $337; Crown Point, $1,200. Legal-tenders, 78.

A Honolulu letter of April 21 states that a large number of whalers had touched at the port of the Sandwich Islands, and that a brisk whaling business next Fall is anticipated.

The Episcopal Convention at Alexandria.

Alexandria, Va., Friday, May 18.

The Episcopal Council to-day adopted the following:

Whereas, The conditions which rendered necessary the separate organization of Southern dioceses no longer exists, and that organization has ceased by the consent and action of the dioceses concerned; and,

Whereas, The dioceses of Virginia, unchanged as are her principles, deem it most proper under existing circumstances to resume her interrupted relations to the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States; therefore,

Resolved, That this diocese accordingly now resume its condition with the General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States, and that the Bishop be requested to send a copy of this preamble and resolution to the presiding Bishop, and one to the Secretary of the House of Clerical and Lay Delegates.

The Case of Raphael Semmes.

Mobile, Friday, May 18.

The *Evening News* publishes the following order:

Headquarters Department of Alabama,
May 17, 1866.

In compliance with instructions from the President of the United States, it is hereby directed that Raphael Semmes be not permitted to hold or exercise the function of Judge of the Probate Court of Mobile County, or any other civil or political office of trust while he remains unpardoned by the President.

By order of Brevet Maj.-Gen. CHAS. R WOODS.
A. Ramsey Mininger, A. A. General.

Judge Bond will perform the duties of the office in the meantime.

Explosion and Loss of Life.

Montreal, C. E., Friday, May 18.

The steamer *Lion*, on a trial trip yesterday afternoon, exploded her boiler opposite Hochelaga, two miles below Montreal. Six lives were lost and seven persons severely injured.

Mason, of *Trent* notoriety, is staying at St. Lawrence Hall.

Death of Bishop Burgess.

Providence, R. I., Friday, May 18.

Information has been received here of the death of Right Rev. George Burgess, D. D., Bishop of Maine, while returning from the West Indies, whither he had been for his health. He was a native of this city.

The United States Steamer De Soto.

Eastport, Me., Friday, May 18.

The U. S. steamer *De Soto*, Acting Admiral Boggs, left here yesterday for New-York.

Fire in Goldsboro, N. C.

Raleigh, Friday, May 18.

A large fire at Goldsboro last night destroyed a brick block of four buildings, including the offices of the *Daily News* and the National Express Company.

Mississippi Steamer Sunk.

Cairo, Friday, May 18.

The steamer *Memphis* sunk at Island No. 70, on the Mississippi River, on the night of the 16th, and is a total loss. She is insured in Cincinnati for $31,000.

Southern Improvements.

Nashville, Friday, May 18.

The street railroad was opened in Nashville to-day.

POLITICAL.

The Connecticut Legislature.

RESOLUTIONS SUSTAINING PRESIDENT JOHNSON.

In the Connecticut Senate, May 17, the following resolutions came from the House referred to Committee on Federal Resolutions:

GENERAL ASSEMBLY, May Sessions, 1866.

Whereas, The late deplorable civil war having ceased, and the States that instigated armed resistance to the Constitution and laws of the Union, having abrogated their ordinances of secession, and abolished the institution of Slavery as a pledge of good faith in their determination to sustain the Union and the constitutional power of the Federal Government; and

Whereas, The Constitution of the United States is the organic law by which all the States are indissolubly connected and bound together, with equal powers, privileges and rights; and

Whereas, The Constitution provides that "the House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen by the people of the several States," and that "the Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State;" therefore,

Resolved by the General Assembly of Connecticut, That the Senators and Representatives of the eleven States of this Union, at the present time arbitrarily excluded from rightful representation in Congress, *ought to be immediately admitted thereto, subject only to the right of each House to judge of the election returns and qualification of its members.*

Resolved, That we hereby pledge to the President of the United States the support of the General Assembly of Connecticut, in his efforts to "preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States" and in his just and commendable policy for the restoration of the Union.

Resolved, That His Excellency the Governor of this State be and he is requested to transmit a copy of these resolutions to the President of the United States, and to each of our Senators and Representatives in Congress.

Mr. BALLARD, of the Twelfth District, made some remarks ridiculing the resolutions.

Mr. BOND remarked that these resolutions had been offered in good faith. Now there is an opportunity for the Republicans to meet them like men and declare whether they support the President in his plan of pacification or whether they are with Congress. He spoke at considerable length upon the resolutions.

Mr. BALLARD replied: The resolutions doubtless would be respectfully treated by the committee.

Mr. BISHOP remarked that he should have said nothing but for the speech of Mr. BALLARD. That gentleman had characterized the resolutions as slimy and scaly. He wished to know what there was in the resolutions that was scaly. Three years ago those who refused to support the Administration were denounced as opposing the Government. How is it now with those who refuse to support the present Administration?

Mr. HARRISON said that he had no serious objections to the printing of these resolution, still he should support the motion to refer them. While there was much to be commended in them, there was, notwithstanding, "a cat in the meal." He referred to the resolution which speaks of Southern Representatives being arbitrarily excluded from Congress, and denied that such is the case. Five years ago these men left Congress with defiance on their tongues declaring that they could no longer be a part of the nation. Now these men return and declare that Congress arbitrarily excluded them. Mr. HARRISON criticised at length the resolutions.

Mr. ROGERS remarked that he did not make the motion for the purpose of eliciting discussion. At a proper time they would be ready to meet the gentleman in their discussion. At present he thought discussion on them out of order.

The question being on the motion to lay the resolutions on the table for printing it was lost; yeas 9, nays 11.

The yeas were given by the eight Democratic members of the Senate and Mr. BOLTON. They were then referred to Committee; yeas 12, nays 8.

Extra Session of the New-York Senate in June.

STATE OF NEW-YORK, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, }
ALBANY, Saturday, April 21, 1866. }

Whereas, The Senate of the State of New-York, by resolution bearing date on the twenty-third day of March, A. D., 1865, requested me to call the Senate together in extra session, at the Capitol, on the second Tuesday of June following, for the purpose of proceeding to the trial of the charges against the County Judge of Oneida County:

Now therefore, I, REUBEN E. FENTON, Governor of the State of New-York, by virtue of the authority conferred by Section 4, Article 4, of the Constitution of said State, do order and proclaim that the Senate of the State of New-York do convene in extra session, at the Senate Chamber, in the City of Albany, on the second Tuesday of June, A. D., 1866, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of proceeding to the trial of the charges against the County Judge of Oneida County.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto signed my name and affixed the Privy Seal of the State, at [L.S.] the City of Albany, this, twenty-first day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

R. E. FENTON.

By the Governor:
GEORGE S. HASTINGS, Private Secretary.

Senator Lane, of Indiana.

Hon. H. S. LANE, U. S. Senator from Indiana, has written the following letter announcing his determination not to be a candidate for reelection:

SENATE CHAMBER, May 11, 1866.

Editors Lafayette Journal:

DEAR SIRS: The time approaches when a Senator of the United States from Indiana will be elected, and I have been written to by many kind and partial friends, asking whether I intended to be a candidate for reelection to the Senate, I desire thus early and publicly to inform the people of Indiana through the medium of your able and influential journal of my determination in that matter. I will not in *any event* be a candidate for reëlection; my increasing years and declining health and strength admonishing me that I should retire from all active participation in politics after the expiration of my present term of office. I am deeply grateful to the people and Legislature of the noble State of my adoption for their confidence, kindness and support in the past, and have endeavored to show my gratitude by an earnest and honest support of the principles of the Republican Union party, and by a firm and steadfast adherence to the cause of the nation during the last five years of terrible civil war. I can now retire from public life in the confident hope that as the people will by a gratifying unanimity sustain the present wise, just and patriotic position taken by a large majority of both Houses of the present Congress, on the subject of the reconstruction of the States lately in rebellion, we are not far from the realization of those high hopes and holy aspirations which nerved the arms of our brave soldiers in the conflict with armed rebellion, and enabled them to triumph over the hosts of treason in the South and their willing allies in the North. In my official action as United States Senator from Indiana, I have doubtless made mistakes, yet I feel and know that I have been actuated only by a sincere desire to advance the interests and promote the glory of Indiana and the Union of which it is a part; and in looking over my Congressional career, there is no vote that I have given that I would now change or obliterate. I stand on the record as it is made, believing that the loyal men whom I have had the honor in part to represent will give me credit for zeal, honesty and fidelity in their service. In declining further service as their Senator, my only regret is that I have not been able to do more to show myself a worthy representative of a people so loyal, so patriotic and so brave.

I am, very truly, your friend,

R. H. LANE.

[Republican papers will please copy.]

THE NEXT PRESIDENCY.—The Philadelphia *Ledger's* Washington dispatch says:

"It is current talk here that the Southern States are to be allowed representatives in Congress after the lapse of a certain time, provided they will acquiesce in the election of Gen. GRANT to the Presidency. I have the details of the scheme, but as there is not the ghost of a chance of its success, I omit them as so much rubbish."

EXTENT OF THE SESSION OF CONGRESS.—The following paragraph is from a Washington correspondent:

"The project for a recess is said to have been abandoned. Congress will therefore continue in session until the work before them is accomplished, when an adjournment *sine die* (probably about the 1st of July) will be carried. The only thing dreaded, and which stands in the way of an early adjournment, is the removal and appointing power of the President, but this, it is understood, will be arranged satisfactorily (to the Senate) in some way."

A Revolution in Opinion.

When I first introduced the nitrous oxide gas into the dental profession I was ridiculed, laughed at, called "a humbug," &c. It will be remembered how I struggled against all sorts of difficulties at the first, devoting every dollar I received in defending my improvement. I *knew* the value of the gas, and had faith that the people would find it out in time.

The people and profession *have* found it out, and we are now extracting, on an average, for forty patients a day. I doubt if there is a physician in the City who does not recommended patients to me. I am enabled to employ the very best skill the country affords, and have made an arrangement by which I have permanently secured the services of Dr. G. Y. PADDOCK. By long practice, Dr. PADDOCK has acquired wonderful skill in extracting—a fact which all patients acknowledge who send patients to us. We are willing to say to all patients: "We will charge you nothing if we cause you any pain." We make the gas fresh every day, and have never had a failure or accident with it. Office No. 19 Cooper Institute.

[*Advertisement.*] G. Q. COLTON.

Everybody Should Practice Economy in All Things.—One dollar expended now in purchasing a bottle of JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT, by those troubled with a slight Cough or Hoarseness, or Sore Throat, may save the expense of a doctor's bill. A neglected Cough often ends in Consumption. A slight inflammation of the lining of the wind tubes, the usual symptoms of which are a Sore Throat and a Pain in the Breast, will soon lead, through want of attention, to Bronchitis. A day's delay may entail months of suffering. Let the afflicted try at once JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT. It is a standard remedy and its curative properties have been tested by thousands of persons who have recovered their health by its use. Sold by all druggists.

Ladies if you wish Beautiful Boots and Shoes for yourselves and families; good articles; moderate prices, patronize MILLER & CO., No. 387 Canal-st.

Wigs, Toupees and Ornamental Hair, Hair Dye and Dyeing at BATCHELOR'S, 16 Bond-st.

Real Estate Loan and Collection Office OF JOEL D. HARVEY,
No. 78 Lasalle-st., Chicago, Ill.

Will personally attend to the collection of notes, bills, rents, and the general management of property for nonresidents. Moneys invested or loaned on first-class inside property, and ten per cent. interest and principal payable in New-York.

Colgate's Honey Soap.

This celebrated Toilet Soap, in such universal demand, is made from the **choicest materials,** is **mild** and **emollient** in its nature, **fragrantly scented,** and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all druggists and fancy-goods dealers.

We are in the midst of Revolution! Genuine European perfumes are no longer procurable here. The tariff blockades our ports against them. But in their place stands Phalon's "Night-Blooming Cereus," the superlative of all floral extracts, and every American lady wonders, as she inhales its odor, how she could ever have tolerated them.—*Lewistown Democrat.*

A Perfect Horse Ointment.—DALLEY'S GALVANIC HORSE SALVE is a certain and rapid cure for Scratches, Galls, Cuts, Nail Pricks, Sores, Corns, Swellings and Strains. 50 cents a box. Sold by all druggists, and at the depot, No. 49 Cedar-st., New-York.

Cholera!
TYPHUS AND TYPHOID FEVERS!
THEIR CAUSES CHEMICALLY DESTROYED
by the use of disinfectants.
PREPARED BY
THE NEW-YORK DISINFECTANT COMPANY.

It is necessary for the safety of the public health that powerful and certain disinfectants should be used in all chambers, water-closets, privies, sinks, urinals, nurseries, sick rooms, gutters, and wherever the least offensive smell can possibly exist.

As several undoubted cases of cholera have appeared in this City, and as typhus and typhoid fevers almost constantly prevail, it is deemed advisable to recommend the general use of disinfectants.

EVERY HOUSE SHOULD HAVE DR. COURTERAT'S FLUID.
EVERY ROOM OUGHT TO HAVE IT.
EVERY PERSON MUST HAVE A SUPPLY OF IT.
EVERY STABLE SHOULD BE CLEANSED WITH IT.
RAILROADS OUGHT TO CARRY IT.
STEAMSHIPS AND SHIPS MUST CARRY IT.
HOSPITALS AND PRISONS MUST EACH ASSIST IN KEEPING AWAY THESE DREADFUL DISEASES BY USING FREELY
DR. COURTARET'S DISINFECTANTS.

It is now being used by the SANITARY POLICE and SCAVENGERS, under the direction of the BOARD OF HEALTH IN THIS CITY.

It is used by the BOARD OF EDUCATION in all the Public Schools.

It is used by the BOARD OF CHARITIES AND CORRECTION.

It is being used by most of our SEAGOING STEAMSHIPS.

BOWELL & THOMPSON,
No. 42 Cedar-st.

General and sole agents for the United States and the Canadas, to whom all orders should be addressed.

For sale by all druggists and general dealers in the United States and Canadas.

Storage.
BALL, BLACK & CO.
are prepared to receive packages of valuables,
SILVER,
JEWELRY,
CAMEL'S HAIR SHAWLS,
LACES, &c.,

for safe keeping during the Summer, or for a longer period. For a moderate charge they give a complete guarantee against loss or damage by fire or burglars.

No extra charge is made for cartage in the City, either in receiving or delivering packages.

The Agonies of Dyspepsia are aggravated by the sudden changes of temperature and the chilling damps of Spring. Are dyspeptics generally aware—if not they ought to be—that no species of indigestion can resist the operation of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS? Physicians have told the world that dyspepsia is incurable. They should have qualified their statement by saying that the routine treatment would not cure it. There never was a case of it that was not susceptible of being alleviated and cured by a course of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. New-York office, No. 36 Dey-st.

3,500.—The National Brick Machine, with only TWO HORSES, makes 3,500 bricks per hour, with straight, well-defined edges, and the bricks will stand ALL CLIMATES, while those made by the dry pressing machines all CRUMBLE TO PIECES on being EXPOSED TO FROST. A. REQUA, General Agent, No. 141 Broadway, New-York.

3,000 Shingles per hour are made by the EMPIRE SHINGLE MACHINE, with only one-horse power, and will make out of the same amount of timber one-third more shingles than can be made by any sawing shingle machine.

A. REQUA,
General Agent, No. 141 Broadway, N. Y.

Cholera.—Dr. BICKNELL'S SYRUP, the sure and safe remedy, should be in every house. Try it.

Great Fire in Charleston.

MARVIN'S NEW PATENT TRIUMPHANT.

Messrs. W. M. Bird & Co., Charleston, May 2, 1866:

GENTLEMEN: I feel it a duty I owe you to express my entire satisfaction in regard to Marvin's Safes, for which you are agents. They have proved all you have recommended. In the great fire on King-st., April 5, which destroyed "Robb's" block, and my entire stock of groceries and liquors, my books and papers were preserved in good condition, and it affords me great pleasure to testify to the excellent quality of these safes, as they are justly entitled to the highest confidence of the public.

Respectfully yours, W. I. TRIM.

Bankers' and Merchants' Safes of all sizes on hand and to order.

MARVIN & CO., { No. 265 Broadway, New-York. No. 721 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

Gas Fixtures!!!

The attention of the Trade, and of buyers generally, is invited to our extensive stock of
CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, LAMPS, &c.,
of every style and pattern, comprising many beautiful designs entirely new.

ARCHER & PANCOAST,
Manufactory and Warerooms,
Nos. 9, 11 and 13 Mercer-st.

Great Changes on Broadway.

BROOKS is still to be found at the old number, with a new and elegant assortment of goods suited to the present season. Every variety of boots, shoes, gaiters and slippers for ladies, gents and children. No. 575 Broadway.

E. A. BROOKS, Agent.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Preserve your Furs and Woolens.

CEDAR TRUNKS
at No. 368 Broadway. JOHN BLACK & CO.

Marvin's New Patent Alum and Dry Plaster Fire and Burglar Silver Plate Safes. Highly ornamented, and warranted perfectly dry. Also a large assortment of Bankers' and Merchants' Safes. MARVIN & CO., 265 Broadway, and 721 Chestnut-st., Philadelphia.

We challenge the world to find a house ever robbed protected with the BURGLAR ALARM TELEGRAPH. Six years' experience without a failure speaks volumes. E. HOLMES, No. 264 Broadway.

"At the Largest Store in America will be found the completest and most varied assortment of fancy fabrics for Ladies, Young Misses and Infants, ever displayed out of Europe. The diversity of styles is almost limitless at GENIN'S, No. 513 Broadway.

Delicate as Cherry Blossoms.—The exquisite "Snowflake" Hats for Misses, Children and Ladies at GENIN'S, No. 513 Broadway, charm all who see them. Price, untrimmed, $3.

Cholera Specific.—A Sure Preventive and cure. Perfectly reliable in all cases. For particulars, address (inclosing stamp) C. D. HAMMOND, M. D., Keeseville, N. Y.

Schilberg's German Ointment—Warranted a certain cure, without the slightest danger, for Piles, old Wounds, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, all Bone and Skin Diseases, &c. For sale at No. 93 Bowery.

Another Cure.—A Lady who had kept her bed for ten months has been restored to perfect health by one bottle of METCALF'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY. It never fails.

Dyspepsia Tablets, for Indigestion, heartburn. Manufactured only by S. G. WELLING. Sold by all druggists.

Mott's Chemical Pomade restores gray hair without dying; is the finest hair-dressing known; use no dyes or liquid preparation. Depot 81 Barclay-st.

Willcox & Gibbs Sewing-Machine.—A TIGHT STITCH WITH A SINGLE THREAD!—See "Grand Trial of Sewing Machines"—sent free, with sample of work. No. 508 Broadway.

Improved Lock-Stitch Machines for Tailors and Manufacturers. GROVER & BAKER SEWING-MACHINE COMPANY, No. 495 Broadway.

Florence Lock-Stitch Sewing Machines—Best in the world. FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY, No. 505 Broadway.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines for family use, No. 495 Broadway.

Wheeler & Wilson's Lock-Stitch Sewing Machine and Buttonhole Machine, No. 625 Broadway.

Howe Sewing Machine Company.—ELIAS HOWE, Jr., President, 699 Broadway. Agents wanted.

Improved Elliptic Hook Lockstitch Sewing Machines. A. H. SUPLEE, 537 Broadway.

The Last Days of Ex-President MARTIN VAN BUREN were made comfortable by the use of JONAS WHITCOMB'S ASTHMA REMEDY. Letters in our possession from his physician and from Mr. Van Buren himself, express much gratification with the results of its use.

Extract from the "Life of Washington Irving," by his nephew, Pierre M. Irving, vol. IV. page 272:

"The doctor prescribed, as an experiment—what had been suggested by Dr. O. W. Holmes on his late visit—Jonas Whitcomb's Remedy for Asthma,' a teaspoonful in a winegiass of water, to be taken every four hours. A good night was the result."

In no case of purely asthmatic character has it failed to give prompt relief, and in many cases a permanent cure has been effected. No danger need be apprehended from its use. An infant may take it with perfect safety. (See circular.)

JOSEPH BURNETT & CO., Boston,
Sole proprietors.

For sale by all druggists.

Asthma.—A spasmodic affection of the Bronchial Tubes, which are covered with a dry tenacious phlegm. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES will in some cases give immediate relief. For Coughs, Colds, and Throat Disease, the Troches have proved their efficacy.

"An old lady friend having tried many remedies for Asthma with no benefit, found great relief from the Troches."—REV. D. LETTS, Frankfort, Ill.

Piles, Itching Piles—Positively cured, also blind and bleeding piles, fistula, saltrheum and all diseases of the skin by the use of *Rossman's Cure.* No humbug, as a trial will prove. For sale by all respectable druggists. Sent by mail for sixty cents.

DEMAS BARNES & CO., New-York, Agents. ROSSMAN & McKINSTRY, Hudson, N. Y., Proprietors.

Allow Me to Say a Word

For myself. I have been using MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP in my family since first introduced in this city. I think it an excellent article, and would not be without it on any consideration.

Extract from J. D. Adams' letter to Chicago Times.

It softens the gums, reduces inflammation, regulates the bowels, cures wind colic and corrects acidity, gives rest and health to the child and comforts the mother.

Look to your Nerves.—The nervous will find BIOKRENE a sure remedy for all their sufferings, and persons who, from the injudicious use of liquors, have become dejected, and their nervous systems shattered, and constitutions broken down. One trial is sufficient to satisfy the most credulous. Sold by druggists. Depot No. 28 Dey-st., New-York.

Chevalier's Life for the Hair

NEVER FAILS to restore gray hair to its original color, freshness and beauty; will POSITIVELY stop its falling out; will SURELY promote its growth; is CERTAIN to impart life and vigor; will INVARIABLY keep the head in a clean, cool and healthy condition; contains nothing injurious; has NO EQUAL as a HAIR DRESSING, and is indorsed by our best physicians. I assure you, ladies and gentlemen, it is all you require for the hair. Sold by all druggists.

SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D.

All Real Beauty is allied to religion, even although it only approaches the truth. It was this instinct that made the Hindoos wear the EGYPTIAN LOTUS in their mythological processions: but PENNEY, in his DELICIOUS PERFUME from that flower, has surpassed the ancients. WHITMAN & LOVEJOY, Sole Agents, No. 42 Barclay-st.

Moth and Freckles.—Ladies afflicted with discolorations on the face called Moth-patches, or freckles, should use PERRY'S celebrated MOTH and FRECKLE LOTION. It is infallible. Prepared by Dr. B. C. PERRY, dermatologist, No. 49 Bond-st., New-York. Sold by all druggists in New-York and elsewhere. Price $2.

As Henry Clay in eloquence; as Blondell in painting; as Hart in Sculpture; as Bonner in newspaperdom; as Spear in mining; as Perham in North Pacific railroading, so America's beautiful and refined women say, PENNEY is in his EGYPTIAN LOTUS.

Durno's Catarrh Snuff—*Needs no praise.*

☞ 25 cents per box, by all Druggists.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

The Union Button-Hole Machine sold exclusively by the SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, No. 458 Broadway.

Depot for Croquet, at Kirby & Co.'s, No. 633 Broadway, New-York. Orders by mail. Send for catalogue.

MARRIED.

BURCHARD—HAFF.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, May 17, at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. Morgan Dix, D. D., L. J. GREGG BURCHARD, M. D., of New-York, and Miss CARRIE V. HAFF, daughter of the late Jacob Haff, of Newark, N. J. No cards.

CATLIN—BRADFORD.—On Wednesday, May 16, by Right Rev. Horatio Potter, D. D., LL.D., Bishop of New-York, WILLIAM H. CATLIN and MARIAN GRAY, only daughter of Alexander W. Bradford. No cards.

COLE—BOWDEN.—On Wednesday, May 16, by Rev. Thomas Street, ALLAN COLE and MARGARET A., daughter of William Bowden.

GILBERT—CRANE.—On Wednesday, May 16, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. E. R. Gilbert, of Wallingford, Conn., CHARLES E. GILBERT, of Hartford, and VIRGINIA EWING, daughter of A. G. Crane, of Elizabeth, N. J.

MANNING—TOWNSEND.—On Thursday, May 17, by Rev. James Neil, of Philadelphia, ALPHA MANNING and Mrs. MARY A. TOWNSEND, all of this City.

MEEKER—HURD.—On Thursday, May 17, at Trinity Chapel, New-York, by Rev. Francis Vinton, D. D., WM. H. MEEKER, of Chicago, and CARRIE M., daughter of Philo Hurd, Esq., of this City.

MACOWAN—STORY.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, May 17, by Rev. Dr. Budington, DAVID MACOWAN and HANNAH STORY, daughter of the late Samuel Story, of Halifax, Nova Scotia. No cards.

NOLL—RAPELYE.—On Tuesday, May 15, in Trinity Church, Mount Vernon, N. Y., by Rev. W. S. Coffey, Mr. P. NOLL and Miss S. E. RAPELYE.

WHITE—BURTIS.—On Thursday, May 17, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, MORTIMER G. WHITE and EMMA S., eldest daughter of Samuel W. Burtis, all of Brooklyn.

DIED.

ALLEN.—The remains of Mrs. ETHAN A. ALLEN, having arrived from Europe, the funeral will take place from the residence of her father, Dr. Samuel S. Kuypers, No. 142 2d-av., on Sunday next, May 20, at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral without further notice.

ARGALL.—On Wednesday morning, Mrs. HANNAH ARGALL, relict of the late Wm. Argall, in the 79th year of her age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral at her late residence, No. 50 St Mark's-place, at 2 o'clock P. M. Saturday.

BABCOCK.—In Brooklyn, at her late residence, No. 75 3d-place, on Friday, May 18, Mrs. ANN BABCOCK, relict of Dudley Babcock, aged 86 years.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral at her late residence, on Monday, 21st inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

BATES.—Suddenly, at Scarsdale, N. Y., on Thursday, May 17, Mr. THOMAS BATES, in the 61st year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his brother, Alfred S. Bates, Scarsdale, Westchester County, N. Y., this day, (Saturday,) the 19th inst., at 2 o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting at the Scarsdale Depot on the Harlem Railroad to meet the 10 o'clock train from 26th-st., New-York.

BINSSE.—Suddenly, on Thursday evening, May 17, ISAAC PACKARD BINSSE, eldest son of Dr. Donatien and Louisa Emily Binsse, in the 36th year of his age.

CHRISTIE.—Suddenly, on Thursday, May 17, FRANCES J. CHRISTIE, aged 38 years.

Notice of funeral in Sunday papers.

CRANDALL.—Drowned in Norwalk, Conn., on Wednesday, May 16, JULIA E. CRANDALL, daughter of the late Noyes S. and Sarah G. Crandall, aged 10 years, 10 months and 15 days.

Her remains will be interred at the White Plains Cemetery, N. Y., this day, (Saturday,) at 1 o'clock.

CUNNINGHAM.—At Tarrytown, Friday morning, May 18, DAVID B. CUNNINGHAM, in the 47th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of Christ Church, Brooklyn, the Sunday-school class of the deceased, are particularly invited to attend the funeral at Christ Church, Brooklyn, on Monday, May 21, at 12 o'clock. Carriages will be in attendance.

☞ Halifax, Nova Scotia, papers please copy.

CLINTON.—On Thursday morning, May 17, FRANK DE WITT, only son of Benjamin and Catharine Clinton, aged 14 years, 2 months and 5 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from the residence of his parents, northwest corner of Gates and Grand avs., Brooklyn, on Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock, without further notice.

DATER.—On Thursday, May 17, PHILIP HENRY, son of Henry and Hannah A. Dater, aged 11 years and 1 month.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from St. James' Church, Fordham, on Saturday, May 19. Carriages will be at the depot to meet the 2½ o'clock train from New-York.

DUVALL.—On Friday, May 18, ELIZA ANN OGDEN, relict of Joseph W. Duvall, M. D., in the 56th year of her age.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her brother, Dr. Benj. Ogden, No. 140 Hester-st., on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock, without further notice.

HORN.—On Thursday morning, May 17, at No. 588 3d-av., MARGARET, wife of Thomas Horn, native of Perth, Scotland.

The friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at the Presbyterian Church, corner of Lexington-av. and 46th-st., at 1 o'clock P. M. on Saturday, the 19th inst.

KETCHAM.—On Friday, May 18, after a long and severe illness, PHEBE, wife Henry B. Ketcham, in the 51st year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral this (Saturday) afternoon at 2 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 317 West 20th-st. The remains will be taken to Cold Spring, Putnam County, N. Y. for interment.

KISSAM.—At Utica, N. Y., on Wednesday, May 16, SOPHIA KISSAM, wife of Adrian Kissam, aged 54 years.

KNEELAND.—On Friday evening, May 18, CHARLES KNEELAND, Jr.

The relatives and friends of his family are invited to attend his funeral at Calvary Church, corner of 4th-av. and 21st-st., on Monday, the 21st inst., at 3½ P. M.

NORTH.—At sea, in sight of Boston, of consumption, G. ADOLPHUS NORTH, aged 18 years.

Funeral from the residence of his father, C. C. North, Scarborough, on the Hudson, on Saturday, May 19, at 1 P. M. Train leaves 30th-st. depot at 10 A. M. for Sing Sing, where carriages will be in waiting.

OAKEY.—Suddenly, at Flatbush, on Thursday, May 17, SARAH WOODWORTH, wife of John Oakey, Sr., aged 70 years.

Funeral from the Reformed Dutch Church at Flatbush, on Saturday at 3 P. M.

WARDELL.—At Long Branch, N. J., on Friday, May 18, JOSEPH WARDELL, Esq., in the 87th year of his age, the oldest inhabitant of the township.

Funeral from his late residence on Sunday, May 20.

"None knew him but to love him,
None named him but to praise."

OFFICIAL.—[No. 19.]
CORONER'S OFFICE, May 17, 1866.

Found at the Thirty-first Precinct Station-house an unknown man, about fifty years of age, five feet eight inches high, light complexion, brown hair, mixed with gray, gray eyes, well dressed, black frock coat, dark mixed vest, light mixed pants, white shirt, white flannel drawers, gray socks, Congress gaiters, no whiskers, light moustache; in his pocket a memorandum book, with the name of John Denneman and McCarty, Kirtland & Co., No. 340 Broadway. The deceased was found hanging to a tree at the foot of Ninety-sixth-street, North River.

ROBT. GAMBLE, Coroner.

OFFICIAL.—[No. 20.]
CORONER'S OFFICE, May 16, 1866.

The body of an unknown man was found at the foot of One Hundred and Forty-second-street, North River, five feet seven inches high, blue eyes, brown hair, no whiskers, medium built, no hat, blue sack coat, dark pants, dark vest, white shirt, blue silk neck-scarf and pin, with red stone; been in the water about eight or nine days.

For further particulars, apply at the Coroner's Office, No. 4 Centre-street, New-York.

ROBERT GAMBLE, Coroner.

OFFICIAL.—[No. 21.]
CORONER'S OFFICE, May 18, 1866.

The body of an unknown man was found at the Staten Island Ferry, Battery, five feet six or seven inches high, no eyes, no hair, no whiskers, slim built, no hat, blue sack coat, black pants, check cloth vest, white shirt, woolen undershirt, good light boots; been in the water four or five months; very much decomposed.

For further particulars, apply at the Coroner's Office, No. 4 Centre-street, New-York.

ROBERT GAMBLE, Coroner.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ABBATT & MOORE
Are now exhibiting the most elegant stock of ready-made
CLOTHING,
FOR
MEN AND BOYS,
ever shown in this City.
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NAUSEOUS MEDICINES TAKEN
WITHOUT TASTE OR SMELL.
DUNDAS DICK & CO.'S
IMPROVED SOFT CAPSULES.

These patent Capsules are swallowed easily, even by children, are quickly dissolved in the stomach, and are guaranteed to be filled with GENUINE MEDICINES of very best quality, such as
Castor Oil,
Cod Liver Oil,
Cod Liver Oil with Quinine,
Cod Liver Oil with Iodide of Iron,
Citrate of Iron and Quinine,
Oil of Turpentine, &c., &c., &c.

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THOS. A. WILMURT,
MANUFACTURER OF
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GUARANTEEING FIDELITY
IN
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SHEPHERD KNAPP, President.
E. C. DELAVAN, Vice-President.
GEO. W. PRATT, General Agent.

OFFICE OF AMERICAN-EUROPEAN EXPRESS, }
NEW-YORK, April 25, 1866. }

SHIPPERS OF GOODS TO EUROPE are hereby notified that in case of any packages being shipped through our EXPRESS containing gunpowder or any other explosive or dangerous material, they will be prosecuted to the extreme penalty of the law, viz.; fine, $1,000.

AUSTIN, BALDWIN & CO.

DESPRES,
Manufacturer of
FIRST QUALITY GLOVES,
No. 89 Rue Richelieu, Paris.

CONGRESS WATER,
EMPIRE WATER,
COLUMBIAN WATER,

Cure Dyspepsia, Scrofula, Gout, Rheumatism and Diseases of the Kidney and Bladder. They give strength for weakness, and vigor for debility. They cleanse the bowels, clear the head, and add to the enjoyment of life.

Sold by all druggists, hotels, wine merchants and first-class grocers. Sold at wholesale only by

HOTCHKISS' SONS, Proprietors,
Saratoga Springs, and No. 92 Beekman-st., N. Y.

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INVALIDS' TRAVELING CHAIRS ON WHEELS,
For in and out-door use, $15 to $35.
INVALIDS' CARRIAGES TO ORDER.
PATENT CANTERING HORSES, for in and out doors, $10 to $25.
NURSERY SWING and Baby-tender, $3 75.
Boys' STRONG WAGONS, Children's CARRIAGES, Propellers, English Chariots, Rocking-horses. For sale by the manufacturer, S. W. SMITH, No. 90 William-st.

THE REMEDY OF THE AGE.
JENKINS' COMPOUND MEDICATED FRUIT.
For dyspepsia, constipation, indigestion and liver derangements. Purely a vegetable preparation, and producing no nausea. Sold by all respectable druggists. Depot No. 180 Franklin-st.
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MANUFACTURERS, IMPORTERS
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COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
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SIBLEY & STOOPS, NO. 643 BROADWAY, corner of Bleecker-st., dealers in all first-class Sewing Machines. Persons purchasing machines of us will have the privilege of exchanging for any other machine within thirty days, without extra charge. Machines of all kinds exchanged and to rent.

READING CHARACTER.—EVERYBODY nowadays is dabbling in character-reading. If you would read to some purpose, get NEW PHYSIOGNOMY, with 1,000 illustrations, $5. SHELDON & CO.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR the United Kingdom and the Continent, via Queenstown and Liverpool, per steamer CITY OF PARIS, and for France and the Continent, via Brest and Havre, per steamer NAPOLEON III, on SATURDAY, May 19, will close at this office at 7:30 A. M., and at the up-town offices as follows, on FRIDAY, the 18th inst.: Stations A and B, 8:30 P. M.; Stations C and D, 8:15 P. M.; Stations E and F, 8 P. M.; Station G, 7:50 P. M. JAMES KELLY, Postmaster.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR the German States, via Bremen, per steamer NEW-YORK, on SATURDAY, May 19, will close at this office at 10½ A. M., and at the up-town offices as follows: Stations A and B, 8:05 A. M.; Stations C and D, 7:45 A. M.; Stations E and F, 7:30 A. M.; Station G, 7:15 A. M.

JAMES KELLY, Post-master.

DR. SHERWOOD, NO. 545 BROADWAY, New-York, has trusses which will cure hernia in all cases below middle life. An umbilical truss that never fails to please. Supporters for the abdomen, the uterus and the anus, the easiest ever worn. Suspensory and ladies' monthly bandages at wholesale or retail.

LANGUAGE OF THE EYES.—LARGE OR small, wide or narrow; black, blue, gray, brown or hazel, each reveals character. See NEW PHYSIOGNOMY, illustrated, $5. LOCKWOOD & CO.

THE UP-TOWN COMMISSION PAPER WAREHOUSE and Manufacturers' Depot, for PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER, PAPER BAGS, TWINES, &C., at manufacturer's prices.
No. 844 Broadway, (second floor.)

FAMILY LIKENESSES.—WHY ARE FAMILY likenesses sometimes transmitted for generations and sometimes not? See NEW PHYSIOGNOMY. $5.

FRANK MILLER'S PREPARED HARNESS OIL BLACKING in cans, ready for use, with directions for using. Also, LEATHER PRESERVATIVE and WATER-PROOF OIL BLACKING and POLISH OIL BLACKING. Factory Nos. 18 and 20 Cedar-st.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY CAUTIONED against trusting any person in my name, or on my account, unless by a written bona fide order from me. WM. H. PECK, late Captain Steamer *St. John.*

CAN SHE LOVE?—LOOK AT HER CHIN; OBserve her lips. They tell the tale, though their owner be silent, and NEW PHYSIOGNOMY, with 1,000 illustrations, tells how to read them. $5. LEGGAT BRO.

ADDRESS POLLAK & SON—MEERSchaum manufacturers, No. 692 Broadway, near 4th-st. Pipes and cigar-holders cut, mounted and repaired.

EMPIRE SHUTTLE SEWING-MACHINES for families and manufacturers. Agents wanted. Empire S. M. Co., No. 536 Broadway, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO-MORROW,
THE
FIRST INSTALLMENT
OF
THE NEW ROMANCE,
ENTITLED
THE LIGHT OF LOVE;
OR,
THE DIAMOND AND THE SNOWDROP.
BY
PIERCE EGAN,
Author of "THE POOR GIRL," "THE SCARLET FLOWER," "IMOGENE," "LOVE ME, LEAVE ME NOT," "THE FAIR LILIAS," "THE FLOWER OF THE FLOCK," &c., &c.
WILL APPEAR IN THE
SUNDAY MERCURY.

New scenes open in the chapters to be published to-morrow, and new threads are added to the

TANGLED SKEIN OF MYSTERIES

which, as the story proceeds, will be gradually unraveled. In the meantime, a

BIRD'S EYE VIEW

of the preceding portions of the story is given from week to week, in the form of a clear and comprehensive

SYNOPSIS.

The abstract in the SUNDAY MERCURY of TO-MORROW will be a complete outline of the romance down to the termination of the NINTH CHAPTER, with which the installment of last week concludes. Not only does the abridgment qualify the reader, who has been unable to obtain the numbers containing the earlier chapters of the tale, to understand their scope and bearing, but it is also of great use to those who have perused the original text, as it enables them to refresh their memories as they proceed, by reviewing the salient points, which it will be important to recollect, as the

CULMINATION OF THE PLOT

approaches.

The ninth chapter, published in last week's SUNDAY MERCURY, left nearly all the leading personages of this wonderful work of fiction in an awkward predicament, and one of them, the Lady ASTARTE VAVASOUR, in

IMMINENT PERIL.

The impetuous daughter of the Earl of Lavington, returning from a ride to the Earl's deer park, accompanied by her father, Neville of Redhawk, St. Croix, young Lord Erewood and Lady Genevieve, had caught sight of a wild stag, and given the rein to her high-mettled blood-horse *Flying Scud* in pursuit. Wholly powerless to control him, she was rushing across the country at a racing pace, to the great consternation of her escort. Her steed, we are told, was darting toward the woods like an arrow discharged from a bow that had been pulled double. "She flew past her brother Harold with the speed of a tempest wind, quickly overtook Lady Genevieve, passed her, and appeared, by her tremendous rate at which she was proceeding, as if she would in a very few minutes overrun the stag himself. Before Lord Erewood could recover from his surprise at this impromptu race, his man Flib, urging his horse with whip and spur, dashed past her, cried at the top of his voice. 'My Lord, my Lord, her Ladyship has given him his head—she'll never hold him in; he'll bolt, and throw her to a dead certainty, my Lord.' Another horse at the moment swept by at race-horse pace. It was the coal-black steed *Spitfire,* with Neville of Redhawk on his back, howling like an Indian. Yet another horse, at as swift a rate, sped by him, writhing and snorting beneath the application of a whip and spur. Harold of Erewood did not even glance at the last rider; for, alarmed for his sister's safety, he, too, clapped spurs to his horse, and darted after her at his utmost speed."

Such is the fearful dilemma in which the romancist leaves one of his heroines at the close of Chapter IX. The reader will guess, we presume, that the *second* desperate rider who passed Lord Erewood was EINOT ST. CROIX hastening to the rescue. How the

LIFE OR DEATH RACE

ended will be set forth in the chapters to be published to-morrow.

With every additional chapter the special characteristics of the parties who figure in the story are displayed in stronger relief, and the interest becomes more intense and absorbing.

ADVENTURE CROWDS UPON ADVENTURE,

And it seems next to impossible that a train of circumstances so entirely out of the ordinary routine of events can lead up to a termination consistent with reason and probability. Truth, however, is said to be stranger than fiction. Be that as it may, it is at least safe to aver that fiction in the hands of PIERCE EGAN is never permitted to transcend the *possibilities* of truth. The cloud will soon begin to lift from the scene, and

STARTLING REVELATIONS,

at present unconjectured by the most astute story-reader, will satisfy the curiosity which mystery has provoked.

The great drawback on the interest of most modern romances is the digression with which they abound. Nobody likes to be compelled to stand still, as it were, at the most interesting point of a stirring narrative, in order to listen to a long series of reflections which might be well enough in a novel essay, but are altogether out of place in a novel. These interruptions are like the walls and fences that interpose between the starting-point and the goal in a steeple-chase, and the best thing to do is to imitate the steeple-chase rider and skip over them. But PIERCE EGAN places no such impediments across the path of thought. He puts his readers *en rapport* with his characters, and never interrupts the acquaintance by any egotistic personal intrusion upon their intercourse. The author is not seen—only his creatures. His is one of the highest achievements of dramatic genius. Few, very few, accomplish it. In the novels of Victor Hugo, for example, the illusion of the mimic scene is continually broken by the uncalled for hop visits of Victor Hugo. He can no more keep himself out of his books than Mr. Dickens could keep Charles the First's head out of his Memorial in David Copperfield. It is the same with Bulwer Lytton. But it was not so with Walter Scott or James Fenimore Cooper, and it is not so with PIERCE EGAN. In

THE LIGHT OF LOVE;
OR,
THE DIAMOND AND THE SNOWDROP.

The continuity is perfect, the interest uninterrupted, all thought of the narrator is swallowed up in the wonderful narration. Neville of Redhawk, St. Croix, Lady Astarte, Garforth, Lady Genevieve, Chloris Amberly, and Lord Erewood, are not puppets of which the strings can be seen and the hand that pulls them. They are not fantoccini, but veritable creations—beings of flesh and blood. The motions which guide them, the impulses which stir them, the passions which govern them, are seen in their acts, and it is felt that what they say and do men and women so constituted would naturally say and do under the circumstances described.

As yet the most exciting portion of the story has not been reached. There are

SCENES IN RESERVE

which will be admitted, when they are published, to be among the most thrilling and powerful in the whole range of fiction.

In the absence of an International Copyright Law, the story could, of course, have been reprinted in the SUNDAY MERCURY from the English issues received by mail. But this method of proceeding would not have been in harmony with the character for enterprise and energy which the

LEADING SUNDAY NEWSPAPER,

has established, and will continue, at any cost, to maintain. Therefore, a contract was made some months ago with the author, by virtue of which the

EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE

of printing the story from the ADVANCE SHEETS, is secured to THE SUNDAY MERCURY.

"FIRST IN THE FIELD!"

is the motto of the paper, and leaving STALE FICTION and STALE NEWS to the PLODDERS OF THE PRESS, it

DISTANCES COMPETITION

in every department which goes to the making up of a first-class literary, commercial, political, sporting and miscellaneous newspaper.

THE CIRCULATION OF THE SUNDAY MERCURY (as may be ascertained by reference to the record in the Internal Revenue Office) is NEARLY FOUR TIMES GREATER THAN THE SUM TOTAL OF THE COMBINED ISSUES OF ALL OTHER SUNDAY NEWSPAPERS PUBLISHED IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.

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THE NEGRO PROBLEM.—SCIENCE SETtles this question, and assigns to each race its "place in nature." See Ethnology, in NEW PHYSIOGNOMY. $5. D. APPLETON & CO.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
Is situated on the line of the Harlem Railroad, (main entrance at Woodlawn Station,) seven miles north of the Central Park. Office, No. 32 East 26th-st.
WM. A. BOOTH, President.
WM. CLIFT, Controller.

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THE SECRET OF BEAUTY.—BEAUTY IS power, as the ladies well know, but they don't all know how. NEW PHYSIOGNOMY reveals the secret.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

NEW PHYSIOGNOMY; OR, "SIGNS OF CHARACTER," manifested through temperament and external forms, and especially in "The Human Face Divine," with more than 1,000 illustrations. Price $5.
FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, New-York.
⁂ Agents wanted.

SUMMER FASHIONS!
GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK,
FOR JUNE, 1866.

"Christ and the Sisters of Bethany" is our steel plate for this month. The grouping of the figures and the execution of the plate are perfect.

Our Colored Fashion-plate, containing five figures, cannot be equaled. We give the new styles of Summer dresses for the sea-side, evening and walking dresses, all brought down to the latest fashion.

Our fine wood engraving of "Old Whitey" is a very interesting subject.

Among our latest arrivals from Europe will be found the following:

An Organdy Robe, from Messrs. Curwen Stoddart & Brother, Philadelphia. Summer Robe for a young lady. Another beautiful Costume for a young lady. Two Fancy Waists. New Styles of Bonnets. Dresses for Children, &c.

The Novelties for the Month embrace the usual variety of Bonnets, Sleeves, Collars, Suits for Children, and the new "Sailor Hat" for young ladies.

In the Work-Department will be found a variety of useful work. Netted Tassel Cover; Penwiper with Feathers; Cover for a Card-Table; Crochet Mat; Letters for Marking; Patterns in Berlin Work; Lamp-Glass Mat; new style of Tatting Collar; Borders for Veils; new pattern for Brioche Cushion; Embroidery and Braiding Patterns.

The literary matter is, as usual, of a high order. Marion Harland, Mary Janvrin, S. Annie Frost, and others, continue to make up a galaxy that defies competition.

GIVE US YOUR HAND!—HOW DIFFERently people shake hands! Did you ever think why? Because their characters are different, as explained in NEW PHYSIOGNOMY. $5. SCRIBNER & CO.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

LIFE OF BENJ. SILLIMAN, M. D., LL.D.
JUST PUBLISHED,
BY CHARLES SCRIBNER & CO.,
Removed to
No. 654 Broadway, between Bleecker and Bond sts., N. Y.
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A quarterly dividend of two and a half per cent. will be paid on 1st June next to stockholders of record on 21st May, free of Government tax.

The books of transfer, at the Agency of the Farmer's Loan and Trust Company, will be closed on SATURDAY, 19th May, and will be reopened for the transfer of full-paid stock on MONDAY, 11th June.

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CHARLES H. O'NEILL,
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All bonds not represented in this compromise settlement except the "Wharf Bonds" will be strictly ignored by the City of Keokuk.

J. F. FRANKLIN, No. 112 Broadway, Special Agent, City of Keokuk.

OFFICE OF THE HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD CO., No. 250 WEST 30TH-ST., NEW-YORK, May 18, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Hudson River Railroad Company for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the Company, No. 250 West 30th-st., New-York City, on MONDAY, June 11, 1866. Polls will be open from 12 M. until 2 P. M. and as much longer, not beyond the setting of the sun on the same day as the Inspectors may find necessary to receive the votes of electors presenting themselves.

The transfer books will be closed from 3 o'clock P. M. on the 21st day of May, until 10 o'clock A. M. on the 12th day of June.

AUGUSTUS SCHELL, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY, NEW-YORK, May 8, 1866.

AT AN ELECTION FOR MANAGERS, held at this office on TUESDAY, 8th inst., pursuant to public notice, the following named gentlemen were duly elected Managers of this Company for the ensuing year, viz.:

William S. Herriman,	Robert L. Kennedy,
Charles N. Talbot,	James M. Halsted,
Edward J. Woolsey,	LeGrand B. Cannon,
G. Talbot Olyphant,	John L. Aspinwall,
Samuel B. Schieffelin,	James R. Taylor,
Abiel A. Low,	Thomas Dickson,
O. DeF. Grant:	

and at a meeting of the Board of Managers, held THIS DAY, GEORGE TALBOT OLYPHANT, Esq., was unanimously reëlected President.

By order of the Board.

ISAAC N. SEYMOUR, Treasurer.

THE BANKING HOUSE OF DANIELS, CROZIER & COE will occupy the premises No. 24 Nassau-st., when completed, on or about the 1st day of June.

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SAMUEL B. RUGGLES,
A. P. MAN,
Trustees, No. 64 Wall-st.

NEW-YORK, May 14, 1866.

ST. FLAVIEN COPPER MINE FOR SALE.—The property situated in the Parish of St. Flavien, Canada East, 20 miles from Quebec, and known as the "St. Flavien Copper Mine," comprising 137 acres of land, upon which are several good veins of copper ore, with a shaft sunk upon one vein 136 feet, several buildings necessary to carry on the work, together with the original farm buildings, &c., &c., is now offered for sale. Proposals for the property will be received by the undersigned until June 1, 1866, at No. 22 Congress-st., Room No. 4.

(Signed) CHR'N BORS, GEO. W. WARREN, THOS. H. BACON, } Committee of Stockholders.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1866.

DAUPHIN AND SUSQUEHANNA COAL COMPANY.—SCHUYLKILL AND SUSQUEHANNA RAILROAD COMPANY RAILROAD BONDS.—The Bonds of the Dauphin and Susquehanna Coal Company, now the Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad Company, secured by first mortgage, dated the twenty-second day of April, A. D., 1851, and due May 1, 1866, will be purchased at par on the day of their maturity by and at the office of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, No. 227 South Fourth-st., in the City of Philadelphia.

For the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Co.

S. BRADFORD, Treasurer.

CHICAGO AND ROCK ISLAND RAILROAD COMPANY, NEW-YORK, May 8, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of this Company for the election of thirteen Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company in the City of Chicago, State of Illinois, on FRIDAY, the 8th day of June next. The polls will be opened at 11 o'clock A. M., and closed at 12 o'clock M. The transfer books will be closed on the 8th day of May and opened on the 12th day of June next.

C. W. DURANT, President.

FRANCIS H. TOWS, Secretary.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD COMPANY, OFFICE NO. 227 SOUTH 4TH-ST., PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1866.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE stockholders of this Company, that the option of receiving their dividends in stock or cash, under the resolution of the Board of 11th December, 1865, will cease on and after the 31st of May, 1866, and that such stockholders as do not demand their dividends to be paid to them in stock on or before that day will be thereafter entitled to receive it in cash only.

S. BRADFORD, Treasurer.

NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD AND TRANSPORTATION CO., OFFICE NO. 2 NASSAU-ST., CORNER WALL, NEW-YORK, May 14, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the New-Jersey Railroad and Transportation Company, for the election of Directors and transaction of business, will be held at the railroad depot, Jersey City, WEDNESDAY, the 6th June next, at 11 o'clock A. M.

FRED. W. RANKIN, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE NORTH AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, NO. 114 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, May 12, 1866.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of the North American Fire Insurance Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 114 Broadway, on MONDAY, the 28th day of May, inst. The poll will open at 12 M. and close at 1 P. M.

R. W. BLEECKER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 57 Broadway, NEW-YORK, May 18, 1866.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THIS Company will be closed at 3 o'clock, P. M., on SATURDAY, May 19, 1866, and will be reopened at 10 A. M. on FRIDAY, June 8, 1866, being the day after the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders and Bondholders of this Company.

JAMES R. YOUNG, Secretary.

OFFICE ST. LOUIS, JACKSONVILLE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD CO., JACKSONVILLE, Ill., May 5, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS of this Company will be held at their office in Jacksonville, on WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of June, 1866, at 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, for election of eleven Directors for the ensuing year. The transfer books will be closed from the 25th inst. to the 13th June inclusive.

CHARLES D. HODGES, Secretary.

AN ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the NEW-YORK MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, for the election of five Directors and three Inspectors of Election, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 10 Barclay-st., New-York, on TUESDAY, the 29th day of May inst. The polls will be opened at 12 o'clock and closed at 2 o'clock. The transfer-books will be closed on the 19th inst. and until after the election.

ROBERT J. HUBBARD, Secretary.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO., SECRETARY'S OFFICE, CHICAGO, May 3, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE BONDholders and stockholders of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company will be held at the office of the Company, in the city of Chicago, on THURSDAY, the 7th day June, 1866, at 11 o'clock A. M.

JAMES R. YOUNG, Secretary.

$12,000.—WANTED, TWELVE THOUSand dollars, on bond and mortgage, at 7 per cent., on property in the lower part of Westchester County, N. Y., worth four or five times the amount. None but principals need apply. ROBT. A. HAGGERTY, No. 11 Pine-st.

MONEY ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.—DRAKE & CO., No. 113 Maiden-lane and No. 9 Willoughby-st., Brooklyn.

FINANCIAL.

DEPEW & POTTER,

BANKERS,
NO. 11 BROAD-STREET,
NEW-YORK.

Solicit accounts from Banks, Bankers and others.

Interest allowed on deposits subject to sight draft.

All kinds of Securities bought and sold for the usual commission. Special attention given to Government Securities.

Collections made on all points.

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW, HENRY W. POTTER.
(Late Secretary of State.)

LIPPMANN & ELLERY,

BANKERS,

NO. 29 BROAD-ST.,
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
EXPRESS AND TELEGRAPH STOCKS.
FOR SALE,
ADAMS' EXPRESS STOCK.
AMERICAN EXPRESS STOCK.
UNITED STATES EXPRESS STOCK.
WANTED,
WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS STOCK.
NATIONAL TRANSPORTATION EXPRESS STOCK.
MERCHANTS' UNION EXPRESS STOCK.
AMERICAN TELEGRAPH COMPANY.
RUSSIAN-AMERICAN TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

VERMILYE & CO.,

NO. 44 WALL-ST.,

BANKERS AND DEALERS

IN
GOVERNMENT STOCKS
AND
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.

CLOSING PRICES.

NEW-YORK, May 18, 1866.

	Buy.	Sell.		Buy.	Sell.
Registered, '81...	108¼	109	June, 7-30........	102⅝	102⅞
Coupon, '81...	108⅝	109	July, 7-30........	102⅝	102⅞
5-20 Regist'd, '62.	101⅝	101¾	June, C.I.Nt's, '64	111½	112
5-20 Coupon, '62.	101¾	102	July, C.I.Nt's, '64	111½	111⅞
5-20 Coupon, '64.	102	102½	Aug., C.I.Nt's, '64	110½	111
5-20 Coupon, '65.	102	102½	Oct., C.I.Nt's, '64	109½	110
10-40 Registered.	96	96½	Dec., C.I.Nt's, '64	108½	109
10-40 Coupon....	96	96½	May, C.I.Nt's, '65	106½	106¾
Curr'cy Certifcs.	100¼	100¾	Aug., C.I.Nt's, '65	105	105½
Gold........	130	130½	Sept., C.I.Nt's, '65	104½	104¾
August, 7-30....	102¾	102⅞	Oct., C.I.Nt's, '65	104	104¼

GEBHARD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 141 BROADWAY.

CASH CAPITAL................	$200,000
SURPLUS, APRIL 26, 1866........	53,000
LOSSES UNPAID..............	1,095

W. D. WADDINGTON, President.
JOHN R. SMITH, Secretary.

THOMAS WILDES & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
NO. 23 WILLIAM-ST.,

Buy and sell on Commission, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, RAILROAD STOCKS and BONDS, AMERICAN GOLD, INSURANCE STOCKS and SCRIP, and MINING and PETROLEUM STOCKS.

THE NEW GAS FROM CRUDE PETROLEUM.

THE BOOKS FOR SUBSCRIPTION TO THE CAPITAL STOCK OF THE NEW-YORK PETROLEUM GAS AND HEATING COMPANY (on mutual plan) Will be opened on THURSDAY, the 17th day of May, at the Banking-house of J. NELSON LUCKEY, No. 243 Broadway, and will remain open until all the stock is taken.

The capital of the Company is fixed at $3,000,000, with power to increase it to any amount sufficient for the erection of suitable gas-works, and lay down street and service pipes to meet a fair competition with other gas companies in every part of the City of New-York. This Company has purchased all the patented processes for the manufacture of a fixed or permanent gas from crude petroleum, and now offer to the citizens of New-York an opportunity to subscribe to the stock of the Company, which has just been organized for the purpose of furnishing the inhabitants of Manhattan Island with a cheap and brilliant gas, which can be used either for illumination or as a fuel, and to light the public lamps in a manner that the City will be at night as light as day.

The mutual plan of furnishing the gas to the stockholders at cost, allowing a dividend of 10 per cent., having been resolved upon, it is particularly urgent upon gas consumers to be the subscribers to the capital stock of this Company; thus not only receiving the benefit of a cheap and beautiful light, but participating in the business of gas-making, and having a direct common interest in the welfare of the Company.

Independent of the superior brilliancy of the light as compared with gas produced from coal, and its exemption from offensive odors, the great economy of the Petroleum Gas—it being less than one-half the cost to the consumer than the former—will commend itself to general use, and supply a new, convenient and economical fuel for culinary and laundry purposes. Gas consumers and the public generally are invited to call at the Office of the Company and witness the gas in practical operation, where full particulars will be given.

T. B. VAN BUREN, President.

J. NELSON LUCKEY, Secretary.

J. LUDLOW DUMONT. ROBERT S. DUMONT.

J. L. DUMONT & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 48 Exchange-place,
NEW-YORK.

Particular attention given to mining and petroleum stocks. Interest allowed on deposits.

HANNIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD COMPANY.

Sealed proposals addressed to William H. Swift, at Messrs. Ward, Campbell & Co.'s, No. 56 Wall-st., New-York, or to R. S. Watson, Treasurer, Boston, will be received until noon, FRIDAY, May 25, 1866, for the sale of $50,000 of the Land Bonds of said Company to the undersigned Trustees, in accordance with the provisions of the indenture of mortgage, dated April 1, 1863.

The bids will be opened at the office of the Company, in Boston, on SATURDAY, May 26, at 12 o'clock, noon, and the accepted bids will then be declared.

WILLIAM H. SWIFT,
SIDNEY BARTLETT,
NATHANIEL THAYER, } Trustees.

NEW-YORK, May 15, 1866.

ELECTION NOTICE.

ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND TERRE HAUTE RAILROAD COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the Bondholders and Stockholders of the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Railroad Company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 39 South 4th-st., St. Louis, Mo., on MONDAY, the 4th of June next, at 3 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed from the 5th of May to the 4th of June, inclusive.

J. B. RALSTON, Secretary.

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, May 17, 1866.

PROPOSALS FOR $100,000 NEW AQUEDUCT STOCK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.—Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's office until TUESDAY, May 29, 1866, at 2 o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the whole or any part of the sum of one hundred thousand dollars of "New Aqueduct Stock of the City of New-York," authorized by chapter 581, laws of 1865.

The said stock will bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable quarterly, and the principal will be redeemed on the 1st day of August, 1884, from the sinking fund for the redemption of the City debt.

The proposals will state the amount of stock desired, and the price per one hundred dollars thereof, and the persons whose proposals are accepted will thereupon be required to deposit with the Chamberlain the sums awarded to them respectively.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the Chamberlain for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive certificates for equal amounts of the par value of the sums awarded to them, bearing interest from the dates of payments.

Each proposal should be sealed and indorsed "Proposals for New Aqueduct Stock of the City of New-York," and inclosed in a second envelope, addressed to the Comptroller.

The right is reserved to reject any or all of the bids if the interests of the Corporation require it.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

OFFICE OF PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, No. 59 WALL-ST., CORNER OF HANOVER-ST., NEW-YORK, May 16, 1866.

NOTICE TO SCRIP STOCKHOLDERS.—Notice is hereby given that the Board of Directors, at their stated meeting held this date, unanimously adopted the following, viz.:

Resolved, That a call for fifty (50) per cent. in cash, payable on the 1st day of June, 1866, be and the same is hereby made on the holders of the scrip stock of record at the closing of the transfer books on the 25th day of May, 1866, at 3 P. M., being fifty dollars ($50) on each share issued under the act of 1865 to increase the capital stock of the Company.

Resolved, That said payments may be made until and inclusive of the 1st day of August, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum from and after the said 1st day of June.

In accordance with the terms of the said scrip stock, the same, with the amount paid thereon, will be liable to forfeiture in default of payment on or before the said 1st day of August, 1866.

Certificates of stock will be ready for delivery on the payment and surrender of the certificates of scrip stock at the Company's office.

By order of the Board of Directors.

THEO. T. JOHNSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE HALCYON PETROLEUM CO., No. 14 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, May 17, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this Company for the election of seven Trustees, for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, on TUESDAY, May 29, instant, at 12 o'clock noon. The poll will remain open from 12 M. until 3 o'clock P. M., of that day.

F. A. MILLER, Secretary.

FOR SALE.—$50,000 OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE bonds of the Brooklyn City and Newtown Railroad Company, a portion falling due July 1, 1866, balance due July 1, 1871, bearing 7 per cent. interest, payable semi-annually, July and January.

R. B. CATHERWOOD, No. 74 Broadway.

WANTED TO PURCHASE—1,000 SHARES of Brooklyn City and Newtown Railroad Company Stock. W. L. CATHERWOOD, No. 74 Broadway.

COMMISSIONER FOR MASSACHUSETTS and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 2, first floor over Park Bank.

FINANCIAL.

WAGSTAFF & GOETCHIUS,

NO. 71 BROADWAY,

PETROLEUM, MINING, INSURANCE, EXPRESS, AND RAILROAD STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

We are represented at the NEW-YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

All orders will receive careful and prompt attention.

HENRY CLEWS. WM. R. MEND. THEODORE S. FOWLER.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,

(Successors to Livermore, Clews & Co.)
BANKERS,
No. 32 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

DEPOSITS IN CURRENCY AND GOLD RECEIVED.

Merchants, Bankers and individuals opening accounts with us will be ALLOWED INTEREST AT THE CURRENT MARKET RATE on all daily balances, subject to check on demand without notice.

U. S. SECURITIES PURCHASED AND FOR SALE.

All kinds on hand, ready for instant delivery, at the lowest market price.

Collections made on Washington and all other points in the Union, with quick returns.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A general meeting of the creditors of the late COLUMBIAN INSURANCE COMPANY will be held at the Rooms of the Shipowners' Association, No. 52 Pine-st., on TUESDAY, May 22, 1866, at 3 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of ascertaining and adjusting all accounts and demands for and against the said Corporation, and its open and subsisting contracts, and of declaring the amount of moneys in the hands of the Receivers.

BENAJAH LEFFINGWELL,
GEO. A. OSGOOD, } Receivers.

NEW-YORK, May 15, 1866.

5,000 TO 6,000 SHARES ANNITA COPPER Mining Company, of California, at $2 per share.

2,000 shares Princeton Copper Company, of New-Jersey, at $2 per share.

For sale by GEORGE F. RILEY & CO., No. 35 Wall-st.

MENDOTA MINING COMPANY OF LAKE SUPERIOR.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the MENDOTA MINING COMPANY of Lake Superior will be held at the offices of the Company, No. 37 Wall-st., New-York, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th June next, at 1 P. M.

CHARLES J. WELLS, Secretary.

THE FOURTH NATIONAL BANK HAVE removed to their new Banking-room, Nassau-st., northeast corner of Pine-st., opposite United States Treasury.

DUBUQUE AND SIOUX CITY RAILROAD Scrip purchased by TANNER & CO., Bankers, No. 50 Wall-st.

DRAFTS ON CANADA—CANADA BANK notes bought and sold, by HARRISON, GARTH & CO., No. 18 New-st.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, NEW-YORK, May 16, 1866.

THIRTY-SECOND DIVIDEND.—NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Directors have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) PER CENT. out of the net earnings of the quarter ending April 30, payable at the office of the Company, FRIDAY, June 1, upon the Capital Stock, and so much of the Scrip Stock as has been paid.

The Transfer Books will be closed FRIDAY, the 25th inst., and reopened MONDAY, June 4.

By order of the Board of Directors.

THEO. T. JOHNSON, Secretary.

NEW-YORK AND NEW-HAVEN RAILROAD COMPANY, CORNER 4TH-AVENUE AND 27TH-STREET, TREASURER'S OFFICE, May 5, 1866.

A DIVIDEND OF FIVE DOLLARS PER share (free from Government Tax) has THIS DAY been declared on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable at this office, on and after FRIDAY, the 18th inst., to those who were Stockholders on the closing of the books, May 5, 1866.

The Transfer Books will reopen on the 19th inst.

W. BEMENT, Treasurer.

SAVINGS BANKS.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID,
FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX,
ON SUMS FROM $1 TO $5,000,
BY THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner 26th-st. and 3d-av.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-AV., Corner 14th-st. Six per cent. interest, free of tax. Deposits made on or before June 1 will draw interest from June 1.

THOMAS CHRISTY, President.

R. H. BULL, Secretary.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

VIGELIUS & SEYMOUR,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS IN
LEAF TOBACCO,
Nos. 182 and 184 Pearl-st.

Leaf tobacco received on consignment.

LOST AND FOUND.

$5 REWARD—WOODCUTS LOST ON TUESday or Wednesday last—a parcel containing several. Their return to the office of *Merryman's Monthly*, No. 109 Nassau-st., will be rewarded as above.

FOUND—ON FRIDAY, THE 18TH INST., ON 12th-st., between Broadway and University-place, a POCKET-BOOK, which the owner can recover by calling at No. 9 University-place, Room No. 24, between the hours of 12 and 3.

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER WILL SELL by auction on

SATURDAY, May 19,

At 10½ o'clock, at their Salesroom, No. 23 Liberty-st.:

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Consisting of a general assortment, removed for convenience of sale, including parlor, dining-room, library and chamber furniture, carpet, mirrors, curtains, &c., plated ware, china, crockery, glassware, &c.; also, an assortment of kitchen furniture.

ALSO,
At 12 o'clock:

PIANOS, &c.—Several rosewood 6¾ octave pianos, Alexander's organs, and several melodeons.

ALSO,

Several new carved black-walnut parlor and bedroom suites, and some bronzes and statuary.

ALSO,

At 12 o'clock, in front of their salesroom, 23 Liberty-st.:

CARRIAGE—A three-seat depot carriage, with pole and shafts, in good order and used but a few times.

ALSO,

A COUPE—with hammer cloth in very good order, lined with crimson silk and slip covers, made to order by John R. Lawrence & Co., sold without reserve.

ALSO,

About 185 patent Fea. mattresses, now the best in use.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer.

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
CARPETS, MIRRORS, PIANO, &c.

THIS DAY, at 10½ o'clock, at salesroom, No. 91 Liberty-st., a variety of parlor, chamber, library and dining-room furniture, handsome French plate mantel and pier mirrors, velvet and tapestry carpets, library and secretary book-cases, wardrobes, sideboards, extension tables and sundries.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT PAIR OF MATCHED HORSES, COUPE AND VICTORIA CARRIAGE, LADIES' ENGLISH SADDLE AND BRIDLE, DOUBLE AND SINGLE HARNESSES, &c., &c.

F. COLTON will sell THIS DAY, (Saturday,) May 19, at 10½ o'clock, at the private stables, No. 51 East 41st-st., two bright bay matched horses, 15½ hands high, sound and kind; will trot together in 3¼ minutes; also one coupe and one Victoria carriage, double and single harness; one very fine English-made lady's saddle and bridle; extra poles for carriage, together with blankets, sheets, whips, coachman's dresses, furniture, &c., &c. N. B.—The sale will be absolute and without reserve, as the owner is leaving for Europe.

FARM AT AUCTION.

A splendid grazing farm, situated in the Township of Monroe, Orange County, State of New-York, four miles from the Hudson River, west of Fort Montgomery, containing three hundred acres, one hundred and thirty-three of which are farm lands, and one hundred and sixty-seven wood land, together with the large and new dwelling-house, containing 15 rooms and cellar; also two barns, one entirely new; corn-crib, &c.

The above property will be sold at public auction, at the Orange Hotel, in the City of Newburgh, on MONDAY, May 21, 1866, at 1 o'clock P. M. Terms, 10 per cent. at the time of sale, 30 per cent. on the 10th day of June, when the deed will be ready for delivery, and the balance on bond and mortgage, at the option of the purchaser, for 3 or 5 years, at 7 per cent. For further particulars apply to THOMAS T. FERRIS, Metropolitan Hotel, New-York, or S. W. FULLERTON, Esq., Newburgh, where map can be seen.

R. MILLSPAUGH, Auctioneer.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, MAY 19, AT 11 o'clock, within the store:

455 boxes fresh French Lemons, landing.
1,000 packages Malaga Raisins.
25 casks Sun Raisins.
50 barrels Trieste Currants.
70 barrels Zante Currants, new crop, slightly damaged.
250 cases Maccaroni, Italian.
30 bags Grenoble Walnuts.
At 12 o'clock, on Pier No. 10 East River:
2,800 boxes fresh Messina Oranges.
1,020 boxes fresh Messina Lemons.
Cargo brig *Water Lily* from Messina.
Immediately after, on Pier No. 11 East River:
600 boxes fresh Sicily Oranges.
1,300 boxes fresh Sicily Lemons.
Balance cargo ship *Ninfa Tagliana* from Palermo.

GEO. A. LEAVITT, Auctioneer.

TRADE SALEROOMS, NO. 498 BROADWAY, LEAVITT, STREBEIGH & CO.—THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS, May 24 and 25, commencing at 7 o'clock each night. Catalogue of an important sale of valuable English and American books, comprising the finest editions of rare and standard works, in elegant bindings, the whole forming one of the most choice collection of books ever offered at auction. Bohn's Libraries, 240 vols., half calf; Gentleman's Magazine, 208 vols.; Annales de Musee, 21 vols.; Antiquities Mexicaines, 2 vols., folio; Tinden's Gallery of Art, Nichol's Anecdotes and Illustrations, 17 vols., &c., &c.

AUCTION SALE—BY ORDER OF COMMODORE CHAS. H. BELL, U. S. Navy, Commandant of this Station, I shall offer for sale at the Navy-yard, on WEDNESDAY, May 23, at 12 o'clock, the following articles, viz.:

20,000 pounds canvas clippings.
35,000 pounds tarred shakings.
40,000 pounds Manila rope.
11,000 pounds old junk and Manila shakings.
30 barrels metallic oil.
Lot of condemned tools, iron galley, &c.

EDWARD HOOKER,
Act'g Vol. Lieut.-Command., Naval Storekeeper.

W. H. DISBROW, Auctioneer—No. 100 Liberty-st.

THE CELEBRATED TROTTING HORSES *Prince, Gray Eddie, Kit Carson, Young Flora*, and a gray colt got by an Arabian horse; also, a top buggy, with pole and shafts, made by Stivers & Smith, nearly new; also, a light monitor wagon, pole and shafts; double and single harness, robes, blankets, Portland cutter, bells, &c., &c., will be sold at auction on SATURDAY, 19th inst., at 1 P. M., at the stables of James B. McMann, Hunter's Point, L. I., opposite 34th-st. ferry. Sale positive, without reserve. Catalogues ready.

JOHN H. BURLEY, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL THIS DAY, AT 2 O'CLOCK, at No. 427 Hudson-st., a large assortment of household furniture: Beds, bedding, carpets, matting; suites in brocatel, rosewood and others; wardrobes, sofas, centre and other tables, etageres, fine paintings, silver-ware, feather-beds, china and earthern ware, bureaus, music-birds, parrot, cottage-suites—everything for housekeeping. The sale will commence with the kitchen furniture. Dealers and housekeepers are invited.

AUCTION SALES.

J. H. DRAPER, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES COTTON SALE.

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO.

Will sell on FRIDAY, May 25, 1866, at 1 o'clock P. M., at their salesroom, No. 112 Pearl-st., Hanover-square, by order of Simeon Draper, United States Cotton Agent, 2,000 BALES MOBILE AND CHARLESTON COTTON.

The above cotton has been classed and sampled by G. W. Amory, and may be seen in the bale at the Continental Stores, Brooklyn, and by samples at the salesroom of the auctioneers, No. 112 Pearl-st., two days before the sale.

CORPORATION SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Public notice is hereby given that the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund will offer for sale at public auction, on MONDAY, May 21, 1866, at noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, in the City of New-York, the following real estate:

1. Gore of land north side of Chambers-st., near William-st.
2. Parcel of land east side of Corlears-st., between Front and Water sts.
3. Block bounded by Hoboken, West and Canal sts.
4. Lot north side of 33th-st., near 3d-av.
5. Lot north side of 56th-st., near 6th-av.
6. Two lots north and south sides of 49th-st., on east Lexington-av.
7. Six lots, north and south sides 58th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.
8. Two blocks of land between 67th and 68th sts., 5th, Madison and 5th avs.
9. Seventy-four lots between 81st and 87th sts., 3d and 4th avs.
10. Two lots west side of 4th-av., between 75th and 76th sts.
11. Thirty-eight lots 77th and 78th sts., 4th and 5th avs.
12. Thirty-five lots 79th and 80th sts., 4th and 5th avs.
13. Thirty-four lots 81st and 82d sts., Madison and 5th avs.
14. Two lots south side 82d-st., near 4th-av.
15. One lot southwest corner 130th-st. and 12th-av.
16. Two lots north side 79th-st., south side 80th-st., near 3d-av.
17. Eight lots west side of 9th-av., 94th and 95th sts.
18. Lot east side of 2d-av., near 78th-st.
19. Thirty-seven lots south side 79th-st. and 3d and 4th avs.
20. Forty-five lots 74th and 75th sts., 3d and 4th avs.

Warrantee deeds will be given.

Lithographic maps may be obtained at the Comptroller's Office, Hall of Records, on or after May 10 next.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of the purchase money, and the auctioneer's fee of twenty dollars on each lot, to be paid at the Comptroller's Office each day immediately after the sale. Twenty per cent. on June 1 next, when the deeds will be ready for delivery; and the balance, (seventy per cent.,) or any portion thereof, at the option of the purchaser, may remain on bond and mortgage for five years from June 1, 1866, with interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, payable half-yearly. The amount on bond and mortgage may be paid off at any time within the five years, on giving one month's notice to the Comptroller; or it may be paid in installments of not less than five hundred dollars, on any day when interest is due within the five years.

The sale will be continued from day to day until the whole property is disposed of.

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, HALL OF RECORDS, April 19, 1866.

SALE OF PUBLIC PROPERTY.

OFFICE OF ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPAGE, NEW-YORK, May 17, 1866.

Will be sold at public auction, at Depot of Army Clothing and Equipage, corner Laight and Washington sts., New-York City, on FRIDAY, June 1st next, commencing at 10 o'clock, A. M., as follows:

20,000 Spades, new.
1,000 Shovels, new.
20,000 Pickaxes, new.
20,000 Pickaxe Handles, new.

These goods are from the best manufacturers, and are in the original packages.

Samples of the above articles can be seen at the depot, and further information obtained.

Terms cash, Government funds; ten per cent. down and the balance before the goods are taken from the depot, which must be within three days of sale, under forfeiture of the goods and ten per cent.

Brevet Brig.-Gen. D. H. VINTON, D. Q. M. Gen. U. S. A.

SALE OF VESSELS.

The subscriber will expose for sale at public auction to the highest bidder, on the 25th day of May, 1866, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Merchants' Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, the following vessels, with all their tackle, apparel and furniture, to wit: The *Falcon, Seagull* and *Kingfisher*. Said vessels are propellers. The *Seagull* and *Kingfisher* are now lying at Pier No. 11 North River, in said City, and the *Falcon* at the foot of 13th-st., North River, in said City.

This sale will be made in pursuance of the terms of and by authority contained in three certain mortgages, one on each vessel, dated respectively 3d day of February, 1866, and given by the Commercial Steamboat Company to John King, Jr., Auditor of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, to secure certain indebtedness therein respectively named.—Dated May 14, 1866.

JOHN W. THORPE, Attorney for Mortgagee.

EDWARD SCHENCK, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT TROTTING HORSES,
ELEGANT SPAN OF CARRIAGE HORSES,
PARK PHAETON, DOG CART, TOP WAGON, ROAD WAGON,
COACH, LIGHT DOUBLE AND SINGLE HARNESS, SADDLES, BRIDLES, BLANKETS, WHIPS, &c.,
At the private stables No. 93 East 23d-st.,
By EDWARD SCHENCK, THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock.

GOVERNMENT SALE OF THE MILITARY RAILROAD AT BRAZOS SANTIAGO, TEXAS.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 19, 1866.

The attention of capitalists seeking a profitable investment, is invited to this sale.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Quartermaster-General, (Division of River and Rail Transportation,) at Washington, D. C., until the first day of June next, at 12 o'clock, M., for the purchase of all the right, title and interest of the United States, in and to the United States Military Railroad from Brazos Santiago to White's Ranche, Texas.

The sale will include the entire track and sidings, buildings, water-stations, turntables, bridges, &c., the railroad materials and supplies pertaining to the road, together with the rolling-stock, cars, machinery and other equipment.

The sale will not include the title to the land, which does not belong to the United States.

This road is about ten miles in length, and extends from Brazos Santiago to White's Ranche, on the Rio Grande. From this point connection is made by steamer with Brownsville and Matamoras.

This route is the shortest and best for the immense traffic between the Gulf of Mexico and the interior of Southern Texas and Northern Mexico, and the communication by rail alone can readily be extended to Brownsville.

The road already completed saves thirty miles of difficult and tortuous navigation. Boats on the river now charge, it is stated, for freight to Brownsville, as high as $5 per barrel, and for passengers $15 each.

The road is five feet gauge, good ties, T rail, and full spiked.

More particular description of the property can be obtained at this office, or at that of the Chief Quartermaster Military Division of the Gulf, at New-Orleans.

A condition of the sale will be that transportation shall be furnished for all Government troops and supplies, whenever required, at the rates paid by Government at the time to the New-York Central Railroad.

The terms of payment accepted will be those considered the most favorable to the Government.

Ten per cent. cash, in Government funds, to be paid on acceptance of proposal.

The Government reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.

Proposals should be indorsed, "Proposals for purchase of Brazos Santiago and Rio Grande Railroad," and addressed to the Division of River and Rail Transportation, Quartermaster-General's office, Washington, D. C.

By order of the Quartermaster-General,

ALEXANDER BLISS,
Brevet Colonel and A. Q. M., in charge Fourth Division, Q. M. G. O.

OFFICE OF COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, SIXTH DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK.

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTY SEIZED FOR UNITED STATES TAX.—Notice is hereby given, that under the direction of Hon. MAUNSELL B. FIELD, Collector, I have seized the following property, namely:

1 large square fermenting tub, 1 round fermenting tub, 16 hhds. molasses, 60 empty casks, 6 square fermenting vats, 12 oval fermenting vats, 3 steam-engine boilers, 1 steam-engine, 2 force pumps, 1 grindstone, 4 receiving tubs, 1 cooler, 2 iron receivers, 1 still, (complete,) 38 bbls. whisky in casks, 600 gallons whisky in tubs, 19 empty barrels, 1 square fermenting tub, 4 hhds. molasses, 1 cistern, 1 large mashtub and rakes, 1 receiving tub, 3 runs stone for grinding meal, 7 small tubs, 2 large tubs, 3 yeast tubs, 1 mashtub and rakes, 100 bushels barley, 20 bushels corn, 1 cooler, 1 hoister, 1 elevator, 4 large tubs, 400 bushels meal, 3 tons coal; variety of lead, iron and copper pipes, brass cocks, valves, shafting, pulleys and belts through the building;

Which I will expose for sale by auction at No. 122 West 17th-st., THURSDAY, the 19th April inst., at 12 o'clock M., unless before that time payment be made by or for KAHNWEILER & GOODKIND of $154,073 94, with the costs of these proceedings.

CHARLES P. JOHNSON, Deputy Collector Sixth District.

The above sale is postponed until THURSDAY, April 26, at the same time and place.

CHARLES P. JOHNSON, Deputy Collector.

The above sale is postponed until THURSDAY, May 3, at the same hour and place.

CHARLES P. JOHNSON, Deputy Collector.

The above sale is postponed until THURSDAY, May 10, at the same hour and place.

CHARLES P. JOHNSON, Deputy Collector.

The above sale is postponed until THURSDAY, May 17, at the same hour and place.

CHARLES P. JOHNSON, Deputy Collector.

The above sale is postponed until THURSDAY, May 24, at the same hour and place.

CHARLES P. JOHNSON, Deputy Collector.

A. M. MERWIN, Auctioneer.

BY BANGS, MERWIN & CO., AT THEIR Salesrooms, Nos. 694 and 696 Broadway, corner of 4th-st.

MONDAY AND TUESDAY EVENINGS, MAY 21 AND 22, AT 7 O'CLOCK.

BOOKSELLER'S STOCK—Consisting of a large assortment of valuable standard and miscellaneous literature in all departments, and including many finely illustrated books, &c.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 23, at 3 o'clock, and following days at same hour, until all is sold, NEW AMERICAN AND ENGLISH BOOKS, comprising a great variety of valuable new standard books in all branches of literature, arts and sciences, including superbly illustrated works, embellishing juvenile books, photograph albums, &c. To be sold in quantities, or single copies, to suit purchasers. Also, a variety of stationery, &c. Catalogues may be had on application.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE; ALSO, STERLING SILVER WARE, MADE TO ORDER BY TIFFANY & CO. AND WM. GALE.

MINER & SOMERVILLE will sell at auction SATURDAY, May 19, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., household furniture, rosewood and black walnut parlor suites; black walnut and oak dining suites; velvet, Brussels and three-ply carpets; French plate pier and mantel mirrors; black walnut and mahogany bedsteads; secretaries, bookcases, extension tables, lounges, sofas, chairs, hair mattresses, paillasses, pillows and bolsters, blankets, sheets, &c., &c. Kitchen furniture, crockery, glass ware, &c., &c. Rosewood piano-forte.

ALSO,

Sterling silver plate, made to order by Tiffany & Co.; sugar-bowls, cream-jugs, soup-ladles, knives and forks, dessert and tea spoons, sugar-tongs, napkin-rings, &c.

M. DOUGHTY, Auctioneer.

WILL SELL THIS DAY AT SALESROOM No. 79 Nassau-st., handsome household furniture for parlors, chambers and dining-rooms; velvet carpets, large French plate pier and marble mirrors, two rosewood seven-octave piano-fortes, single and double light harness, gas chandeliers, &c., &c.

PROPOSALS.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT LUMBER.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, DEPOT OF WASHINGTON, WASHINGTON, D. C., May 3, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until MONDAY, May 21, 1866, at 12 o'clock M., for the purchase of 843,900 feet of Government lumber, of the following sizes and descriptions, viz.:

18,000 feet 1½-inch oak.	30,000 feet 1½-inch ash.
100,000 feet 2-inch oak.	14,500 feet 2-inch ash.
100,000 feet 2½-inch oak.	36,000 feet 3-inch ash.
120,000 feet 3-inch oak.	32,000 feet 4-inch ash.
10,000 feet 3½-inch oak.	20,000 feet 5-inch ash.
73,000 feet 4-inch oak.	3,500 feet ¾-inch pine.
10,000 feet 5-inch oak.	34,800 feet ¼-inch pine.
10,000 feet 2-inch hickory.	37,100 feet 1-inch pine.
4,500 feet 3-inch hickory.	25,000 feet ¾-inch poplar.
14,800 feet 4-inch hickory.	12,000 feet 1-inch poplar.

The above is a very superior lot of well-seasoned Lumber, and can be seen by applying to Brevet Colonel C. H. Tompkins, Quartermaster in charge at Lincoln Depot, about one mile east of the Capitol.

Bids will be received for the purchase of ten thousand feet and upward. The undersigned reserves the right to reject all the bids, should they be considered too low.

Payment (in Government funds) will be required upon notification of acceptance of bid, and prior to the delivery of the Lumber, which must be removed within fifteen days after the proposal is accepted.

Proposals should be signed with the bidders full name, and give his Post-office address, indorsed "Proposals for the purchase of Lumber," and directed to

D. H. RUCKER,
Brevet Major-General and Chief Quartermaster, Depot of Washington.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY, NAVY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C.

PROPOSALS FOR BUILDING NAVAL HOSPITAL AT PHILADELPHIA, PENN.—Proposals will be received at this office for the erection and construction (complete) of a Naval Hospital at Philadelphia.

Plans and specifications of the proposed buildings can be seen at the office of John McArthur, Jr., Architect, No. 209 South 6th-st., Philadelphia, who will afford all bidders every information necessary to a full understanding of the requirements of the Department in the matter of the erection and construction of the hospital aforesaid.

Each proposal, to be considered, must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, certified by the United States District Judge, Attorney or Collector, or other public officer, as to their competence and willingness to guarantee to the sum of thirty (30) per cent. of the whole amount of the proposal offered, that the bidder or bidders so guaranteed (should the contract be awarded to him or them) shall, within ten days of the acceptance of his or their bid, enter into contract with the Navy Department for the erection and construction of the hospital and its appurtenances, and carry through the same to completion, according to the terms of the bid and the plans and specifications above mentioned.

Proposals must state the shortest time required to complete the contract, with the understanding that between two or more bids of equal amount, the Department will give the preference to that naming the shortest time.

Payments for the work will be made monthly as it progresses, upon certificate of the architect, stating its amount and quality, and that the terms of the contract have been complied with; the Department reserving twenty (20) per cent. of the whole amount of each certificate until the buildings are delivered into its hands, complete and ready for occupancy, according to the terms of the contract for the erection and construction of the Naval Hospital and its appurtenances, before mentioned.

All proposals must be addressed to the undersigned, marked "Proposals for Naval Hospital at Philadelphia."

The proposals will be opened in the presence of the bidders, at the Navy Department, at noon of TUESDAY, May 22, 1866.

The Department reserves to itself the right to reject any or all bids not deemed by it satisfactory, or to the interests of the Government.

P. J. HORWITZ, Chief of Bureau.

OFFICE CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT, NEW-YORK, May 17, 1866.

TO SEWER BUILDERS AND STONE-BLOCK PAVERS.—Separate sealed proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work to which it relates, the name of the bidder and date of its offering, will be received at this office, until 11 o'clock A. M., of Tuesday, May 29, 1866, for the construction of the following street improvements, to wit: SEWERS in

Clinton-street, between Madison and Henry streets; in
Thirty-third and Thirty-fifth streets, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues, and in said avenues;
Forty-eighth-street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues; in
Fifty-second-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, and in Tenth-avenue;
Bayard-street, between Chrystie and Forsyth streets;
Spring-street, between Greene and Mercer streets; and in
Sheriff-street, between Rivington and Delancey streets.
Also, for PAVEMENTS in
Third-avenue, from Bowery to Fourteenth-street;
Thirty-sixth-street, from Sixth to Seventh-avenue;
Twentieth-street, from Fourth-avenue to Broadway;
Catharine-street, from Chatham-square to South-street;
Fourteenth-street, from Third to Fourth-avenue;
Leonard-street, from Broadway to West Broadway; and
Mulberry-street, from Bleecker to Houston-street.

Specifications and plans can be seen, and blanks for bids obtained at this office.

THOMAS STEPHENS,
ROBERT L. DARRAGH,
A. W. CRAVEN,
Croton Aqueduct Board.

UNITED STATES MILITARY RAILROADS, OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER, No. 251 G-ST., WASHINGTON, D. C., April 18, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until 12 M. MONDAY, May 21, for the purchase from the United States of all the iron work for nineteen spans of "Howe's Improved Truss Bridges," consisting of the rods, bolts, plates and dowels, suitable for the different spans, the latter varying in length from eighty to one hundred and forty-one feet.

The iron is now stored at the works of the Cleveland Rolling Mill Company, Cleveland, Ohio, and will be sold by the pound.

Additional bill of the iron and length of the spans may be obtained on application to this office.

Terms, cash, in Government funds.

The United States reserve the right to reject all bids if not deemed advantageous.

Proposals should be indorsed "Proposal for the Purchase of Iron."

F. J. CRILLY,
Brev. Major and A. Q. M. U. S. Army.

WRECK OF STEAMER COMMONWEALTH.—Written proposals are requested by the undersigned until the 28th of May inst., for the purchase of the wreck and materials of the steamer COMMONWEALTH, as they now lie sunken at the wharf at Groton, in Connecticut; and also proposals for the raising of such wreck and materials. Proposals for a purchase must state the name and residence of the proposed purchaser, the price which he offers to pay, the terms of such payment, and sureties therefor. And proposals for raising such wreck and materials must, so far as compensation is concerned, be based upon a per centage of their proceeds, upon a sale to be made of them after being raised, and must state the name and residence of the person making the same, and the amount of such per centage. For further particulars, apply to M. R. SIMONS, Agent, Pier No. 18 North River.

NEW-YORK, May 15, 1866.

TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office, Rotunda, Park, until Monday, June 4, 1866, at 11 o'clock A. M., for building and completing a reservoir and two gate houses at Carmansville, near the High Bridge.

Each proposal must be indorsed "Proposals for a reservoir and two gate houses at Carmansville," together with the name of the bidder and the date of its offering.

The amount of security required will be forty thousand dollars.

Plans and specifications of the work can be seen on application at the Engineer's office, 86th-st., near 4th-av.

Blank forms of bids can be obtained on application at this office.

THOS. STEPHENS,
ROBT. L. DARRAGH,
A. W. CRAVEN, } Croton Aqueduct Board.

OFFICE CROTON AQUEDUCT BOARD, May 16, 1866.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.—NOTICE IS hereby given that a Limited Partnership for the transaction of a general Foreign and Domestic Mercantile Exchange and Commission Business, has been entered into by and between HERMAN R. BALTZER, residing at Southfield, in the County of Richmond, and State of New-York, and WILLIAM G. TAAKS, residing in the City, County and State of New-York, and BANK FUR HANDEL UND INDUSTRIE," a Banking Corporation, located at Darmstadt, in the Grand Duchy of Hesse Germany, and WILLIAM L. DEICHMANN, GUSTAV MEVISSEN, ABRAHAM OPPENHEIM and JACOB VOM RATH, all residing in the City of Cologne, in the Kingdom of Prussia, Germany, pursuant to and by virtue of the first title of the fourth chapter of the second part of the Revised Statutes of the State of New-York and the acts amendatory thereof.

The name or firm under which the said partnership is to be conducted is BALTZER & TAAKS.

The general nature of the business intended to be transacted by the said partnership is a general foreign and domestic mercantile exchange and commission business.

The names of all the general and special partners interested in the said partnership are the said Herman R. Baltzer, William G. Taaks, Bank fur Handel und Industrie, William L. Deichmann, Gustav Mevissen, Abraham Oppenheim and Jacob Vom Rath, in which partnership the said Herman R. Baltzer and William G. Taaks are the general partners, and the said Bank fur Handel und Industrie, William L. Deichmann, Gustav Mevissen, Abraham Oppenheim and Jacob Vom Rath are the special partners, and their respective places of residence are as follows: that is to say, the said Herman R. Baltzer resides in the town of Southfield, County of Richmond, and State of New-York; the said William G. Taaks resides in the City, County and State of New-York in the United States of America; and the said Bank fur Handel und Industrie is located and resident at Darmstadt, in the Grand Duchy of Hesse Germany; and the said William L. Deichmann, Gustav Mevissen, Abraham Oppenheim and Jacob Vom Rath all reside in the City of Cologne, in the Kingdom of Prussia, Germany.

The said Bank fur Handel und Industrie, as one of the said special partners, has contributed to the common stock of the said copartnership the sum of one hundred and eleven thousand one hundred and eleven dollars and eleven cents; and the said William L. Deichmann, one of the said special partners, has contributed to the common stock of the said copartnership the sum of twenty-two thousand two hundred and twenty-two dollars and twenty-three cents; and the said Gustav Mevissen, Abraham Oppenheim and Jacob Vom Rath, three of the said special partners, have each contributed to the common stock of the said copartnership the sum of twenty-two thousand and two hundred and twenty-two dollars, and twenty-two cents in United States currency, making the amount contributed in the aggregate by the said special partners the sum of two hundred thousand dollars in United States currency.

The period at which the said partnership is to commence is the twentieth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and the said copartnership is to continue until and terminate upon the thirty-first day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

Dated New-York, April 20, 1866.

H. R. BALTZER,
W. G. TAAKS.
BANK FUR HANDEL UND INDUSTRIE,
By JOSEPH LAROCQUE, Attorney.
WILLIAM L. DEICHMANN,
By JOSEPH LAROCQUE, Attorney.
GUSTAV MEVISSEN,
By JOSEPH LAROCQUE, Attorney.
ABRAHAM OPPENHEIM,
By JOSEPH LAROCQUE, Attorney.
JACOB VOM RATH,
By JOSEPH LAROCQUE, Attorney.

THE COPARTNERSHIP FIRM OF T. PUTNAM & CO., consisting of TARRANT PUTNAM and WILLIAM B. PUTNAM, has been dissolved. T. PUTNAM will close the affairs of the late firm, and continue business at No. 86 Franklin-st.

NEW-YORK, May 17, 1866.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm-name of BROWN & STONE is by mutual consent dissolved. The business of the late firm will be settled by the undersigned, who will continue the business as heretofore.

LEANDER STONE.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE MANTELS—THE BEST PLACE in the City to purchase Marble Mantels of the latest designs at very low prices, is at A. KLABER'S Marble Works, No. 169 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York; mantels put up in the country. Cut this out.

MARBLE MANTELS, FLOOR-TILING monuments, headstones, &c., can be purchased at wholesale prices from a large and well-assorted stock.

FISHER & BIRD, Steam Marble Works,
Nos. 97 to 103 East Houston-st.

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS—SUperior in appearance, more durable, and at half the price of marble. T. B. STEWART, No. 605 6th-av., and 1,310 Broadway, between 35th and 36th sts., New-York.

DRY GOODS.

GAUZE MERINO UNDERCLOTHING,

FOR

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

A large variety will be found

AT

UNION ADAMS',

NO. 637 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK.

BARGAINS IN GAS FIXTURES.

W. J. F. DAILEY & CO.,
NO. 631 BROADWAY,
SOLE AGENTS IN NEW-YORK
FOR THE SALE
OF
H. N. HOOPER & CO.'S
CHANDELIERS, BRACKETS, &c., &c.

PARIS.

LA COMPAGNIE LYONNAISE,
BOULEVARD DES CAPUCINES, NOS. 35 AND 37;
RUE ST. ARNAUD, NO. 7, AND
RUE NEUVE DES CAPUCINES, NO. 16.

SILK STUFFS,
MANTLES, VISITES, CLOAKS, &c.,
PRINTED MUSLINS,
LACE,
INDIA CACHEMIRES,
FRENCH SHAWLS,
FANCY TISSUES.

The COMPAGNIE LYONNAISE has the honor to inform American ladies that they will find at their establishment warerooms for the IMMEDIATE CUTTING OUT AND MAKING UP DRESSES in the first style of fashion and most elegant patterns.

WEDDING OUTFITS.

Since its foundation, the COMPAGNIE LYONNAISE has not ceased to occupy itself particularly in the selection of articles of taste and of superior quality. Consequently this Company is unrivaled in Paris and enjoys a universal reputation.

SPRING FASHIONS.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES OF
CLOTH AND SILK SACQUES AND BASQUES,
CLOAKINGS, MANTILLAS, SILKS, TRIMMINGS, &c.
AT
CAMPBELL'S EMPORIUM,
No. 898 BROADWAY, between 19th and 20th sts.

BARGAINS IN FRENCH CHINA.

DINNER SETS, TEA SETS, &c., &c.

W. J. F. DAILEY & CO.,
NO. 631 BROADWAY.

SOLE AGENTS IN NEW-YORK FOR THE SALE OF H. N. HOOPER & CO.'S GAS FIXTURES.

WINDOW SHADES.

No. 447 BROADWAY,
FOR STORES,
FOR SKYLIGHTS,
FOR DWELLINGS.

G. L. & J. B. KELTY, Manufacturers.

WINDOW SHADE FIXTURES,

BRAY'S PATENT; best in use.

Sold only by G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 447 BROADWAY.

AT DE PERCEVAL'S, 739 BROADWAY,
OPPOSITE ASTOR-PLACE, FORMERLY 657.

All kinds of Children's Cloaks and Suits, Dresses, Sacks, Blankets, Corsets, Chemises, Infants' Waists, Aprons, Bibs, Babies' Caps, Spencers, &c.

Ladies' Embroidered Chemise Yokes, Nightgown Yokes, Ladies' Ready-made Under-garments of Ladies' and Misses' Sets, Varieties, Handkerchiefs and Skirts.

Initials and Coats of Arms Embroidered on Handkerchiefs, Table Linen and Bed Clothes.

Braiding, Cotton and Silk Embroideries made to order.

Stamping for Embroideries and Braiding.

MME. DIEDEN
Has removed to
NO. 25 UNION-SQUARE.
DRESSES, CLOAKS,
LACES, LINGERIES, &c. &c.

DRY GOODS.

Mesdames VIRFOLET, No. 17 Clinton-place, beg leave to inform their customers, and the public in general, that they have just received from Paris their usual assortment of Summer cloaks and white muslin dresses. They offer, too, for sale, their well-known corsets, expressly made for their house.

BLACK THREAD LACE SHAWLS.
REAL LLAMA DES INDES LACE SHAWLS,
AT AUCTION PRICES.
JOSEPH TUCKER, Importer,
East River National Building, No. 680 Broadway.

LADIES' SHOES AT LESS THAN COST.

I am selling all the soiled and unfashionable shoes on hand at half price. In quality they are equal to the best, and are just the thing for country wear.

SAMUEL D. GORMAN, No. 881 Broadway.

MACHINERY.

STATIONARY AND PORTABLE STEAM engines and boilers, flax, hemp, tow, oakum and rope machinery, mechanics' tools, &c. TODD & RAFFERTY, warehouse 4 Dey-st., N. Y.; works, Paterson, N. J.

COTTON MACHINERY WANTED SUITable to make twine, wick and batts. Address, with full particulars, HOMER STRATTON, Brooklyn, N. Y.

COPPER PLATE PRINTING PRESSES FOR SALE.—Several new presses very cheap. Apply by mail to Box No. 881 Post-office, New-York.

IRON WORKS.

IRON WORK
of all descriptions,
STONE-FRONTS, ROOFS, COLUMNS, STAIRS, &c.
JANES, FOWLER, KIRTLAND & CO.,
Corner Reade, Centre and Elm sts.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SWISS WHO speaks five languages, to travel with a family; has experience in traveling, and is willing to perform the duties as courier and servant; can give City references. Address SWISS, No. 69 4th-av., New-York.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, A situation as wet nurse; has a fresh breast of milk; best of references. Call for two days at No. 156 West 28th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK AND laundress in a small family; wages $12 per month. Can be seen to-day at the residence of her present employer, No. 18 Cottage-place.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A NUMBER OF German girls, for all capacities, at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, No. 17 Stanton-st., near the Bowery.

WASHING WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT widow woman and family; or a few young ladies' and gentlemen's washing; can produce the best of reference. No. 266 West 33d-st., 3d floor.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN lately landed; understands care of horses and planning all kinds of farm work; wishes to go to the country; can be highly recommended; will be found willing and obliging. Call for two days at No. 480 6th-av., near 30th-st., Room No. 2.

WANTED—BY A COACHMAN AND GARDENer, a situation; has good references and long experience, and will work for $20 or $25 per month and board. Call or address GEORGE, No. 61 Nassau-st., Room No. 5.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION BY A first-class man; no objection to going in the country. Apply to or address J. V., at Hoover, Calhoun & Co.'s, No. 393 Broadway, New-York.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE MAN as gardener; just returned from California, but understands the business in all its branches. Address E. G., at seed-store No. 63 Liberty-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS BOOK-KEEPER or assistant in a wholesale house; commission business preferred. Address L. M., Box 172 Times Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED.

AGENTS, male and female, are making as high as $20 per day with THE GREAT LABOR SAVER, worth $20 to any family. Only $3 to $10 capital required. Send stamp for particulars.

R. WAYVELL, Box No. 4,781 Chicago.

WANTED—ON A SMALL PLACE IN THE country a German and wife, without incumbrance; man to do general work; woman, plain cooking, washing and ironing; must have good references; would take a single man if of right kind. Address E. P. COBB, Box No. 3,618 Post-office.

WANTED—FOR A SMALL FAMILY, A SHORT distance in the country; a cook thoroughly understanding her business; highest wages paid; likewise a kitchen maid. Apply this day, with reference, from 10 till 3 o'clock, at Mrs. SANDERS, No. 45 3d-av.

WANTED—A SOLDIER'S WIDOW, OR A COMpetent middle-aged woman, who can superintend the cooking and kitchen business generally. Apply at No. 23 St. Mark's-place, or to PRESCOTT & SON, No. 73 Chambers-st.

WANTED—AN INTELLIGENT MAN OF GOOD address, to canvass for books, &c.; must be conversant with the business; salary moderate. Address, stating amount expected weekly, giving references, &c., PUBLISHER, Box No. 186 Times Office.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS, SCOTCH PREferred, to do their part of the general housework of a small family about to go into the country for the Summer, near the City; experience and good recommendations required. Apply at No. 28 Bond-st.

WANTED—A GOOD VEGETABLE GARDENer to go a short distance in the country. One who is willing to make himself generally useful, may apply at No. 18 Mercer-st.

WANTED—A CLERK FOR A STEAMER; TWO baggagemen on railroads. Apply to J. WILSON & CO., No. 146 Greene-st., Jersey City.

WANTED—A TRAVELER, BY A MERCANTILE house, to solicit orders. Address T. B. & CO., Box No. 146 Times Office.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN as nurse; best City reference required. Apply at No. 48 West 26th-st., before 12 o'clock to-day.

WANTED—TWO LADS FOR GENERAL LIGHT work. PRESCOTT & SON, No. 73 Chamber-st.

AGENTS WANTED—IN EVERY COUNTY and country in the civilized world for LLOYD'S GREAT TOPOGRAPHICAL RAILWAY AND COUNTY MAP OF NORTH AMERICA, issued to-day, after four years' labor, superior to Lloyd's other celebrated maps in fulness and details. Yet to place this map in every house in the land he has printed on the back of the main map the United States portion 3,000 counties, on a scale eight times as large, gratis. Price $2 50, worth $40. County and State rights guaranteed agents. Big profits allowed. J. T. LLOYD, No. 23 Cortlandt-st. French, Spanish and German editions furnished wholesale agents for Europe.

LOCAL AGENTS AND SOLICITORS FOR Life Insurance are wanted by a first-class Company, in every city and town. Very liberal inducements are offered. Address, with reference, LIFE COMPANY, Box No. 6,767 Post-office, New-York.

CORRESPONDENT WANTED—A YOUNG man who can write well and furnish good City reference, may address A. T. STEWART & CO., Broadway and Chambers-st.

DRAUGHTSMAN WANTED—ONE WHO understands medieval work and prospective, and is thoroughly competent. Call after 12 o'clock on J. F. MILLER, No. 128 Broadway.

MEDICAL.

TO MARRIED AND SINGLE LADIES.

PORTUGUESE FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.—Every lady uses them. In all cases of stoppage or irregularity, from whatever cause, they are certain to succeed in forty-eight hours, and at the same time safe and healthy, as well as pleasant, being sugar-coated. They are scientifically prepared of costly and rare extracts. The only reliable specific for ladies. They cannot fail in any case. Price $3 and $5 a box. Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Midwifery, Sole Agent and proprietor for upward of twenty years. Office No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail in letter envelope.

Dr. Mauriceau guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities in females with or without medicine.

FREE CONSULTATION.

DR. A. ROSENBERG,

who has had a long experience in private diseases, cures the greatest sufferer in a wonderfully short time. Young men who by secret habits suffer from involuntary emissions and seminal weaknesses will be effectually cured, otherwise they will never enjoy the blessings of a family. Ladies' private diseases and monthly irregularities will be cured without fail. Office No. 54 Ludlow-st., near Grand-st. Office hours from 8 A. M. till 8 P. M.

CHOLERA PREVENTIVE.

TIMOLAT'S old-established Sulphur Medicated Vapor Baths, removed to No. 110 Bleecker-st. These Baths are recommended by our most eminent physicians as a preventive of all epidemic diseases. Given daily.

O. S.—1834.
CHOLERA DROPS.
Depot No. 72 Murray-st., New-York.

THOUSANDS ARE TIMELY SAVED BY Dr. KENNEDY'S skillful and improved treatment.—Private diseases cured in the shortest possible time by Dr. KENNEDY & CO., No. 195 Elm-st., New-York, without the use of mercury, loss of time or change of diet. Dr. KENNEDY, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhea or syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. KENNEDY, No. 195 Elm-st. Call, send or write.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery, having over thirty years' successful practice in this city, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities and obstructions in females, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at No. 162 Chambers-st. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5, can be sent by mail. Also sold at the druggist's, No. 152 Greenwich-st., near Liberty-st. Madame RESTELL deems it her duty to caution ladies against imitators, who not only deprive them of their means, but their health.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 195 Elm-st., New-York.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. ☞ Beware of imitations! Purchased directly of Dr. POWERS, No. 195 Elm-st., New-York.

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION, by Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Professor of Diseases of Women, strictly intended for those whose health or circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family. Price $1. Sold at his office No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York; or can be sent by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States and Canada, by inclosing $1, and addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.—EXCLUSIVE treatment of all female complaints. Patients from a distance provided with board during illness. Remedy for monthly derangements, $5. Relief guaranteed. Dr. THIERS, No. 90 3d-av., New-York.

MME. DECOLAM, MEDICAL AND BUSIness clairvoyant, has removed to No. 49 East 28th-st., between Madison and 4th avs. Past, present and future foretold. Doubtful invited.

DR. WEST, AN OLD AND EXPERIENCED practitioner, is enabled to guarantee a cure in all private cases, by safe remedies, and without change of diet or hindrance from business. Call at No. 545 Broadway.

NEW AND IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.—Confidential information sent free to married ladies and to the feeble and malformed. Address Dr. DUBOIS, No. 90 3d-av., New-York.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores the vigor of youth in four days. Gives health, strength and vigor to the most shattered system. $5 a bottle No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place.

DR. LARMONT, NO. 173 BROADWAY.—Treatment from 12 to 6. "Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide," $1 50. E. WARNER, Publ'er, 1 Vesey-st.

MME. ROSS, MEDICAL CLAIRVOYANT, No. 98 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

MANY THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER sooner or later. He can cure the worst cases of secret disease in a shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. Skeptics and doubters will please call and read hundreds of reliable certificates of cures made within the last thirty years of almost hopeless cases, that had had the benefit of dozens of our most eminent physicians and surgeons. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate, and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures private diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. $1 per vial. Book, 50 pages, gratis, on nervous debility, causes of impotency, marasmus, &c.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION ORIGInated the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas and have extracted teeth for over 12,000 patients, who have certified that it was done without pain. Gas pure and fresh every day. We "never fail." Office No. 19 Cooper Institute.

N. B. GRIFFINS, NO. 258 GRAND-ST.—New-York, opposite Lord & Taylor's; the largest and cheapest Dental Establishment in the world; fresh gas every day; every operation in dentistry performed at unusually low prices.

HAVE YOUR TEETH EXTRACTED without pain by Dr. HOYT, who uses the only method by which nitrous oxide can be administered pure. Office No. 878 Broadway, corner 18th-st.

NOTICE.—HARLEM MARKET, CORNER 130TH-st., between 3d and 4th avs., will be opened on THURSDAY, May 24.

SHIPPING.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ships.	Tons.	Commanders.
ENGLAND	3,450	Grace.
SCOTLAND	3,698	Hall.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Prowse.
HELVETIA	3,315	Ogilvie.
QUEEN	3,517	Grogan.
ERIN	3,316	Cutting.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	Lewis.
LOUISIANA	2,16[illegible]	Thompson.
DENMARK	3,117	Thomson.
FRANCE	[illegible]	[illegible]
GERMANY	[illegible]	[illegible]

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:

PENNSYLVANIA	[illegible], May 19
VIRGINIA	SATURDAY, May 26
DENMARK	SATURDAY, June 2
SCOTLAND	SATURDAY, June 9

AND EVERY SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The size of these steamships admits of very spacious state-rooms, all opening directly into the saloon; the accommodations and fare are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

An experienced Surgeon on each ship free of charge.

Steerage passage tickets to bring parties from Liverpool or Queenstown, for $40 currency.

Cabin passage to Liverpool $100; Steerage, $30—payable in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having their value expressed therein, are signed therefor.

For freight or cabin passage, apply at the office of the Company, No. 57 Broadway, and for steerage tickets at the passage office of the company, No. 27 Broadway, or No. 270 Pearl-st.

F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND
BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

CHINA leaves Boston Wednesday, May 23.
JAVA leaves New-York Wednesday, May 30.
CUBA leaves Boston Wednesday, June 6.
PERSIA leaves New-York Wednesday, June 13.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, June 20.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, June 27.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$132 50
Second Cabin Passage	80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage	$112 50
Second Cabin Passage	65 00

payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

THE NORTH AMERICAN LLOYD.
ONLY AMERICAN LINE OF FIRST-CLASS OCEAN STEAMERS

Between NEW-YORK and BREMEN via COWES, carrying the U. S. Mail, taking passengers to England, France and Germany. Leave New-York, from Pier No. 46 North River, on THURSDAYS:

Merrimack, E. VAN TICE, Commander, 2,600 tons, 900 horse power..........17th May.
Ericsson, LOWBER, Commander, 2,200 tons, 600 horse power..........24th May.
Atlantic, CHAS. HOYER, Commander, 3,000 tons, 1,600 horse power..........31st May.
Baltic, A. G. JONES, Commander, 3,000 tons, 1,600 horse power..........14th June.
Western Metropolis, H. SANDERS, Commander, 2,600 tons, 1,000 horse power..........28th June.
Mississippi, W. G. FURBER, Commander, 2,600 tons, 900 horse power..........July.

Further departures from New-York, (besides extra steamers): July 19. August 2, 16; September 6, 20; October 4, 26; November 8, 22; December 13, 27.

DEPARTURES FROM BREMEN, respectively—Cowes, May 23; June 6, 13, 20, 27; July 11, 25; August 15, 29; September 12; October 3, 17; November 1, 21; December 5, 19.

RATES OF PASSAGE, payable in gold, or its equivalent in currency, from NEW-YORK TO BREMEN, Havre, London and Southampton:

First cabin, $105; second cabin, $62 50; steerage, $37 50.

FROM BREMEN, &c., TO NEW-YORK:

First cabin, $112; second cabin, $80; steerage, $45.

RETURN TICKETS: First cabin, $205; second cabin, $132 50; steerage, $77 50.

For freight or passage apply to
RUGER BROS., General Agents,
No. 45 Beaver-st.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, having been thoroughly refitted, will leave Pier No. 37 North River for Havre, calling at Falmouth, on the following days, at noon, precisely,

FULTON, S. SAMUELS	Saturday, June 9,	1866.
ARAGO, HENRY A. GADSDEN	Saturday, July 7,	1866.
FULTON, S. SAMUELS	Saturday, Aug. 4,	1866.
ARAGO, HENRY A. GADSDEN	Saturday, Sept. 1,	1866.
FULTON, S. SAMUELS	Saturday, Sept. 29,	1866.

And every twenty-eight days thereafter.

PRICES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN GOLD

First cabin..........$132 50 | Second cabin..........$65 00

Through tickets to London, $5 extra.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

J. J. COMSTOCK, Agent,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.
JAMES A. WOTTON, Agent, Havre and Paris.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

The steamship CITY OF PARIS will sail from Pier No. 45, North River, at 9 A. M., on SATURDAY, May 19. Passengers are requested to be on board at 8:30 A. M.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT Queenstown. The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails.

CITY OF PARIS	SATURDAY	May 19
CITY OF NEW-YORK	SATURDAY	May 26
CITY OF BOSTON	SATURDAY	June 2
CITY OF LONDON	SATURDAY	June 9
CITY OF WASHINGTON	SATURDAY	June 16

and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE, PAYABLE IN CURRENCY,
BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

First Cabin	$120	Steerage	$35
First Cabin to London	125	Steerage to London	40
First Cabin to Paris	135	Steerage to Paris	50

Wednesday's steamers will temporarily carry freight only.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $40. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid new vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50, North River, as follows:

NAPOLEON III	BOCANDE	SATURDAY, May 19
VILLE DE PARIS	SURMONT	SATURDAY, June 2
PEREIRE	DUCHESNE	SATURDAY, June 16
LAFAYETTE	LEMARIE	SATURDAY, June 30

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin, $135; second cabin, $80, including table wine in either class.

The steamers of this line do not carry steerage passengers.

Passengers intending to land at Brest will be furnished here with railroad coupon tickets, and their baggage checked to Paris, at an additional charge of $5 for first and $3 for second class.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For further information apply to
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

STEAMSHIP NAPOLEON III., FOR Brest and Havre, will sail from Pier No. 50, North River, foot of Morton-st., on SATURDAY, May 19, at 10 o'clock precisely; passengers are requested to be on board at 9 o'clock.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL, calling at Queenstown.—An extra Cunard steamer will sail every WEDNESDAY:

TARIFA	WEDNESDAY, May 23.
TRIPOLI	WEDNESDAY, May 30.
HECLA	WEDNESDAY, June 6.

These steamers have very fine accommodations for a few cabin passengers.

Passage money $100, gold or its equivalent.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

The United States Mail Sidewheel Steamship
MORRO CASTLE,
R. ADAMS, Commander,

Will leave Pier No. 4, North River, on WEDNESDAY, May 23, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, for Havana direct.

For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

N. B.—The favorite steamship EAGLE will succeed the MORRO CASTLE, and leave on May 30.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.

The new and elegant SIDE-WHEEL steamships HATTERAS, Capt. LEWIS PARRISH, every SATURDAY, at 12 M.

RAPIDAN, Capt. ALEXANDER, every WEDNESDAY, at 12 M.

FROM PIER NO. 36 NORTH RIVER.

Freight at printed tariff rates.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations. Apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 88 Liberty-st.

FOR NORFOLK AND CITY POINT.

The OLD LINE, from Pier No. 21, North River.
NIAGARA, Capt. COUCH,
EVERY SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.
SARATOGA, Capt. KING,
EVERY WEDNESDAY, at 3 P. M.
G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE,
No. 115 Broadway,
Agents New-York and Virginia Steamship Co.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
FIRST CABIN PASSAGE..........THIRTY DOLLARS.
EMILY P. SOUDER..........Capt. H. LOCKWOOD.
MONEKA..........Capt. C. P. MARSHMAN.

The above splendid steamships will leave every THURSDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 37 North River, invariably landing cargo at Charleston on Monday morning.

The new and elegant steamship
MONEKA,
will leave on THURSDAY, May 24.

For freight or passage, with unsurpassed accommodation, apply to
LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

Consignees at Charleston, ARCHIBALD, GETTY & CO. All bills of lading signed on board the vessel.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

Regular Line of First-class Steamships, Pier No. 14, East River, foot of Wall-st.

FARE REDUCED.

The elegant and popular side-wheel steamship
QUAKER CITY,
WM. H. WEST, Commander,

is now receiving cargo, and will be dispatched promptly THIS DAY, May 19, at 3 P. M. Freight received up to 2 o'clock.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to
ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The new and first-class steamship GEORGE WASHINGTON, Capt. E. N. GAGER, will leave Pier No. 9, North River, on SATURDAY, May 19, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage, having accommodations, apply to
H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

The GEORGE CROMWELL follows May 26.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

BLACK STAR LINE.

The fast sailing steamship FUNG SHUEY, Capt. J. B. HILDRETH, will sail on SATURDAY, May 19, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 13 North River. For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to
R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West, cor. Cedar-st.

NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

The New-York Mail Steamship Company's steamship EVENING STAR will leave on SATURDAY, May 26, at 3 P. M., from the Company's pier, No. 46 North River.

For freight or passage apply to
JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 262 Broadway.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
THROUGH LINE
TO CALIFORNIA,

AND CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL, leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th and 21st of every month, (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday,) for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railway, with one of the company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.

MAY.

1st, ARIZONA, connecting with SACRAMENTO.
11th, COSTA RICA, connecting with GOLDEN AGE.
21st, NEW-YORK, connecting with CONSTITUTION.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for SOUTH PACIFIC PORTS; 1st and 11th for CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS. Those of 1st touch at MANZANILLO.

Baggage checked through. One hundred pounds allowed each adult.

An experienced surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets or further information apply at the company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York.

[illegible], Agent.

[illegible] TO CALIFORNIA, VIA NICARAGUA, ON THE TWENTIETH OF EACH MONTH.
REDUCED RATES OF PASSAGE.

First class.	Second class.	Third class.
$175 to $225.	$125.	$65.

In currency.

THROUGH TO SAN FRANCISCO.

THE NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch the fast and elegant steamship
SANTIAGO DE CUBA,
JERRY W. SMITH, Commander,
On SATURDAY, May 19, at noon.
From Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st.

THE CENTRAL AMERICAN TRANSIT COMPANY have placed a new steamer on the lake, and otherwise greatly improved the transit route. The full stage of water on lake and river ensures to passengers a prompt and reliable transit over this favorite line of California travel.

For passage, apply early by mail or in person, at No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.

D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

FOR CALIFORNIA VIA PANAMA.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer NEW-YORK will sail on MONDAY, May 21, at 12 o'clock noon. Freight received as usual.

For rates, &c., inquire at Freight office on Company's Pier, No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
No. 84 Broadway,
Sole freight agents P. M. S. S. Co.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,
EVERY SATURDAY, AT 3 P. M.
Pier No. 13 North River, foot of Cedar-st.
EMPIRE SIDE-WHEEL LINE.
FREIGHTS REDUCED.

The fast and favorite steamships
SAN SALVADOR, ATKINS, Commander, sails May 19.
MISSOURI, LOVELAND, Commander, sails May 26.
Cabin passage..........TWENTY DOLLARS.
Through tickets issued to the interior.

For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.
ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
WEEKLY LINE.
PASSENGER SIDE-WHEEL STEAMERS.

HERMAN LIVINGSTON..........Capt. J. B. BAKER.
GEN. BARNES..........Capt. THOS. H. MORTON.

FREIGHT AT REDUCED RATES.

Cabin passage..........$20

The favorite side-wheel, passenger steamship
GENERAL BARNES,
CAPT. THOMAS H. MORTON,
will leave on SATURDAY, May 19, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 36 North River.

For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents,
No. 88 Liberty-st.

Agents in Savannah, WILDER & FULLARTON.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Citizens about to travel abroad may procure passports from A. C. WILLMARTH, United States Passport Agent, No. 41 Chambers-st., Room No. 28.

STEAMBOATS.

STEAMBOAT LINE FOR BRIDGEPORT.

The steamboat BRIDGEPORT, Capt. CHAS. WEEKS, leaves New-York daily (Sundays excepted) from Pier No. 35 East River, foot Catharine-st., at 12 o'clock M., connecting with Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroads, arriving at Bridgeport in time for the accommodation trains on New-York and New-Haven Railroad going east and west. Returning—Will leave Bridgeport, from Naugatuck Railroad wharf EVERY NIGHT (Saturdays excepted) at 11 o'clock P. M. The new and splendid steamer J. B. SCHUYLER, Capt. JOHN MCNEIL, leaves New-York from same pier EVERY AFTERNOON (Sundays excepted) at 3:20 P. M., arriving at Bridgeport in time to connect with the New-York and New-Haven Railroad train for Stratford, Milford and New-Haven. Returning—Will leave Bridgeport from Housatonic Railroad wharf daily (Sundays excepted) at 7½ A. M., on arrival of early morning trains on Housatonic, Naugatuck and New-York and New-Haven Railroads. Freight received daily and forwarded at lowest rates.

CHARLES ROCKWELL, Supt.
WM. H. WILCOX, agent on pier.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.
AVOIDING POINT JUDITH.
STONINGTON LINE OF STEAMERS,

being the safest and quickest between Boston and New-York. The staunch and splendid steamer
PLYMOUTH ROCK, Capt. B. BRAYTON,
On TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS;
COMMODORE, Capt. R. F. CURTIS,
On MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS,
at 5 o'clock P. M. from Pier No. 18 North River.

These boats are unsurpassed for comfort, strength and safety. State-rooms secured at the office, Pier No. 18, on board the boat, No. 76 Washington-st., Boston, and at the Providence Depot.

Return trains leave Boston at 5½ P. M.

M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

NEW-YORK,
ORIENT, GREENPORT
AND
SAG HARBOR.

The new, fast and elegant steamer
ARTISAN, Capt. G. C. GIBBS,
will, on and after SATURDAY, March 31, leave New-York from Pier No. 43, East River, for Orient, Greenport and Sag Harbor, on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 4 o'clock P. M.

Returning, leave Sag Harbor for Greenport, Orient and New-York on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 4 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage, apply on board.

For further particulars inquire of
WILLIAMS BROTHERS, No. 5 Beekman-st.

SHREWSBURY AND LONG BRANCH, Sandy Hook, Highlands, Port Washington, Mount's and Brown's Dock, Fairhaven and Red Bank—The steamer META, Capt. WM. F. CONOVER, will leave the short pier, foot of Barclay-st., as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.			LEAVE RED BANK.		
Tuesday, May	8, 12	M.	Monday, May	7, 11	A.M.
Thursday,	10, 2	P.M.	Wednesday,	9, 1	P.M.
Saturday,	12, 3½	P.M.	Friday,	11, 1	P.M.
Monday,	14, 3½	P.M.	Monday,	14, 7	A.M.
Tuesday,	15, 3½	P.M.	Tuesday,	15, 7	A.M.
Thursday,	17, 9	A.M.	Wednesday,	16, 7½	A.M.
Saturday,	19, 10	A.M.	Friday,	18, 10	A.M.
Tuesday,	22, 8½	A.M.	Monday,	21, 11	A.M.
Wednesday,	23, 9	A.M.	Tuesday,	22, 1	P.M.
Thursday,	24, 2	P.M.	Wednesday,	23, 1½	P.M.
Saturday,	26, 3½	P.M.	Friday,	25, 2	P.M.
Monday,	28, 3½	P.M.	Monday,	28, 6½	A.M.
Tuesday,	29, 3½	P.M.	Tuesday,	29, 7	A.M.
Wednesday,	30, 3½	P.M.	Wednesday,	30, 7½	A.M.
Thursday,	31, 3½	P.M.	Thursday,	31, 7½	A.M.

MAY, 1866.—SHREWSBURY AND LONG Branch, Sandy Hook, Highlands, Port Washington, Mount's and Brown's Dock, Fairhaven and Red Bank.—The new and elegant steamboat SEA BIRD, Capt. H. B. PARKER, will leave pier foot of Chambers-street, North River:

NEW-YORK.	RED BANK.
Saturday, 19th, at 10 A. M.	Monday, 21st, at 10 A. M.
Tuesday, 22d, at 9 A. M.	Tuesday, 22d, at 1 P. M.
Wednesday, 23d, at 10 A. M.	Wednesday, 23d, at 2 P. M.
Thursday, 24th, at 10½ A. M.	Thursday, 24th, at 2½ P. M.
Friday, 25th, at 11½ A. M.	Friday, 25th, at 3½ P. M.
Saturday, 26th, at 3½ P. M.	Monday, 28th, at 6 A. M.
Monday, 28th, at 3½ P. M.	Tuesday, 29th, at 7 A. M.
Tuesday, 29th, at 3½ P. M.	Wednesday, 30th, at 7 A. M.
Wednesday, 30th, at 3½ P.M.	Thursday, 31st, at 7 A. M.
Thursday, 31st, at 4 P. M.	Friday, June 1, at 8 A. M.
Saturday, June 2, at 9½ A.M.	

All freight must be on board at least a quarter of an hour before starting.

REGULAR SUNDAY MORNING boat for Newburgh, for the season, commencing May 20, 1866, landing at Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs' Ferry, Tarrytown, Sing Sing, Haverstraw, Cozzens' Dock, Cold Spring and Cornwall.

The fast and splendid steamer SYLVAN STREAM, Capt. T. R. PADDOCK, will leave foot of Harrison-st. at 7½ A. M., landing at 34th-st. each way.

Returning, leave Newburgh at 1½ P. M.

AFTERNOON BOAT FOR NEWBURGH AND FISHKILL.—On and after WEDNESDAY, May 16, the steamboat MAGENTA will leave New-York every afternoon (Sundays excepted) from foot of Barclay-st., at 3 o'clock P. M., landing at Grassy Point, Cozzens' Dock and Cornwall; returning will leave Fishkill at 6:35 A. M. and Newburgh at 6:45, landing as above.

DAY BOAT FOR ALBANY.—THE STEAMBOAT ARMENIA will, on and after MONDAY, April 30, leave from Desbrosses-st. at 7:20 and 34th-st. pier at 7:45 A. M. on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, landing at Yonkers, Cozzens, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Bristol, Catskill, and Hudson.

MORNING LINE FOR PEEKSKILL.—The NORWALK leaves pier foot of Harrison-st. daily (without exception), at 9 A. M.; lands at 34th-st., Yonkers, Hastings, Dobbs' Ferry, Tarrytown, Nyack, Sing Sing, Haverstraw, Grassy Point and Verplanck's. Returning, leaves Peekskill at 1½ P. M.

NEW-YORK AND TROY STEAMBOAT COMPANY.—The boats of this line (CONNECTICUT and RIP VAN WINKLE) leave Pier 40 North River, foot of Watts-st., for Troy, (and the only line ticketing by railroad North and East) daily, Saturdays excepted, at 6 o'clock P. M.

SUNDAY BOAT FOR ALBANY AND TROY DIRECT.—The New-York and Troy Steamboat Company's steamer RIP VAN WINKLE will leave Pier No. 40 N. R., SUNDAY, May 20, at 6 P. M. Tickets sold and baggage checked to all points North and West.

FOR NEWBURGH, WEST POINT, Poughkeepsie, Rondout and Kingston, landing at Cozzens' Dock, Cornwall, New-Hamburgh and Milton.—The steamer MARY POWELL leaves Desbrosses-st. EVERY AFTERNOON, at 3½ o'clock.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with Railroad.

FOR SALE—THE STEAM LIGHTER "GEN. Franz Sigel," 80 feet long, 20 feet 6 inches beam, 7 feet 3 inches hold; has 2 cylinders, 16x18; also, a donkey hoisting engine aboard. Can be seen from 1 to 4 o'clock P. M. at Peck-slip. Also, one new propeller tug, 106 feet long, 18 feet beam, 8 feet 6 inches hold; has 2 cylinders, 16x16; Lighthall's patent condenser; is entirely new and in complete running order. Apply to J. S. UNDERHILL, shipyard, Greenpoint, L. I.

EXCURSIONS.

FOR EXCURSION PARTIES—DUDLEY'S, Myers' and other Groves. Steamboats of all kinds; barge *Walter Sands* and others. For choice of days apply early to W. & R. MYERS & CO., on board barges foot of Morton-st.

STATIONERY.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successor to J. G. Keys. Removed to No. 303 Washington-st., near Reade.

FINE DOUBLE-BARRELED GUNS only $10; guns, pistols, cutlery and hardware. J. & J. BRUSH, No. 183 Bowery.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BOARDING.—LARGE AND HANDSOMELY furnished rooms, suites of rooms, and fine hall-rooms, with board, in the first-class four-story brown-stone house, No. 203 East 12th-st., two doors from 2d-av., all at summer prices. Come and see them.

SPECIAL PRIVATE BOARDING.—ANY lady desiring to find an elegant home with excellent medical attendance, kind care and strict retirement during confinement can find every requisite with a widow lady living genteelly, without children or boarders. For particulars address Box No. 381 Brooklyn Post-office.

HOBOKEN—IN SIGHT OF FERRY, THREE most eligible bedrooms to let, furnished, to gentlemen with references. Arrangements could be made for breakfast if desired. Ring S. H.'s bell, No. 1 Washington Terrace. Entrance Ferry-st.

BOARD ON MURRAY HILL—AND THE half of an elegant strictly first-class house can be had by a party of gentlemen, or a family of adults, wishing to live exclusively and elegantly. Address LYLE, Box No. 183 *Times* Office.

BOARD AND ROOMS IN BROOKLYN, E. D.—Board can be had by one or two gentlemen, or a gentleman and wife; also, a large unfurnished room. Apply at No. 243 South 3d-st.

BOARD CAN BE HAD BY A GENTLEMAN and wife without children in a private family, with well-furnished rooms and good board; location in [illegible]-st. Address S. E., Box No. 169 *Times* Office.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OR PARTY of gentlemen, will find very pleasant rooms, with board, at No. 161 West 14th-st., one of the finest locations in the City.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—A GENTLEMAN and wife or two or three gents can be accommodated at No. 131 Sands-st.

FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED ROOMS— With or without board. Dinner at 6. Inquire at No. 51 Lexington-av., corner of 25th-st.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD.—MOST ELIGIBLE LOcation for business men; two minutes' walk from Melrose Station, West Morrisania; two large rooms unfurnished, suitable for a large family of adults or two small families; also several small rooms for single gentlemen; situation and surroundings delightful; thirty minutes from 26th-st., per railroad. Address WESTCHESTER, Morrisania, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD.—SIX ROOMS TO LET at a farm-house, very pleasantly situated on high ground, overlooking Long Island Sound for 50 miles, with plenty of shade, convenient to depot, post office and sea-bathing; 50 miles from New-York, on the New-York and New-Haven Railroad. For particulars apply to or address A. H. SHERWOOD, Southport, Conn.

COUNTRY BOARD.—A FEW MORE PERsons may find large, pleasant rooms, with board, at a farm-house on Rahway-av., near Elizabeth, N. J. The house is large and well shaded; stabling can be had if desired. Inquire of SYLVESTER LAY, No. 1 Park-place; or apply on the premises, to Mrs. E. C. PINNEY, Rahway-av.

COUNTRY BOARD—THE SUBSCRIBER HAS opened a commodious hotel for the accommodation of City boarders, at East Worcester, Otsego Co., N. Y., on line of Susquehanna Railroad, two hours' ride west from Albany; charges reasonable. Address GEORGE RICH, proprietor, or call for reference at No. 281 3d-av., or on Lawyer Robinson, No. 8 Pine-st.

COUNTRY BOARD AT NEWBURGH.— Two very fine rooms, either separate or en suite, can be had, in a very fine location, about ten minutes' walk from landing or cars; about an acre of land, view of the river, &c. Application must be made immediately to N. W. ALLARD, Newburgh, Orange County, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD AT NORWALK, CONN.—A family or party of from four to six persons, can be accommodated with good board at a farm-house, in a healthful and pleasant location; plenty of fruit and shade; fine drives; also, stable and carriage room. C. H. OLIVER, No. 7 Beekman-st.

COUNTRY BOARD.—TWO GENTLEMEN, OR a gentleman and his wife, can be accommodated with board and two large rooms in a private family. Those wishing a pleasant home for the Summer, and are willing to pay a liberal price, can address BOARD, Box No. 57 Post-office, Orange, N. J.

COUNTRY BOARD AT MILTON.—ONE OR two families can obtain good board and pleasant rooms in a private family at Milton; terms moderate. Address Box No. 111 Milton, Ulster County, N. Y., or call on ISAAC A. BIGGS & SON, No. 77 Nassau-st. N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD AT WASHINGTON Heights for adults; five large rooms, beautiful grounds; twelve minutes' walk from depot or steamboat; good stabling if required. Apply at CLARKE'S Photographic Gallery, No. 589 Broadway.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—BY A young lady, in some good family where there are no boarders; good plain board expected and a pleasant home; moderate price only paid. Address Box No. 6,849 New-York Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD—BY THE WEEK OR DAY, at a private house on the Catskill Mountains, four miles west of the Mountain House; also, at a hotel. EDGAR H. LAYMAN, private house, H. A. LAYMAN, Hotel, Tannersville, Greene County, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD.—FINE AIRY ROOMS IN a large new house, situated on the South Bay, within a few minutes' walk of the ocean, at Oneck, (near Quogue,) Westhampton, L. I. Apply as above to E. C. HALSEY.

COUNTRY BOARD AT A FARM-HOUSE IN Westchester County, 30 miles from City, on Harlem Railroad; two good rooms, suitable for adults. Address HOME, Box No. 56 Chappaqua Post-office.

COUNTRY BOARD.—FOUR OR FIVE GENtlemen can be accommodated with pleasant rooms, good board, and the comforts of home in Rahway, N. J. Address N. D. FISHER, Box No. 4,149 Post-office, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD FOR HORSES.— Address JACOB HICKS, North Hempstead, Queens County, L. I.

BOARD AT THE SEA SHORE.—PARTIES wishing to secure an excellent boarding-place (with home comforts) for the Summer months, can find accommodation in that very desirable locality, Ocean-st., Lynn., Mass., near Swampscott, commanding a splendid view of the ocean. For further information address OCEAN VIEW, No. 114 Pembroke-st., Boston.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD CAN BE OBTAINED on reasonable terms at Haverstraw Village, on the Hudson, 38 miles from New-York City. To all lovers of river and mountain scenery, this locality offers superior attractions. References exchanged. Apply to H. HOLMAN, No. 367 3d-av.

A WIDOW LADY DESIRES A PLAIN, comfortable home for the Summer upon a farm within 80 miles of New-York; healthy location desired, and terms not to exceed $6 per week. Address Mrs. C. EDWARD'S Box No. 138 *Times* Office.

BOARD AT ORANGE, N. J.—TWO OR three adults can be accommodated with board and pleasant rooms within three minutes' walk of the depot. References exchanged. For further particulars, inquire at No. 3 Library Building, Orange.

BOARD AT BENNINGTON, VERMONT. —A family of four persons can obtain first-class board with a lady there for the Summer. No other boarders. Inquire of M. HARRINGTON, No. 741 Broadway.

EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATIONS AND board at Orange, N. J. Address Box No. 229 Orange Post-office.

SUMMER RESORTS.

THE HAMONASSETT HOUSE,
MADISON, CONN.,

Will be opened for Summer guests May 25, 1866. The drives, fishing and bathing grounds are excellent; three-quarters of a mile from Madison Depot, on Shore Line Railroad; the house is furnished throughout entirely new. The subscriber has had an extensive and varied experience, and promises to do all in his power to make the stay of his guests pleasant. Applicants may address H. L. PARKER, Hamonassett House, Madison, Conn.

LAUREL HOUSE, AT CAUTERSKILL FALLS, on the Catskill Mountain, 1½ miles west of Mountain House, is now open. Desirable rooms may be engaged by letter to J. L. SHUTT, Catskill. Conveyance to the house by the proprietor's new post-coach, and by private carriages in waiting at Catskill steamboat landing and railroad station. Also, carriages may be had at the house to convey guests to all points of interest in the mountain, to Cauterskill Clove, to Plantakill and Stony Cloves, which abound in the best of trout fishing.

THE BERKSHIRE SODA SPRINGS House, having been thoroughly refitted and refurnished, will be opened by the subscribers, on or before the 1st of June, for the reception of boarders during the Summer months upon reasonable terms.

CHARLES E. BOTSFORD,
MARTIN HARRIS.

GREAT BARRINGTON, Mass., May 8, 1866.

OAKLAND SPRING, ISLIP, L. I.—COMmunication three times daily by railroad; a few very desirable apartments yet to be had in private families; terms very moderate; beautiful air; no annoyances, and all home comforts; stabling for horses. Address R. W. PEARSALL, Thompson's Station, L. I., or Dr. J. F. BRIDGE, No. 139 William-st., New-York.

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL, MASSENA SPRINGS.—This establishment is beautifully located on the banks of the Raquette River, in a section of unsurpassed salubrity. Good fishing, boating, &c.

CROCKER & CO., Massena Springs,
St. Lawrence County, New-York.

HIGHLAND HOUSE, GARRISONS, N. Y., opposite West Point.—This house having been enlarged and improved, will be opened the 1st of June. Terms reasonable. Parties wishing rooms for the season will make early application to G. F. & W. D. GARRISON, Proprietors.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL, LONG Branch, N. J., will open June 1, 1866, being very much enlarged, making it the most prominent hotel at Long Branch. Address COOPER & LAND.

MANSION HOUSE, LONG BRANCH, N. J., will open May 23, 1866.

S. LAND, Proprietor.

FOREIGN HOTELS.

THE NEWLY OPENED FAMILY HOTEL of Mme. TETE, No. 9 Cité du Retiro, rue Boissy d'Anglas, and No. 30 faub. St. Honoré, in the finest quarter of Paris, close to the Tuileries and the Champs Elysées, combines with every comfort an excellent table at a moderate price.

PARIS.—GD. HOTEL DES CAPUCINES, No. 37 Boulevard des Capucines. Magnificent situation. Handsome apartments. Private dinners. Table d'hote.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—AN ENERGETIC BUSINESS MAN to take the management of a manufacturing company doing a good business and which is capable of very great increase. To a competent man possessed of means and influence a good position will be secured. The business is strictly first-class, as an examination will show. Address D. F. R., *Tribune* Office.

WANTED—AN INTELLIGENT AND INDUSTRIous man, who is willing to pay $200 cash for one-half interest in a respectable in-door mechanical business, at which he can at present earn from $75 to $80 per month. For full particulars address Post-office Box No. 225, Middletown, Conn.

HOTEL FOR SALE—NEAR THE CITY HALL and in the centre of the business locality, now doing a large and successful business. The good-will, lease, furniture, fixtures, &c., &c., will be sold, with immediate possession, for $15,000. For full particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY FOR SALE— Established 20 years; now doing the best paying business in the City. Immediate possession given, with use of name, &c. McMANUS & LEWIS, No. 61 Nassau-st., Room No. 10.

A PARTNER WANTED, SILENT OR ACtive; the business lucrative; small capital required; no accumulation of bad stock. For particulars,

R. T. MEEKS & CO., No. 81 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE—A FANCY-STORE DOING A FAIR business; has a well-selected stock and nicely fitted up; established five years. None but a cash customer need apply. No. 276 6th-av.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—MATINEE.

Director..........J. GRAU

THIS (SATURDAY,) May 19, at 1 o'clock.
Doors open at 12.
GRAND MATINEE.
ERNANI and FAUST.
The ENTIRE Opera of ERNANI.
ELVIRA, NOEL GUIDI; ERNANI, MUSIANI; CARLO QUINTO, ORLANDINI; SILVA, MILLERI;
and the THIRD ACT of FAUST.
MARGHERITE, BOSOHETTI; SIEBEL, POLINI;
FAUST, ANASTASI; MEPHISTOPHELES, MILLERI.
Conductor and Musical Director..........Sig. MUZIO

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—LA JUIVE.

Director..........J. GRAU
Lessee of the grand T[illegible] TACON, of Havana, and the new and elegant FRENCH THEATRE, [illegible]-st.
LAST WEEK OF THE OPERA.
MONDAY, May 21, last night of Halevy's great work,
LA JUIVE (THE JEWESS.)

GAZZANIGA,	BOSOHETTI,	MUSIANI,
ANASTASI,	MILLERI,	MULLER.

Opera night in Brooklyn—WEDNESDAY, May 23,
LA JUIVE.

Mr. Grau takes pleasure to state that through the courtesy of Mr. Max Maretzek, the present Lessee of the New-York Academy, he is enabled to present his Company at this establishment.

MATINEE, MATINEE, MATINEE,
OF
DR. CUTLER'S GRAND CHORAL FESTIVAL AT IRVING HALL.

On SATURDAY, May 19, at 3¼ o'clock.
GRAND CHORUS OF 100 MEN AND BOYS.

Dr. CUTLER will lecture on THE CATHEDRALS OF ENGLAND.

Mr. G. W. MORGAN will perform on ODELL'S NEW ORGAN, and conduct the grand choruses from ELIJAH by Mendelssohn; "Luther's Judgment Hymn," and "Then Round About the Starry Throne."

Mr. S. C. CAMPBELL, the celebrated baritone, will sing the part of Elijah.

Master TOEDT, the wonderful boy soprano, will sing "Hear ye, Israel."

SOLO SINGERS.
Mr. L. P. THATCHER and Masters ELLARD, JAMESON, GRANDIN and BOURNE.
PIANISTS.
Messrs. GILDER and JOHNSTON.
TICKETS FIFTY CENTS.
For sale at Irving Hall.
NO RESERVED SEATS.
Doors open at 2½—to begin at 3¼ o'clock.

IRVING HALL.—ORGAN CONCERTS.

MR. ROBERT ELDER,
THE WONDERFUL BLIND ORGANIST,
Will perform on
ODELL'S NEW ORGAN
ON MONDAY EVENING, MAY 21.
Assisted by the following artists:
MISS NETTIE STERLING,
The celebrated Contralto.
MR. S. C. CAMPBELL,
The favorite Baritone.
MR. G. W. COLBY, Conductor.

Tickets 50 cents. Reserved Chairs 50 cents extra.
For sale at the music-stores.
Doors open at 7½. To begin at 8 o'clock.

A GRAND CONCERT AT IRVING HALL —THURSDAY EVENING, May 22, 1866. The greatest Musical Novelty of the day. Prof. COMINGIO GAGLIANO, with his "Cassa Armonica," assisted by the following eminent artists: Mlle. ORTOLANI, Sig. MAZZOLENI, Sig. ANTONUCCI. Mr. Theo. Schreiner Conductor. Tickets, One Dollar; can be obtained at the principal music-stores and at the hall.

RAILROADS.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.—On and after MONDAY, May 14, 1866, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:

7:45 A. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars, and connecting at Troy with trains for Rutland, Burlington and Montreal.

10 A. M. Mail train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with trains for North.

11 A. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting at Chatham with Western Railroad for Lebanon Springs, Pittsfield, etc.; at Albany with trains for West, and at Troy with trains for Saratoga Springs, Rutland, Burlington and Montreal.

4 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Albany with trains for West, and at Troy with trains for Montreal, with sleeping-car attached.

5 P. M. Express train via Harlem Railroad, connecting at Chatham with Western Road for Lebanon Springs and Pittsfield; at Albany with trains for West, and at Troy with trains for Rutland, Burlington and Montreal.

7 P. M. Express train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-cars attached, and through to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change of cars. Also sleeping-car every day excepting Saturdays attached from New-York through to Ogdensburgh without change, via Rome, W. and O. Railroad. This train will run on Sundays. Connection for Troy will be made at East Albany.

11 P. M. Train via Hudson River Railroad, with sleeping-car attached, arriving at Albany and Troy in the morning, and connecting with trains for North and West.

WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:

7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, to Otisville.

10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, and Dunkirk, connecting with Lake Shore and Atlantic and Great Western Railways.

3:00 P. M.—Way Train for Middletown.

4:30 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis, Newburgh and Warwick.

5:30 P. M.—Night Express for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.

7:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, Daily, for Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West; connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.

8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.

H. RIDDLE, General Superintendent, New-York.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent, New-York.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD COMPANY.—NOTICE.—On and after MONDAY, the 14th May, trains on this road will run as follows: Leave New-York, Pier No. 32 North River, 11 A. M. Express line for Camden direct, taking passengers to Red Bank, Long Branch, Farmingdale, Bricksburgh, Manchester, Tom's River, Woodmansie, Barnegat, Shamong, Tuckerton, Atsion, Jackson, and all the stations on the Camden and Atlantic Railroad. Through to Camden in five hours; fare $2. 4:15 P. M. for Port Monmouth, Highlands, Middletown, Red Bank, Shrewsbury, Eatontown, Ocean Port, Branch Port, Long Branch, Shark River, Farmingdale, Squambeum, Bricksburgh, Manchester, Tom's River and Camden; fare $2. Freight train at 5 P. M. for all points on the line and Camden. Returning trains leave Camden: Express at 9:20 A. M., arriving in New-York at 2:15 P. M. Freight at 2:30 P. M., arriving in New-York at 4 A. M. Way mail and Express at 3:30 A. M., arriving in New-York at 9:25 A. M.

WM. N. CLAYTON, Superintendent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD—SPRING TIME TABLE FROM MAY 7.

Leave James-slip, New-York:
8 A. M., for Greenport and way stations.
10:30 A. M., for Syosset and way stations.
3:30 P. M., Express train, for Greenport.
4:30 P. M., for Syosset and way stations.
5:30 P. M., for North Islip and way stations, and on Saturday nights to Yaphank.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY —Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 6:00 A. M., 9:12 A. M., 1:15 P. M., 4:22 P. M., and 6:25 P. M. Saturdays only at 11:15 P. M. The 9:12, 4:22, and 6:25 run through to Monsey.

THOS. W. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

EXPRESSES.

THE NATIONAL EXPRESS AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY,

Having finally completed its through connections as far South as ATLANTA, Ga., and as far West as ST. LOUIS, Mo., it is now prepared to transport merchandise and packages to and from the above, and intermediate points in the

MOST EFFICIENT AND EXPEDITIOUS MANNER.

In order to afford most ample security to shippers, it has effected

AN INSURANCE OF $500,000,

on the money chests of the Company by each train with leading Insurance Companies, whose aggregate capital and assets amount to

$15,000,000,

for which additional security against common carriers' risk, offered by no other single Company, NO EXTRA CHARGE IS MADE.

MONEY, BULLION, and VALUABLE PACKAGES, will be carried as cheaply and as promptly as by any other Express Company.

Office of the Company, No. 298 Broadway. A money and package office, for convenience of Bankers and Brokers, is also opened at No. 74 Broadway.

J. E. JOHNSTON, President.
B. F. FICKLIN, General Superintendent.

MERCHANTS' EXPRESS AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY,
OFFICE NO. 162 BROADWAY,

Have completed arrangements for the transportation, promptly and efficiently, of merchandise, jewelry, bonds, bank notes, coin and bullion, to all parts of the South and West.

As this Company is not working on a fictitious and imaginary capital, but have abundant means to promptly pay any losses they may possibly sustain, they will themselves assume the common carriers' risk on all matter intrusted to them to forward.

Insurance effected at the lowest rates.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO LARGE SHIPPERS.
RATES LOWER THAN ANY OTHER LINE.

For rates and contracts apply to
E. G. WESTCOTT,
No. 162 Broadway.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!
REDUCED PRICES.

Owing to the large decline in upholstery goods, we have concluded to reduce the price of our stock of furniture 20 per cent. for the next thirty days.

DEGRAAF & TAYLOR,
Nos. 87 and 89 Bowery, and 65 Chrystie-st.

FINE ROSEWOOD PARLOR FURNITURE.

Patent rosewood bedsteads, patent rosewood bureaus, (the handling of a number of keys avoided, one lock controlling four drawers.) Also, rosewood, black walnut, and oak library, dining-room and chamber furniture, at SPRINGMEYER BROS. (late J. H. Belter & Co.,) No. 722 Broadway, (established 1844,) opposite the New-York Hotel. Factory 3d-av., corner of 76th-st.

FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS.

WEIL & BRAUNSDORF, Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., New-York, through their long experience and superior facilities in manufacturing first-class furniture, are prepared to supply the public at large on as favorable terms as can be had in this City. All purchasers are respectfully invited to call as above. Furniture of every kind always on hand, in full suites or otherwise.

FURNITURE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, carpets, oil-cloths, bedding, parlor and bedroom suites, &c., at BENDALL & SCOTT'S, No. 209 and 211 Hudson-st., corner of Canal-st. Housekeepers supplied, and can pay by installments if preferred.

ENAMELED FURNITURE.—THE LARGEST assortment of enameled, chestnut and solid walnut bedroom suites, in this city; also, matresses, spring-beds, &c.; all goods warranted as represented; at the old established house. WARREN WARD & CO., 277 Canal.

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL.—V. W. WICKS, DEALER IN FIRST-class sewing-machines, from No. 496 to No. 744 Broadway, corner of Astor-place, up stairs.

CARPET WARP, WOOL TWINE, HOP Twine and every other kind of Twine, at lowest net cash price. WILLARD HARVEY, No. 84 Maiden-lane, New-York.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessee and Manager..........WM. WHEATLEY.
TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS
of the truly great and original tragedian,
CHARLES DILLON,
who will appear
THIS (Saturday) EVENING, MAY 19, 1866,
for the fourth time, in the thrilling and pathetic character of
BELPHEGOR,
THE MOUNTEBANK,
in the play of the same name, written expressly for him, and in which he is universally acknowledged to be
WITHOUT A RIVAL.
The play produced after
MONTHS OF PREPARATION.
THE SCENERY,
COSTUMES,
AND APPOINTMENTS
ALL NEW,
and of the most
COSTLY AND GORGEOUS DESCRIPTION.
THE CAST
will be unapproachable, comprising the names of
MISS IDA VERNON as MADELINE;
Messrs. J. G. Burnett, J. W. Collier, George Becks, D. E. Ralton, J. W. Blaisdell, R. B. Holmes, E. Barry, W. H. Danvers, Miss Mary Wells, Maria Maeder, Mrs. Chapman, &c.
The scene is laid in France; Period, Reign of Louis XVIII.
BELPHEGOR
EVERY NIGHT.
Seats secured six days in advance.

WINTER GARDEN.

SATURDAY, May 19,
POSITIVELY LAST NIGHT
POSITIVELY LAST NIGHT
OF
MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS,
MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS,
in Gaylor's Thrilling Drama, entitled the
CONNIE SOOGAH,
OR
THE WEARING OF THE GREEN,
with its
BEAUTIFUL SCENERY AND SPLENDID CAST.
Mr. BARNEY WILLIAMS AS CORNEY McGRATH, with the popular ballads of "Pat Malloy," and "Welcome all Heartily."
MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS AS NELLY NOLAN, with the song of "Abington Green," and a new Irish jig.
MADAME PONISI AS ELSIE OF THE GLEN.
MONDAY, May 21,
MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS
will appear in Lover's beautiful Irish drama of
RORY O'MORE,
which will be presented with beautiful scenery, appointments, &c.
Doors open at 7¼; commence at 8 o'clock.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
SATURDAY, AFTERNOON AND EVENING, MAY 19,
LAST APPEARANCE OF
MR. GATES' CHAMPION MARE,
BLACK BESS.
AT THE BROADWAY THEATRE.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT..........MANAGER
MATINEES EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY, AT 2½ O'CLOCK.
NIGHT PERFORMANCES AT 8 O'CLOCK.
LAST WEEK BUT ONE OF THE SEASON.
Unparalleled triumphs of the daring equestrienne,
MLLE. CARLOTTA DE BERG,

from the Cirque Napoleon, Paris, whose splendor effusing Feats of Equitation are received with VOCIFEROUS ADULATION by crowded and extremely fashionable audiences.

MR. JAMES ROBINSON,
the effulgent centre of the equestrian zodiac,
IN HIS THRILLING HURDLE ACT.
The classic Pantamorphic Character-Rider and Leaper,
MR. JAMES E. COOKE,
and the superb Double Troupe, in a profusion of
ATTRACTIVE AND BRILLIANT SCENES.

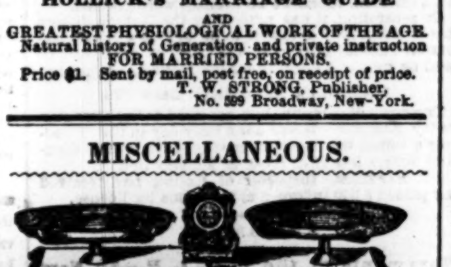
LAST WEEK BUT ONE OF THE CIRCUS.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

HOLLICK'S MARRIAGE GUIDE
AND
GREATEST PHYSIOLOGICAL WORK OF THE AGE.
Natural history of Generation and private instruction
FOR MARRIED PERSONS.

Price $1. Sent by mail, post free, on receipt of price.
T. W. STRONG, Publisher,
No. 599 Broadway, New-York.

MISCELLANEOUS.



All sizes of the above, specially for the use of Druggists, Chemists, Confectioners and Grocers, manufactured only by
V. W. BRINCKERHOFF,
Importer of English, French and German
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES AND FANCY GOODS.
Depot—No. 18 Beekman-st., N. Y.

$5,000 REWARD

Will be paid for the apprehension of JOHN ROSS, so called, lately doing business as a broker at No. 44 Exchange-place, in this City, who absconded on the 2d inst., having committed forgeries of bank checks to a large amount. The following is a description of his person: Age, 35; height, 5 feet 9 inches; thin; high cheek bones; sunken cheeks; eyes dark and deep set; hair dark brown; sallow complexion; consumptive in appearance; coughs when speaking; speaks slowly and chews rhubard; dressed in dark sack overcoat and cassimere hat; is supposed to have in his possession upward of $200,000 in money or funds, a portion in compound interest notes. In addition to the above reward for his arrest, ten per cent. will be paid on the amount recovered from him.

CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK,
U. A. MURDOCK, President.
UNION NATIONAL BANK,
EDWARD ARTHUR, President.

NEW-YORK, May 3, 1866.
BARNEY, BUTLER & PARSONS, Attorneys,
Trinity Building, No. 111 Broadway, N. Y.

JOHN McB. DAVIDSON & CO.,
Nos. 542 and 544 Broadway, New-York,
Manufacturers of
FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES,
VAULT DOORS, IRON SHUTTERS,
And IRON WORK of all kinds, RAILROAD CHECKS, PADLOCKS, &c.
☞ Enameled and Plain Hollow and Stove Ware.
GILBERT C. DAVIDSON.

MATRIMONIAL.—BUREAU OF MATRIMOnial alliance, agency, international, in Paris, London and Florence. Bureau card, (confidential,) explanatory of facilities presented, mailed free on receipt of $1. The *Bridal Wreath*, the organ and exponent of this institution, and devoted to the subject in general; price 10 cents and postage; a liberal allowance to newsmen. Address Official Actuary, E. FITZREY, No. 90 3d-av., New-York.

DR. CULVERWELL'S LECTURE ON MANHOOD—A warning to young men, containing information never before published, can be had free of charge at the drug-store, 127 Bowery, corner Grand-st., or by addressing Box No. 4,586 Post-office, New-York City.

OFFICERS OF THE NAVY WHO LOST their personal effects when serving on vessels lost or destroyed, can recover pay for the same by the recent act of Congress. We have the proper forms for application.

L. BROWN & CO., No. 1 Park-place.

BALLS, BALLS, BALLS.—W. BISHOP CARR'S Patent Return Balls. None genuine without my label is on them. Wholesale dealers and peddlers supplied. No. 197 Gold-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

THE MAGIC PHOTOGRAPH.—NEW, startling, original, and delighting old and young. Price 50c. by mail.

J. C. HANEY & CO.,
No. 109 Nassau-st., N. Y.

FOR ADOPTION.—A BEAUTIFUL MALE INfant, six weeks old, in perfect health. Address or apply to Mrs. McMANUS, No. 5 Hall-place, Tompkins Market.

FOR SALE—A VERY FINE COW AND CALF, weighing about 1,200 pounds. Apply to TATHAM & BROTHERS, No. 82 Beekman-st.

FOR SALE—A HERRING FIRE-PROOF SAFE, adapted for jewelers or watch importers. Address Box No. 2,352 Post-office.

FOR SALE—AN OFFICE PARTITION, WITH windows and doors. Address Box No. 2,353 Post-office.

FOR SALE—A SOAP-BOILER. ADDRESS BOX No. 2,352 Post-office.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE.—WILL BE SOLD AT PRIVATE sale, a superb pair of carriage horses, very stylish, 16½ hands high, 7 years old, perfectly sound and gentle, blood bay with black points; also, a double rockaway, built by Lawrence & Co., and double harness; also, a jagger wagon and single harness. The above will be sold low, as the owner is going to Europe. Can be seen at private stable, No. 74 West 18th-st.; inquire for JOHN BROWN, coachman.

HORSES AND CARRIAGE.—ANY FAMILY wishing for use, either in the City or Central Park or at some country resort, from about the 15th of June to the 1st of October, a private carriage and fine pair of matched horses, accompanied with a careful and experienced coachman, will send their address to Box No. 889 Post-office, upon whom the advertiser will promptly call to make the arrangement.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES FOR SALE. —A box wagon, to carry four, very little used, has movable seats, platform, springs, built by Brewster & Co. last Summer, price $250. Also, a fine barouche, built by Brewster & Baldwin, little used, price $650. Apply at private stable, No. 6 West 24th-st., between 9 and 11 A. M.

CARRIAGES DAMAGED,—SO SOILED BY removal from No. 425 Broadway, City Assembly Rooms, for sale cheap; 300 new carriages, 1,000 sets harness. C. WITTY, Nos. 634, 636 and 638 Broadway, and Nos. 166, 168 and 170 Crosby-st. Office entrance, No. 638 Broadway.

PONIES FOR SALE.—A MATCHED TEAM 13½ hands high, good under saddle, very handsome and stylish, together with basket phaeton, and harness by best makers; a complete turnout for a lady. Apply at private stable, No. 128 East 35th-st., or No. 44 Water-st.

HORSES FOR SALE—A PAIR OF HANDsome carriage horses, purchased by a gentleman now in Europe for his own use, and to be disposed of on account of his absence. Apply at stable No. 80 West 24th-st., before 11 A. M.

CARRIAGES AND HARNESS CHEAP for cash at TAYLOR & HICKS', No. 39 Cedar-st., second door east of Post-office.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM.

Broadway, between Spring and Prince-sts.
P. T. BARNUM..........General Director
HYATT FROST..........Manager
EVERY AFTERNOON AT 3; EVENING AT 7½.
A grand sensational romance,
BENDITO;
Or, THE CHILDREN OF THE ZINCALI,
abounding in
INTERESTING INCIDENTS, EXCITING SITUATIONS, NEW AND SPLENDID SCENIC EFFECTS, NOVEL MECHANICAL APPLIANCES, APPROPRIATE APPOINTMENTS AND COSTUMES.
MASTER ALLIE TURNER,
THE INFANT DRUMMER—FOUR YEARS OLD,
to be seen at all hours.
THE WONDER OF WONDERS.
A MAMMOTH FAT INFANT,
aged only three years, and weighing 196 POUNDS,
A PERFECT MOUNTAIN OF FLESH.
TWO SACRED WHITE PEACOCKS,
the only ones on exhibition in America.
300 LIVING SPECIMENS OF BIRDS
from the GOLD REGIONS OF AUSTRALIA.
THE TALLEST GIANTESS IN THE WORLD.
A COMPANY OF DWARFS,
outrivaling in stature and appearance the celebrated
TOM THUMB TROUPE.
A BEAUTIFUL CIRCASSIAN GIRL.
SPLENDID AND ENTERTAINING COSMORAMAS.
INGENIOUS GLASS BLOWERS.
WONDERFUL HAPPY FAMILY.
GRAND AQUARIA—RARE AND CURIOUS FISH.
A LEARNED SEAL, LIVING SERPENTS, THREE-HORNED BULL—TWO NYL-GHAUS,
GEOLOGICAL, CONCHOLOGICAL AND NUMISMATIC COLLECTION, SPECIMENS OF NATURAL HISTORY, WAX STATUARY, PAINTINGS, HISTORICAL RELICS, &c.
Admission, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.
MONDAY, May 21, will be produced UNCLE TOM'S CABIN with Mrs. G. C. HOWARD as the original TOPSY.

LAST WEEK BUT ONE OF THE CIRCUS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager......Mr. LESTER WALLACK.
Open at 7½. Begin at 8.
Carriages may be ordered at
11 O'CLOCK.
EVERY NIGHT,
Mr. Chas. Reade's
IMMENSELY SUCCESSFUL
AND HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE DRAMA,
IT IS
NEVER
TOO LATE
TO MEND,
WITH ALL NEW SCENERY, (by ISHERWOOD AND MAEDER,) PRONOUNCED THE MOST BEAUTIFUL EVER EXHIBITED ON THE AMERICAN STAGE.
ORIGINAL MUSIC by MOLLENHAUER, and a GREAT CAST.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.

Lessee, Director and Manager..........G. L. FOX
Miss FANNY HERRING as
THE WEPT OF WISH-TON-WISH.
Conanchet....Wm. Marden | Skunk..........G. L. Fox
After, a Comic Interlude. Concluding with
THE FLYING DUTCHMAN.
Vanderdecken, (the Flying Dutchman)..Fanny Herring

GEORGE CHRISTY'S MINSTRELS.— Fashionable Matinee SATURDAY, at 2 o'clock. Two hours of continued laughter. Admission 50 cents. Children, 25 cents.

THE JUNE NO. OF NICK-NAX IS OUT! with lots of Fun!!

INSTRUCTION.

SEWARD INSTITUTE.
FOR BOYS,
Florida, Orange County, N. Y.

Accommodations for 30 boarders. Terms for board and tuition, $100 per session of five months.

T. G. SCHRIVER, A. M., Principal.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE,
YONKERS, N. Y.
W. H. ARTHUR & CO., No. 39 Nassau-st., New-York, or
BENJAMIN MASON, Yonkers.

AN ACCOMPLISHED ENGLISH LADY, whose French education has rendered her thoroughly conversant with the language of that country, and who is a first-class musician, would like to engage during the Summer months with a family whose daughters wish to devote their mornings to the study of music, vocal or instrumental, painting in water colors, and English and French literature. Salary not an object, where she would have the privilege of forming a class of young ladies for the above studies. The highest City references given. Address L. J., Box No. 146, Sing Sing Post-office.

WEST BRANCH BOARDING SCHOOL, Jersey Shore, Lycoming Co., Penn. Vacancies for a few good boys. Pupils enjoy all the comforts of a Christian home, with proper intellectual and physical training, in the most healthy district of the State. Can remain during Summer months. Principal in New-York City on the 21st inst. For particulars address as above.

F. DONLEAVY LONG, A. M., Principal.

AT NO. 62 BOWERY, PAINE'S BUSINESS COLLEGE.—Bookkeeping, writing and mathematics taught privately. Brooklyn College removed to No. 349 Fulton-st. Terms $15 to $20 per quarter, seventy-eight days.

IRVING INSTITUTE—TARRYTOWN, N. Y.— A boarding school for boys. The fifty-seventh semi-annual session will commence TUESDAY, May 1.

For circulars apply to the principal.

D. S. ROWE, A. M.

PARTNER WANTED—IN A WELL-ESTABlished Business College. Must be a thorough accountant, experienced teacher and good penman. Small capital required. Address P. B. H., Box 147 *Times* Office.

WHITE PLAINS INSTITUTE—FOR BOYS
Address Rev. Dr. HARRIS,
White Plains, Westchester Co., N. Y.

MILITARY BOARDING SCHOOL—WHITE Plains, N. Y., 23½ miles from the City by Harlem Railroad.

O. R. WILLIS, A. M., Principal.

TEACHERS.

A PROTESTANT YOUNG LADY, ABLE to teach English and French, (her parents were French,) wishes to find a situation as teacher or governess. Apply or write to Miss D., No. 50 East 24th-st., care of Prof. E. Charlier, to whom she refers.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK COMMON PLEAS.—FERNANDO BENDER and GEORGE FRY against THOMAS WILSON, SARAH WILSON, his wife, and PETER LYNCH.—In pursuance of a judgment-order of the above Court in the above-entitled action, I, THEODORE STUYVESANT, the referee named in said judgment-order, will sell, through THOMAS VEITCH, Real Estate Auctioneer, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1866, at 12 o'clock noon, all the lands and premises described in said judgment-order—that is to say, all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New-York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of One Hundred and Fifteenth-street, distant one hundred and ninety-five (195) feet easterly from the northeasterly corner of One Hundred and Fifteenth-street and the First-avenue, running thence northerly and parallel with the First-avenue, one hundred and thirty-nine (139) feet ten (10) inches; thence in a southeasterly direction seventy-three (73) feet eleven (11) inches, to a point distant eighty-five (85) feet four (4) inches northerly from the northerly side of One Hundred and Fifteenth-street; thence southerly and parallel with the First-avenue, eighty-five (85) feet four (4) inches to the northerly side of One Hundred and Fifteenth-street; thence westerly along the northerly side of One Hundred and Fifteenth-street, fifty (50) feet to the point or place of beginning; together with the appurtenances thereunto belonging or appertaining.—Dated MAY 18, 1866.

THEODORE STUYVESANT, Referee,
No. 12 Chambers-st.
my19-2aw3wS&W DAVID LEVY, Plaintiffs' Atty.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—MATTHEW L. NELSON, plaintiff, against DAVID WATTS, ISAAC A. CRANE, DIXON A. GIVEN and G. D. DOUGLAS, defendants. Summons for relief; com. not served. To the defendants above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 106 Broadway, in said City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated APRIL 12, 1866.

VAN VORST & BEARDSLEE,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
No. 106 Broadway, New-York.

The complaint in the above-entitled action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the 2d day of May, 1866. VAN VORST & BEARDSLEE,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

[Fifty-cent revenue stamp canceled.]
my5-law-6w.

SUPREME COURT.—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK—HENRY R. RANNEY against JAMES THOMPSON—Summons for money demand on contract —(Com. not ser.)—United States revenue stamp 50 cents canceled.—To the above-named defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of this Court, at the City Hall, of the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 74 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of nine hundred and forty-three dollars, with interest from the twentieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, besides the costs of this action.—Dated Nov. 3, 1865.

BEEBE, DEAN & DONOHUE,
Plaintiff's Attorneys, No. 74 Wall-st., New-York.

The complaint in this action was filed with the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the 17th day of April, 1866. BEEBE, DEAN & DONOHUE,
ap28-law6w* Plaintiff's Attorneys.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

First—For regulating and paving with stone blocks Thirty-seventh-street from Park to Madison-avenue.

Second—For paving with stone blocks Thirty-ninth-street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

Third—For paving with trap blocks Forty-sixth-street, from Fourth to Lexington-avenue.

Fourth—For regulating, grading, setting curb and gutter, and flagging Seventy-seventh-street from Second to Fourth-avenue.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on

First—Both sides of Thirty-seventh-street to the extent of half the block, between Park and Madison avenues.

Second—All the lots on both sides of Thirty-ninth-street to the extent of half the block, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

Third—All the lots on both sides of Forty-sixth-street to the extent of half the block, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

Fourth—All the lots on both sides of Seventy-seventh-street to the extent of half the block, from Second to Fourth-avenue.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above-named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing to one of the undersigned, at their office, number thirty-two Chambers-street, basement New Court-house, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

JACOB F. OAKLEY,
DANIEL D. CONOVER, } Board of
ISAAC O. HUNT, } Assessors.

OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS,
NEW COURT-HOUSE, May 17, 1866.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

Sole Lessee and Manageress..........Mrs. JOHN WOOD
Stage Manager..........J. H. SELWYN
SATURDAY, May 19,
POSITIVELY LAST NIGHT
of the romantic spectacular drama, entitled
THE THREE GUARDSMEN,
WITH NEW SCENERY, NEW MUSIC,
NEW COSTUMES, NEW APPOINTMENTS,
AND UNEQUALED CAST.
Acknowledged by all
THE MOST BRILLIANT PRODUCTION OF THE SEASON,
but which must positively be withdrawn after
THE PRESENT WEEK,
to allow for the production of other novelties.

MONDAY EVENING, May 21, will be presented, for the first time, an entirely new adaptation of Charles Dickens' novel entitled
PAGES FROM THE LIFE OF
DAVID COPPERFIELD.
In active preparation,
OUR MUTUAL FRIEND.
Doors open at 7¼; curtain rises at 8 o'clock.
Seats secured three days in advance.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

It is respectfully announced that
Mrs. JOHN WOOD'S
FAREWELL BENEFIT,
postponed in consequence of her severe indisposition, will take place next
FRIDAY EVENING, May 25,
when she will appear in LOAN OF A LOVER and CINDERELLA E LA COMARE.

Tickets and secured seats purchased for Friday evening, May 18, will be considered good for Friday, May 25, or, if desired, the money will be returned on application at the Box office from 9 till 4, this day, Saturday.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
SATURDAY, AFTERNOON AND EVENING, MAY 19,
LAST APPEARANCE OF
MR. GATES' CHAMPION MARE,
BLACK BESS.
AT THE BROADWAY THEATRE.

LAST WEEK BUT ONE OF THE CIRCUS.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.

Sole Proprietor..........Mr. J. W. LINGARD.
The magnificent tale of enchantment of
THALABA THE DESTROYER.
The nautical drama of GALE BREEZELEY.
Comic piece of THE ROBBERS OF THE HEATH.
The people's favorite actor,
MR. E. EDDY,
And the charming favorite actress,
MISS HENRIETTA IRVING,
are engaged for six nights only, and will appear on Monday evening.

IRVING HALL.

SATURDAY EVENING, May 19.
GRAND COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT
TENDERED TO
MR. C. BUSCH,

Musical Agent, who has been confined to his bed with severe and painful sickness, for many months. On which occasion the following

EMINENT ARTISTS
HAVE GENEROUSLY VOLUNTEERED:
VOCALISTS:
Miss FANNY STOCKTON,
Miss ZELDA HARRISON,
Signor ARDAVANI.
PIANISTS:
Mr. S. B. MILLS,
Mr. ROBERT HELLER,
Mr. [illegible] GOLDBECK.
Mr. THEODORE THOMAS, (Violin.)
ORGAN SOLOIST:
Mr. G. W. MORGAN.
CONDUCTOR AND ACCOMPANYIST:
Mr. G. W. COLBY.

Tickets of admission $1; can be obtained at all the principal music-stores, at Steinway & Sons' Piano Rooms, No. 71 East 14th-st., and at the Hall, on the evening of the Concert.

IRVING HALL—GRAND CONCERT
FOR THE ORPHANS OF CHARLESTON, S. C.,
Under the auspices of the Bloomingdale Catholic Association.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 23, 1866.

The following distinguished artists have kindly volunteered: Miss Matilda Toedt, the celebrated violinist; Signorita Carmelina Poch, from the Academy of Music; Signor Mazzoleni, from the Italian Opera; Mr. Henry Mollenhaur, the great violoncellist; Mr. Joseph Posnanski, the distinguished pianist; Messrs. Pecher and Warren, organists; the Beethoven Mannerchor, Mr. Ernst Eberhard, director. Other celebrities will be duly announced. Tickets $1—for sale at the hotels, music stores and at the hall.

BRYANT'S!

Mechanics Hall, No. 472 Broadway, above Grand-st.
LAST WEEK BUT TWO OF THE SEASON!
Brilliant success of the astonishing aerial
ELEPHANT! ELEPHANT!! ELEPHANT!!!
Dan Bryant and Seymour in their world-renowned scene
LES MISERABLES! OUR AFRICAN POLKA!!
The Nerves, Tyrolean Galoots, Black Chemist,
U. S. Mail! Ten minutes at the Academy.
Plantation Festival—How are you, Greenbacks?

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On behalf of the Committee.
MRS. CHAS. P. DALY, V. P.

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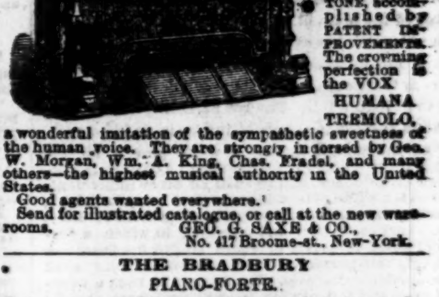

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THE SOUTH.

GEN. STEEDMAN'S TOUR.

The Freedmen's Bureau in South Carolina—More Planting by Bureau Agents—The Condition of Affairs in Charleston—The Sea Islands—The Freedmen on Them—Jealousy Between the Bureau and the Military—Code de Noir—Business Matters—The Country and the Crops—Sherman's Marks—The Shelling of Charleston.

From Our Own Correspondent.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Monday, May 14, 1866.

After a short stay in Columbia, Gen. STEEDMAN and Gen. FULLERTON started for Charleston, arriving here on the 10th inst. Subsequent to my letter from Columbia, it was discovered that Brevet Brig.-Gen. ELY, the Bureau Superintendent for that district of the State, is engaged in the cultivation of five plantations, about which there is considerable doubt, and it is suspected that if they prove profitable the Government will not hear from them. If they turn out to be bad investments, however, it is probable that they will be called Government farms. I make this statement on excellent authority. Gen. SCOTT, the Commissioner for the State, says that Gen. ELY has received no authority from him or from any other source that he is aware of, even to work farms in behalf of the Government, and that he has never authorized any of his subordinates to do such things. Gen. WHITTLESEY, the Commissioner for North Carolina, not only permits his officers to work farms for themselves and the Government, but is interested in several himself, claiming, I understand, that Gen. HOWARD does not object to it. Your readers are well aware of the baneful influence exerted by this course in North Carolina, and will not be surprised to learn that the same state of affairs exists in the vicinity of Columbia, arising from the same reasons. I understand that Gen. ELY will soon be removed.

In Charleston and vicinity, a better feeling seems to pervade all classes of the community, and Gen. SCOTT, the Commissioner, is spoken of by both blacks and whites in terms of highest praise. During the term when Gen. SAXTON had charge of affairs, however, a great deal of mischief was accomplished by his subordinates, some of whom, if not a majority of them, were civilians. It is the almost unanimous evidence that military officers make the best Superintendents, and that civilian agents—generally philanthropists by profession—are the poorest. Gen. SCOTT has weeded out all of Gen. SAXTON'S sub-assistants and replaced them with officers of the army.

The Sea Islands, where Gen. SHERMAN located his immense train of black followers, contain a large number of freedmen who are just emerging from condition of terrible demoralization. They had been led to believe that the land occupied by them would be given to them by the Government, and had been taught by the agents of the Bureau to distrust the "rebels," that is their old masters, and all the citizens of the vicinity. On some of the islands they went so far as to organize themselves into military companies and regiments. They were armed, and posted pickets, made patrols of the islands, and on one occasion arrested a couple of gentlemen from Pennsylvania, who attempted, from motives of curiosity, to visit them. They held them as prisoners for two days, only releasing them after an army officer had appeared and forced them to do it. For some time after the close of the war they labored under the impression that the mainland was filled with rebels, who they imagined were only waiting for a favorable opportunity to carry them off. These poor, credulous creatures had been deluded by ill-advised speeches of mistaken friends to such an extent that they really believed every white man not connected with the Bureau to be their enemies. This opinion was undoubtedly strengthened by the demeanor of the troops toward them, as they, instead of protecting, abused them most unmercifully, and it is stated on good authority that nine out of every ten cases of outrage committed on the blacks in this department have been perpetrated by our own soldiers.

There is unmistakable evidence that a feeling of jealousy exists in this department, between the Bureau and the military establishment, superinduced by the effect of the orders issued during the *régime* of Gens. GILMORE and SAXTON. The result has been that the officers have not worked well together, and considerable damage to the interests of the freedmen has followed as the inevitable consequence. This fact is but one of the many arguments presented to the observer in favor of the consolidation of the Bureau with the military garrison. Without the aid of the garrison, the officers of the Bureau are powerless to execute their orders or to punish offenders. Gen. GRANT'S recommendation to that effect finds great favor, not only with the officers of the troops, but with most of the Bureau agents and superintendents who have given the matter any thought. Gens. STEEDMAN and FULLERTON will probably recommend the consolidation of the two branches of service in this State.

The Freedmen's Code of South Carolina, or *Code de Noir* as it is called here, is undoubtedly one of the worst mixed-up series of laws that ever bothered or befogged the brain of any lawyer. The punishments inflicted on the blacks by its authority are much more severe than those on whites for the same crimes, and there is therefore considerable conflict between it and the Civil Rights Bill. The law regarding the evidence of black persons in Courts of justice is as follows:

> "An indictment against a white person for the homicide of a person of color shall be tried in the Superior Court of law, and so shall all other indictments in which a white person is accused of a capital felony, affecting the persons or property of persons of color.
>
> In every case, civil and criminal, in which a person of color is party, or which affects the person or property of a person of color, persons of color shall be competent witnesses. The accused in such a criminal case, and the parties in such civil cases, may be witnesses, and so may every other person who is a competent witness, and in every such case either party may offer testimony as to his own character, or that of his adversary, or of the prosecutor, or the third party mentioned in the indictment."

As in North Carolina, there is no State Prison in this State, and the old barbarous modes of punishment, such as public whipping and branding, are still on the statute books. Provision has been made, however, for the erection of a penitentiary, and the laws will undoubtedly be modified in many other respects. Some of the best lawyers of the State with whom I have conversed unhesitatingly condemn the existing statutes, and particularly those regarding the freedmen.

Business is somewhat stagnant here, and has been falling off during the past few months; but with the harvesting of the crop it will most assuredly revive. The stores are all well stocked with goods, and prices are nearly as cheap as in New-York. There is frequent complaint of a scarcity of money, nevertheless improvements are progressing rapidly in all parts of the city and adjacent country. Thousands of freedmen are engaged in clearing up the rubbish of the burnt district, cleaning bricks, and preparing for the erection of new buildings next August. The enterprise and activity exhibited by the old inhabitants in repairing the damages of the war is truly remarkable and praiseworthy. A large number of Northerners have settled here, and entered into business, most of them doing well.

Judging from what I have seen of the surrounding country, I think that nearly all of the arable land is under cultivation this year, and many new tracts have been opened. Some loss will be sustained by planters on account of poor cotton seed, as a great deal of it after planting rotted in the ground. In many instances, where this misfortune has occurred, the land has been replanted with corn. I think it quite probable that a larger amount of corn and wheat will be raised this year than is usual, as a great many fields have been seeded for that purpose.

The railroads of South Carolina are in a fearful condition, rendering it unpleasant, if not unsafe, to ride on them. All along the track of the South Carolina road, from Columbia to this place, marks of SHERMAN'S destruction are to be seen. The old rails, destroyed by his army during his famous march from Savannah to Goldsboro', lay on each side of the line bent and twisted like so many iron Pharoah's serpents. Tall, blackened chimneys with charred ruins laying about them, speak plainly of the terrible scourge of fire that accompanied him. New fences and half-repaired buildings, the absence of farming cattle and the generally dilapidated appearance of the country tell a tale of woe which thousands of tongues could not relate with greater force. To see these things is the only way to fully appreciate them. The citizens in referring to SHERMAN and his army tell many stories of outrages perpetrated by his men, but they add that his course was the only means by which they could have been conquered. There is a widely entertained opinion that SHERMAN is entitled to more credit than GRANT for the suppression of the rebellion, particularly in those regions which he visited with his peculiar style of warfare.

The shelling of Charleston by Gen. GILLMORE, from Morris Island, is an old story, but when you find yourself on the very ground itself, you cannot help expressing wonder and astonishment at the unparalleled magnitude of the work. From Morris Island to the Battery the distance is about four miles, and from the Battery to Line-street, the extreme suburb of the city, it is about three miles further. GILLMORE'S shells reached every point, except a small locality near the depots on the Ashley River. There is hardly a building in the main part of the city unmarked by his projectiles. The Mills House, one of the best kept hotels in the South, had twenty-eight shot put through its walls. It is one of the few buildings in the burnt district which escaped the ravages of the fire. During the whole of the shelling an old colored man remained in it, and took care of the property left behind. He tells some wonderful tales of his experience.

On the mail-car coming down from Columbia the other day, I noticed the letters "C. S. M." painted on the doors, with orders from the "Post-office Department at Richmond," prohibiting any but those connected with the postal service of the Confederate States from riding in it. There are many other indications of the war which attract the attention of the traveler in this section, and it will be some time before they all disappear. I notice that there are fewer Confederate uniforms on the streets of Charleston than in other Southern cities that I have visited. It is a fact that the better class of men and officers of the rebel army have discarded their uniforms, while the hot-headed and boastful still wear them.

My attention has been called to the large number of gray heads on young shoulders to be seen in the South, and the fact is explained by the anxiety occasioned to the people by the war.

Gens. STEEDMAN and FULLERTON go from here on to the Sea Islands, and from thence into Georgia.

E. P. B.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

METROPOLITAN BOARD OF HEALTH.

Watering the Streets—The Gas Nuisance—Report against a Hermit—Inspector of Milk—The Battery Barracks—Other Matters.

At the meeting of the Metropolitan Board of Health, yesterday, Counselor TRACY submitted the draft of an ordinance declaring that no part of any paved street or avenue within the boundaries of the Metropolitan District shall be sprinkled or watered during the months of May, June, July, August and September, except such street or avenue shall be free and clear of animal and vegetable matter, and then only before seven o'clock in the morning, unless by permission of the Board of Health. Mr. BERGEN inquired whether it was proposed to include the sidewalks in this order, and the counselor replied that they, being flagged, and not paved, could not be considered parts of paved streets. Dr. PARKER proposed to draw the ordinance with precision, and utterly prohibit the sprinkling of the streets, either at night or by day, except they first be cleared of organic matter. President SCHULTZ was anxious to have Broadway made safe for animals and pedestrians. The ordinance was finally referred to the Sanitary Committee.

THE GAS NUISANCE.

Dr. STONE was unable to make a full and final report for the Sanitary Committee, and he, therefore, submitted a sketch of the Committee's interviews with the Gas Companies' agents. He had found the Companies' officers ready to adopt any plan which the Board of Health might submit for the abatement of the nuisances arising out of the stench from their works, and they had manifested a willingness to offer a considerable prize to anybody that will prevent the escape of noxious vapors from their works. Dr. PARKER is sure that the Gas Companies may in time find a remedy for the evil, and so is Dr. STONE; hence they beg the public to exercise patience until the remedies can be found and applied.

ABOUT A HERMIT SQUATTER.

The Sanitary Inspector for the Second Inspection District sent in the following curious report regarding a remarkable squatter on three lots on the southerly side of Fifty-fifth-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues:

> The squatter's name is JOHN KRANCHI. His abode is a barrel, around which he spreads several filthy old carpets on the bare rock. On these he sleeps, and during inclement weather he thrusts his head and shoulders into the barrel. Adjacent to his abode is a pile of old lumber sufficiently elevated from the rock to allow his dogs to crawl underneath for rest and protection. All this is surrounded by baskets, barrels, pans and boxes, containing decomposing bones, lobster-shells, fish-heads and tails, dead cats and dogs, grease, and every conceivable kitchen refuse, swill, and garbage fished out of gutters and so-called ash and garbage-boxes, all of which mixture, or part thereof, is stewed or cooked in a mixed state by said KRANCHI in the open air, amid a shanty population, and when stewed or cooked is eaten by KRANCHI and his numerous dogs. Evidence is not wanting to prove that he has eaten the dead rats and cats found on the public highways, and that he kills his own dogs for their meat as food when no other nourishment is at hand.

The Inspector recites other of KRANCHI'S offensive peculiarities, and formally presents him as a nuisance and dangerous to the life and health of every person who comes in contact with him. This report was referred to the Sanitary Committee.

INSPECTOR OF MILK.

Dr. PARKER called the Board's attention to the quality of milk which is sold at the groceries and elsewhere, and announced the appalling fact that this seemingly harmless grocery milk is killing infants by thousands. He therefore moved that without delay the Board appoint an Inspector of Milk and Milch Kine. President SCHULTZ had been convinced, by one visit to the stables wherein they keep the stump-tail cows, that the lacteal fluids which are sold in New-York are an abomination, and since his visit to the cow-stables he had banished milk from his table. After other remarks Dr. PARKER'S motion prevailed, Judge BOSWORTH alone voting in the negative, and Dr. S. S. PURCELL was appointed a Clerk of the Board, to act as Inspector of Milk and Milch Kine.

THE BATTERY BARRACKS.

Superintendent DALTON laid before the Board the report of Medical-Director SMITH, in relation to the Battery Barracks, as follows:

> "The barracks consist of thirteen separate buildings, ten of which are designed for barrack purposes, one for officers' quarters, one for mess-room and one for kitchen. When turned over by the War Department to the Board of Health they were occupied with military stores and old furniture. They were in a dilapidated and filthy condition, and utterly unfit for occupation without very extensive cleaning and repairing.
>
> The work was immediately undertaken under the supervision of Mr. KAYSER, and has been prosecuted to its completion. All the buildings except two, from which the military stores are not yet removed, have been cleansed, whitewashed within and without, the floors repaired, &c., and are now in proper condition for occupation.
>
> To accommodate such families as may from time to time be sent there until their domicils are cleaned, two buildings have been partitioned off, so as to separate the families and render them comfortable. Nine apartments are made in each building, making accommodations for eighteen families. If the entire number of barracks were thus subdivided, there could be provided apartments for upward of one hundred families.
>
> In regard to the barracks which will not be required for hospital purposes now that the hospital at the Battery has been turned over to the board, I would suggest that they be converted into temporary residences for that class of families whose domicils must be permanently abandoned. One hundred cellars of the worst character might thus be almost immediately closed, and five hundred people now living destitute of every condition of health, can be placed in clean, well-aired and well-lighted apartments. As a permanent sanitary work it is doubtful if any single reformatory measure can compare in importance with the removal of the underground population to habitations above the surface. It would reduce the total death-rate of New-York permanently more than any other change that can be effected in the social condition of the poor.
>
> Though a work of this character and magnitude requires to be planned with deliberation, and executed with great discretion, yet in view of the apprehended prevalence of cholera, when prompt and decided measures must be taken, and executed with this very class, it becomes a question if it is not better to begin the work of removal now, when there is no special cause of haste. If the work is undertaken now, the removal may be entirely voluntary. One by one, families may be removed to the rooms in the barracks, and their former quarters can be immediately and forever closed as places of human habitation.
>
> The plan reduced to practice may be stated as follows:
>
> 1. Let the Police report one hundred of the worst cellars in town.
> 2. Let well-appointed agents—whether Police, religious or medical—visit these cellars, and proffer the inmates clean and comfortable apartments if they will abandon their present quarters.
> 3. Remove every family which consents to move to these barracks, with their most useful articles of furniture; give them suitable rooms, but promise them no further support.
>
> We should thus have gathered in these buildings a colony of five hundred people. Ample baths are already established, and also a large wash-house and laundry. Discipline as regards good order, cleanliness and sobriety, could be rigidly enforced. The question of support each tenant would settle for himself. Those who have trades, as shoemakers, tailors, &c., could readily obtain work from wholesale stores, and laborers could pursue their avocations with as much freedom as ever."

UP-TOWN NUISANCES.

Superintendent DALTON sent in a report relating to the fat-melting establishments between Thirty-fifth and Fortieth streets, and west of Tenth-avenue, as follows:

> In said district are sixteen fat-melting establishments, a large number of manure heaps, six hog slaughter-houses, two soap-factories, five gut and bladder-cleaning establishments, several distilleries, and stables accommodating 300 swill-fed horses, three extensive hay-yards, two pipe-factories, two offal docks, and one gas manufactory.
>
> These establishments are all more or less offensive, and one of them exceedingly so; but when combined, as at present, they contribute to the formation of a nuisance of the most grievous character, destructive of the comfort and detrimental to the health of those who live within reach of the exhalations constantly rising therefrom, as well as the thousands who daily travel upon the Hudson and the railroad.
>
> In regard to most of the establishments enumerated, proceedings have already been commenced.
>
> Final orders by the Board for the suppression of the fat-melting business, until the process be so modified that no nuisance results, have been served, and either been voluntarily complied with or, in default of this, enforced by the Police. From present progress in this matter, it seems probable that this action will prove sufficient; but should it not, the removal of said establishments from the City presents no difficulty, especially in view of the speedy removal of slaughter-houses, upon which they depend for their supply of material.
>
> The dumping of manure having been prohibited, and the removal of past accumulations commenced, the nuisance from this cause must soon cease.
>
> The removal of the swill-fed cows, and the discontinuance of the stables ordered, and a hearing of the case having been applied for by the proprietors, the order now only awaits the result of such hearing, and the final action of the Board.
>
> The hog-yards and slaughter-houses are apparently as clean and the business carried on with as much regard for the avoidance of nuisance as its character will admit of; so that these, with the distilleries, and the tripe factories, are constituted nuisances of a less conspicuous character.
>
> The offal docks are indispensable to the prompt removal of dead animals and offal from the City, and I am convinced that this business can be so conducted that its benefits will far outweigh the slight nuisance that necessarily attaches to it. I need not remind you how carelessly and inefficiently the whole business is now conducted, and that, in spite of repeated efforts on your part, and assurances on that of contractors, improvement is exceedingly slow.
>
> In regard to the gas manufacture, there is reason to believe that the experiments now in progress will give to New-York the same immunity from the nuisance now connected with it as that now enjoyed by other gas-lighted cities.

Dr. DALTON also submitted the report of Capt. BOWEN G. LORD, of the Police Sanitary Company, concerning fat and bone-boiling establishments. The Doctor says:

> At the factories situated at the foot of Thirty-ninth-street, North River, a number were found to be already supplied with the new appliances for obviating the causes of nuisances, viz.: close covers to the melting cauldrons, provided with tubes for conducting the noxious gases beneath and into the fires. Several others were found to be unprovided with these, and in most of the latter cases business was already suspended, and the necessary alteration in process of construction. In one establishment, that of PATRICK BROWN, the melting was going on without any provision for abating the nuisance. Here it was necessary to execute the order.
>
> On the east side of the City, foot of Forty-fifth-street, at the establishment of J. J. ECKEL, the process was found going on only in such cauldrons as had been provided with the necessary appliances, while at the Butcher's Hide and Melting establishment it became necessary for the Police to execute the order, in consequence of a number of cauldrons being in full use in the same offensive manner as when the original order was served, five weeks since. Both here and at Thirty-ninth-street, Capt. LORD detailed an officer to see that no fires were lighted, excepting under such cauldrons as were provided with said covers and tubes.
>
> So far as appears from a very limited experience, the appliances alluded to accomplish the desired end, although a more general and faithful adoption of them for a length of time will be necessary for a decisive test.

OTHER MATTERS.

Col. BLISS, Attorney to the Board, presented an elaborate memorial from citizens who dwell in the neighborhood of Fortieth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, complaining of the varnish factory there as a nuisance—the effluvia therefrom being, in the neighbors' opinion, seconded by the opinion of Inspector JANES, detrimental to health. The Colonel has ordered that the business at this factory be suspended until the proprietors can make alterations which shall prevent the escape of any offensive odors.

A complaint against the Citizens' Gas Company, of Brooklyn, and a memorial from the occupants of stalls in the Brooklyn market, praying the Board to prohibit the sale of unsound vegetables and fish by peddlers in the streets of Brooklyn, were referred to Mr. BERGEN and Dr. CRANE.

The Port Physician submitted a letter from Dr. BISSELL, making the gratifying report that no patients died and none were received on board the hospital-ship on Thursday.

One of the Board's Inspectors sent in a report against an accumulation of water near the Kings County Jail, and it was ordered that the Supervisors of Kings be notified that a remedy must be applied.

Dr. SWINBURNE reported that the Trustees of the Town of Castleton have so altered the grade of certain streets as to throw the surface water therefrom into the Quarantine grounds. The report was referred to the Sanitary Superintendent.

Mr. G. W. BLUNT reported that he has inspected the manure-heaps near Washington Market, and that they are being removed. He thinks that the Washington Market meats must have a game flavor.

Dr. BAYLISS was appointed Inspector for Tarrytown and Greenburgh, and Dr. HICKS Inspector for Flushing. The Board then adjourned to Tuesday afternoon next at 2 o'clock.

THE LIQUOR BUSINESS.

Venders' Appeals—The Board—Treasurer Manierre's Receipts.

The Excise Board's Committee on Applications for License yesterday morning heard appeals from venders who do business in the Forty-third, Forty-fourth and Fiftieth (Brooklyn) Police Precincts. Of the sixty-seven applicants, thirty-five were licensed. The Police census showed 805 dram-shops in these three precincts on the 28th of April last; Capts. RHODES, WADDY and POWERS recommended 283, and the Board's Committee adds 35 to this number, leaving 487 venders to get out of the business.

This morning the Committee will hear applicants from the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, Forty-seventh and Forty-ninth Precincts, thus completing the work in Brooklyn.

THE BOARD MEETING.

The Board of Excise held an informal meeting yesterday afternoon, and Counselor TRACY, to whom the subject of refunding license moneys and transfer of license papers had been referred, reported that the Board cannot legally restore to any vender any money which he may have paid for license, and that no person can transfer his license paper to another unless the recipient has been duly licensed by the Board.

Mr. ACTON and Dr. CRANE being absent, there was not a quorum, therefore no licenses were granted.

On separating, it was agreed by the Commissioners that if Mr. ACTON is unable to be at Police Headquarters on Tuesday next, they will meet at his house, so as to be sure of a quorum for the granting of licenses.

TREASURER MANIERRE'S RECEIPTS.

Treasurer MANIERRE had received at the close yesterday $335,950. It was not a busy day in the Treasurer's office, the receipts having been twenty thousand dollars less than those of Monday last.

Col. BARTRAM, Inspector of Excise, has received and passed 5,300 indorsed applications for license.

FENIANISM.

Movements of the C. O. I. R.—No New Developments in Fenianism—Mr. Stephens Visits the Long Island Circles.

Nothing of importance occurred at Mr. STEPHENS' headquarters yesterday. The usual number of visitors called to shake hands with the celebrated Irish revolutionist, and wished him success in his mission to America. Letters and telegrams from all parts of the country, bearing the good wishes and hearty allegiance of many Circles of the Fenian Brotherhood, come pouring in upon him daily. His time is mostly occupied in the transaction of business calculated to allay factional strife and knit together the bonds of fraternal love. The leaders of the ROBERTS-SWEENY faction having repelled all his efforts at reconciliation, Mr. STEPHENS now devotes his attention entirely to winning to the best interests of Ireland the masses of his countrymen, regardless of their leaders. He has the majority of Fenians to support him, but still the opposing faction is strong, and party feeling runs high. A test of power is being made, and each party plays the hand with great caution. Mr. STEPHENS desires to do away with the cumbrous machinery by which the Brotherhood in America is manipulated, and by abolishing all salaried officers and appointing one good trusty man in their stead, secure for war purposes the funds which have heretofore supported in idleness a crowd of hungry placemen. This intricate machinery has nearly consumed the vitals of the Brotherhood, and his only hope of restoring it to vigor is by applying the knife to the roots of the disease. He becomes more and more emphatic in his denunciation of any scheme which looks to the commencement of hostilities anywhere save upon the sod of Erin. He looks upon an invasion of Canada or any other portion of the British Provinces as a sure and certain death to all hopes of Irish freedom, and as calculated to draw this country into serious trouble.

The Roberts-Sweeny Senate still refuses to recognize Mr. STEPHENS, and defies his authority to assume control of Irish affairs at home or abroad. At their headquarters whispers of contemplated movements are rife, but nothing tangible can be got at. Another Quixotic expedition, under Gen. SWEENY, is said to be in the course of preparation, but whether the objective point be Campo Bello or the Fejee Islands, is not disclosed. One thing is sure, that a raid against Mr. STEPHENS is pending, and open war has been declared by the leaders of the two factions, and a regular Kilkenny cat fight seems imminent. Unless a union of the Brotherhood is effected, the matter of Ireland's liberation will be a matter for future historians to chronicle.

Last evening Mr. STEPHENS met the Centres of the Long Island Circles in Brooklyn, for the purpose of advising upon the present aspect of affairs. The meeting lasted until very late, and was confidential in its nature.

Sunday at Hoboken—The Ferryboats to Run as Usual—Increased Force of Police.

During the week rumor has been busy in distributing stories of wreck and ruin as portion of the history of Sunday last in Hoboken. The public learned from this unfathomable source that public and private property had suffered from maltreatment by the New-York rowdies who paid their accustomed Sabbath devotions at the distant shrines of Weehawken and the Elysian Fields, and showed their appreciation of liberty in Jersey by smashing things generally on the way home. It was also stated that such was the reign of terror anticipated by our country neighbors that the Hoboken Ferry Companies had concluded to stop running their boats on the Sabbath, rather than be instrumental in providing vehicles for transporting wickedness into the sacred solitudes of Jersey.

The truth is that on Sunday last the passengers by the Hoboken ferries did not number more than two-thirds as many as on the Sunday before. There were no pockets picked on the boats of which the Police have heard. There was no row thereon, nobody committed suicide. In a bar-room in the City of Hoboken an impulsive individual, in a political discussion gave force to a climax by the destruction of a tumbler on the counter, and in another two panes of glass were broken by a person slightly the worse for beer, who endeavored to reach the street through a window instead of through the doorway. At the hotel in the Elysian Fields a gang of some ten or twelve gentlemen of Bowery peculiarities did their utmost to provoke a quarrel with the employes there, but were politely hinted off the premises by the Police. All the rumors of property destroyed, and the peaceful Jerseyites being interfered with, when sifted, yield no more truth than contained in this brief story of peccadilloes common to every place on Sunday and on week day. It may be, however, that the peaceful character of Sunday last is less due to the forbearance of visitors than to the ample preparations made by the Police for the preservation of peace. On Sunday last over fifty extra men were detailed for duty in the regions of beer, and in addition 150 men have been employed as special constables, their services being paid by a fund subscribed to liberally by the peace-loving inhabitants. To this fund the ferry company contributed generously, as did also several of the more important hotel-keepers. But this was all done in anticipation, not because of riot. There seems to be no disposition whatever on the part of the people of Hoboken to refuse, to see the accustomed faces of those who go, and have gone for years, to their pleasant town, or to its still more pleasant surroundings, for breathing room, or even beer on Sundays, but they are strongly disposed to resist an invasion of their peace by rowdies from anywhere, and are quite prepared to teach a wholesome lesson to those who labor under the delusion that it requires a Board of Excise, with unlimited power, to keep the peace on Sunday.

New Channelling Apparatus.

At the Chamber of Commerce, yesterday, two models of steamboats with machinery for making channels in rivers, and removing the accumulations of mud and other deposits from docks, were exhibited by Col. NOBLE, of St. Paul. Col. NOBLE'S invention is calculated to take the place of those expensive contrivances by which alone the natural obstructions of our rivers and harbors are now sought to be removed. It will also probably be found quite as effective in its operations upon the coral reefs which infest some portions of our coasts as in deepening our canals or rivers.

The apparatus consists of a propeller, containing the necessary machinery, engines, &c., water tanks, by which the vessel is lowered or elevated at pleasure, and an immense driving-wheel, upon which a succession of plows and scrapers are arranged spirally, so that the earth plowed up by one mould-board is turned over to the next, and so on until it reaches the side of the desired channel. For harbor purposes, an endless chain carries up the earth from each side of the channel in a succession of immense iron buckets, the plows and scraper filling them in the water with far greater facility than a dozen laborers could fill a cart on dry land. The whole is worked by a 200 horse-power engine, and it is estimated will, in thirty days, excavate a channel one mile in length, and ten feet deep by fifty feet in width. By a very simple device the entire machinery can be hoisted on deck for repairs or adjustment, and lowered away to its work without changing the position of the vessel or losing its place in the channel. The apparatus appears to be simple in its combinations, while the amount of friction is very trifling.

Commissioners of Charities and Corrections.

At a regular meeting of the Commissioners held yesterday, the following letter of resignation was received from President BELL:

NEW-YORK, May 10, 1866.

GENTLEMEN: When you were pleased to elect me President of the Board of Charities and Correction, I stated that I would hold that office but for one year. The term of the President is fixed by the law creating the Commission for five years, but the salutary practice of the Board of Supervisors to elect its presiding officer annually, and in order that each member of this Board may, previous to the expiration of his term, preside over its deliberations, were the reasons which induced me to make this declaration. The pleasant experiences of the past year have confirmed me in the propriety of an annual election, and I hereby resign the office of President of the Board. Very respectfully,

ISAAC BELL.

The resignation was accepted, and Commissioner BOWEN elected President for the ensuing year, and Commissioner NICHOLSON Secretary.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

FIRE IN MERCER-STREET.—At 1 o'clock yesterday morning a fire occurred on the fourth floor of No. 91 Mercer-street, occupied by G. W. FURGERSON as an oval frame factory. Before the flames were extinguished they extended to the fifth floor and roof, which were destroyed. The loss sustained by Mr. FURGERSON, who occupied the third and fourth floors, is estimated at $5,000. Insured for $8,000 in the Republic and Equitable, of Philadelphia; Hampden, of Massachusetts; Norwich, of Connecticut, and State, of Jersey City, Insurance Companies. The fifth floor was occupied by WORZBERGER & HORTEN, manufacturers of mold frames. Loss in stock, $1,500. Insured for $1,550 in the Equitable, of Philadelphia, and $300 in the Baltic Insurance Company. The second floor is occupied by HORACE V. SIGLER, also a frame-maker, whose damage to stock is about $1,000. Insured for $3,000 in the Equitable, People's and Philadelphia City Companies. Mr. J. RICHARDS owns the premises, and also occupies the first floor as a packing-box factory. Damage to building, $5,000, and about $1,000 to stock. Both losses covered by insurance. The origin of the fire is at present unknown.

EMIGRANT RUNNERS.—Yesterday morning WM. CHURCHILL, TIMOTHY MONAHAN, TIMOTHY TRACY, EDWARD M. LAFFEY, WM. MAITLAND and PETER O'DONNELL, boatmen, boarding-house keepers and runners, were arrested by Capt. HARTT, of the Harbor Police, on a bench warrant issued by Judge RUSSELL, they having been indicted for violation of the new law requiring emigrant runners to take out a license. The prisoners had been previously arrested. When arraigned before the Court of Sessions they were committed for trial. It will, no doubt, be remembered that the accused were discharged by Justice DOWLING, at the Tombs Police Court, on their pleading ignorance of the law, and that they then instituted civil proceedings against Capt. HARTT for damages in the sum of $5,000 each.

BOARDING-HOUSE THIEF.—Officer SPARROW, of the Broadway Squad, arrested JAMES GOODWIN, yesterday, on a charge of having stolen a gold chain valued at $100, and a $20 opera glass, from Mrs. BERTHA WHITE, residing at No. 320 East Sixteenth-st. The prisoner was arraigned before Justice HOGAN, at the Tombs Court, when the complainant stated that GOODWIN and another man came to her residence under pretense of hiring rooms. GOODWIN told his companion to wait in the parlor while he went up stairs. On his return GOODWIN sent his confederate up stairs also. After their departure Mrs. WHITE missed the chain and opera-glass from a table in her room, on the first floor. Seeing the prisoner in Broadway she caused his arrest. Held for examination.

SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—The Society being in the daily receipt of letters from citizens, complaining of cruelties inflicted on horses, by beating and allowing them, when disabled, slowly to perish of want upon the pavement where they have fallen, desire us to say that all complaints made to it, of whatever character, are completely ineffectual, unless accompanied by the name and address of the informant, as well as that of the offender, and other particulars. The Society would gladly redress these wrongs, but to do so it must be put in possession of all the facts. The office of the Society is at No. 826 Broadway. Mr. HENRY BERGH is President and WM. C. H. WADDELL is Secretary.

FATAL ACCIDENT IN BROADWAY.—THOMAS GAFFNEY, a laborer, was employed on the 12th inst. to excavate a cellar at No. 457 Broadway for a new building. While thus engaged, a portion of the sand-bank caved in and nearly buried GAFFNEY, who, in endeavoring to escape, ran against a stone wall with such force as to produce a fracture of the spine. He was removed to Bellevue Hospital by Officer MCARTHUR, of the Broadway Squad, where death ensued on Thursday afternoon. An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner GOVER, when a verdict in accordance with the facts was rendered. Deceased resided in East Ninth-street, was a native of Ireland and 50 years of age.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE BY A WOMAN.—An Englishwoman named ELIZA SWIFT, about 27 years of age, and residing on the corner of Seventeenth-street and Avenue C, made a desperate attempt at suicide about 7 o'clock last evening, by cutting her throat with a common table-knife. She was suffering under a prolonged attack of delirium tremens, brought on by continued indulgence in liquor. Officer MESEMER, of the Eighteenth Precinct, took charge of the unfortunate inebriate and removed her to Bellevue Hospital, where her injuries were pronounced not fatal in their character.

FATAL FALL THROUGH A HATCHWAY.—An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner GOVER, at the New-York Hospital, on the remains of FRANK CHRISTY, a porter in the employ of Mr. GEO. H. FRANCIS, doing business at No. 24 Warren-st. By the evidence in the case it appeared that the deceased met his death from injuries received by a fall through a hatchway at the premises of his employer. As CHRISTY fell a distance of fourteen feet, he fractured his skull. A verdict of accidental death was rendered. Deceased was 29 years of age, and a native of Ireland.

FIRE PROMPTLY EXTINGUISHED.—At about 2 o'clock yesterday morning, the Fourth Ward Police discovered fire in Messrs. TOBIAS & JONAS' lunch-room, at No. 15 Chatham-street. They notified Metropolitan Steamer No. 1, and three or four members of the Company hastened with axes to the lunch-room, and forcing the doors found all the wood-work surrounding a new oven on fire. But instead of rousing the City and flooding the place, they quietly tossed the burning wood-work out to the street, leaving the saloon almost intact.

SUSPICION OF FOUL PLAY.—At 6:30 o'clock last evening the dead body of an unknown man was found floating in the East River, at the dumping grounds, near the foot of Stanton-street. The body was dressed in a black check sack coat and pants, and deceased was apparently about 35 years of age. The Eleventh Precinct Police report that the remains caused the suspicion that the deceased had been murdered. The Coroner was notified.

DEATH OF EX-ALDERMAN REED.—Mr. JAMES REED, who represented the Sixth Aldermanic District for several years, died yesterday at his residence, No. 122 Essex-street, of dropsy, after about ten days' illness. The deceased was in the 44th year of his age, and leaves a widow but no family. He was a man of generous disposition, and counted a large circle of friends.

ARRIVALS IN THE CITY.—Maj.-Gen. L. Thomas, U. S. A.; Hon. A. Pollok, Washington; Mr. F. Patten, Providence; Hon. G. W. Smith, Virginia; Hon. L. Buggles, Wilkesbarre, and A. F. Smith, Connecticut, are at the Astor House. Maj.-Gen. A. Ames, U. S. A., is at the Bancroft House. Hon. Mr. Ely, Rochester, and L. H. Straw, Boston, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. J. Hoy, Jr., U. S. N., is at the Hoffman House.

CHRISTIAN UNION CONFERENCES will be held Sunday evening in the North Presbyterian Church, Thirty-first-street and Ninth-avenue, Rev. Drs. STREET, BENTE and local pastors will speak; Rev. Dr. JOHN COTTON SMITH is expected to participate. Also, in Brooklyn, at the First Baptist Church, Nassau-street, at 7¾ o'clock P. M., Rev. Messrs. GALLAGHER, GALLAHER, (Baptist) and others, will speak.

PENTECOST.—At sundown this evening the Jewish feast of *Shevuoth* or Pentecost commences. It is held in commemoration of the giving of the law on Mount Sinai and of the enunciation of the commandment to bring the first fruits of the season to the temple for sacrifice. Many of the synagogues are beautifully decorated for the occasion.

A RABID DOG SHOT.—On Thursday evening Doorman OWENS, of the Twelfth Precinct Police, saw a rabid dog on the corner of Third-avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, when he drew his revolver and shot the animal through the head.

CHOLERA REPORT.—HOSPITAL SHIP, May 18, 1866.—I have nothing to report for this day. No deaths or admissions. All well. D. H. BISSELL, Deputy Health Officer.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

ROBBERY.—The flour and feed store of Mr. WILLIAM M. SHIPMAN, No. 109 Myrtle-avenue, near Bridge-street, was feloniously entered on Thursday night and robbed of $1,500. The entrance was effected by opening the front door with false keys. The sum of $1,300 had been deposited with Mr. Shipman for safe-keeping by a friend, which, together with $200 of his own money, was stolen, besides $20 worth of Union Ferry tickets. The bills were ten $100 United States and National notes, three $100 Williamsburgh City Bank bills, and the remainder in bills of smaller denomination.

SNEAK THIEF.—A young woman, named ANN MCKINNEY, was arrested by Officer TICKNOR, of the Forty-first Precinct Police, on Thursday afternoon, on the charge of robbing the house of Mrs MARGARET BOYLAN, corner of Hicks and Cranberry streets, of two worsted dresses and a white skirt, in all valued at $14. The lady of the house heard some one up stairs, and examining the cause discovered the accused, who ran away, pursued by Mrs. BOYLAN and others, when the officer, being attracted by the crowd, arrested her. She was brought before Justice CORNWELL and committed for a hearing.

THE LIQUOR BUSINESS.—The total number of applications for liquor licenses granted yesterday was 9, of which 1 was by the Central Office, 2 by the Forty-second Precinct Police, 4 by the Forty-third Precinct, and 2 by the Forty-ninth Precinct.

BURGLARY IN A CHURCH.—The Bridge-street M. E. Church (colored) was feloniously entered on Thursday night, but the thieves did not succeed in getting anything, although there were some $300 in a drawer in the building at the time.

NEW-JERSEY.

CRIMINAL TRIALS IN THE HUDSON COUNTY COURT.—In the Hudson County Court, yesterday, before Judge BEDLE, in the case of the six New-York rowdies, tried for assault and battery on THOS. W. MILES, the Jury found a verdict of assault and battery against MICHAEL CUNNINGHAM, GARRET BALDWIN, PATRICK GENETTY and JOHN PETERS. The other two, HUGH MCGOWAN and JAMES STACK, were acquitted. Subsequently, the prisoners were brought into court, and the four first-named parties retracted their former plea of not guilty on three other indictments, for assault and battery on WILLIAMS, assault and battery and resisting the Deputy Sheriff, and riot, and pleaded guilty as follows: Assault and battery on WILLIAMS, resisting the Deputy Sheriff, and riot. The plea was accepted and the prisoners were remanded to await sentence. MCGOWAN and STACK were discharged. A man named EDWARD CARRIGAN, a glass-blower, was tried on indictment for assault and battery on a boy 13 years of age, named JAMES WILSON, by which the latter was severely injured by having a "punta," with pointed glass on the end, accidentally thrust into his thigh by CARRIGAN, who was chasing him out of the Jersey City Glassworks. The Jury, after being out five hours, returned with a verdict of assault and a recommendation to mercy. Three men named WM. TIERNEY, JAMES BOHAN and EDWARD HODSON, of East Newark, were tried for atrocious assault and battery on JOHN HARMER, a builder, and were acquitted. At the adjournment of Court last evening, the petit jurors were dismissed until Monday morning.

BOLD OPERATION BY BURGLARS.—Between 12 and 1 o'clock yesterday morning, two burglars gained access to the yard in the rear of the house No. 92 Wayne-street, Jersey City, occupied by Mr. ANDREW J. SHIVLEY, when they effected an entrance to the house by the basement door. Mr. ELLIOTT M. BEST, a relative of the family, was disturbed by the burglars, whom he heard going down stairs, and followed them to the basement. Here the fellows laid in wait, and as BEST came near, struck him a blow on the head with a billet of wood, cutting his temple and laying him speechless. Meantime, Mrs. SHIVLEY raised the window and called for the Police, four of whom made their appearance after some delay. After hearing the circumstances related, one of the officers went to the basement door, and found the thieves still there. He gave the alarm, and a rush was made for the yard, but the burglars leaped on to a shed and thence to the coal-yard fronting on Newark-avenue, whence they escaped. They did not succeed in carrying away any plunder but a velvet cloak worth $300. Mr. BEST'S pantaloons, with $10 in them, were found near the kitchen door.

ATTEMPT TO THROW A PASSENGER TRAIN FROM THE TRACK.—Two men were arrested at Princeton on Wednesday, for placing a heavy ladder across the rails, for the purpose of throwing off the track the Monday night express train bound east. Fortunately, the cow-catcher threw the ladder off the track, smashing it to pieces and causing no injury to the train. It appears that four men had just previously been put off the owl train going the other way, and they resorted to this diabolical mode of revenge.

[Advertisement.]

THE EAR.—New and Important Discovery for the Cure of Deafness, Discharges from the Ear and Partial Deafness Exclusively and Successfully Treated by DR. HARTLEY, at his new residence, No. 306 West 43d-st., New-York. The only acknowledged Aurist in the United States who generously offers to attend all persons suffering from Affections of the Ear without charge until cured, thereby proving his success unequaled, and protecting the deaf from being *swindled* by paying *self-styled* aurists exorbitant fees in advance, and the infliction of yet more serious evils by permitting the application of dangerous remedies by inexperienced and unskillful hands. Hours of Reception from 9 A. M., to 3 P. M., 306 West 43d-st.

[Advertisement.]

"AT HOME."—KNOX, the hatter, having returned to his old quarters, at No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-street, he respectfully invites the public to make him a visit. With a new stock of his superb fabrics—designed and expressly manufactured for the Summer season, he is prepared to afford them as much gratification in the selection of hats as in the past. "Come one, come all!"

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

Those who seek the shades of Hoboken on Sunday to imbibe "Jersey Lightning," should wisely remain at home and enjoy KENT'S EAST INDIA COFFEE. Sold by all grocers at 25 cents per pound. Wholesale Depot, No. 154 Reade-st.

[Advertisement.]

Turkish Baths, No. 13 Laight-st., are again open to the public, enlarged and improved. Hours—Gents, 6 to 8 A. M., 1 to 9 P. M. Ladies, 10 to 12 A. M. Sundays—Gents, 6 to 12 A. M.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.			
Pennsylvania	May 19	New-York	Liverpool.
Napoleon III	May 19	New-York	Havre.
City of Paris	May 19	New-York	Liverpool.
New-York	May 19	New-York	Bremen.
Germania	May 19	New-York	Hamburg.
Ericsson	May 24	New-York	Bremen.
FROM EUROPE.			
City of New-York	May 9	Liverpool	New-York.
Atlantic	May 9	Bremen	New-York.
Denmark	May 9	Liverpool	New-York.
Ville de Paris	May 10	Havre	New-York.
Cuba	May 12	Liverpool	New-York.
Bremen	May 12	Bremen	New-York.
FOR NEW-ORLEANS, WEST INDIES, &C.			
Geo. Washington	May 19	New-Orleans.	
Fung Shuey	May 19	New-Orleans.	
Santiago de Cuba	May 19	Nicaragua.	
Corsica	May 19	Havana and Nassau.	

Departure of Ocean Mails.

Mails for Europe, (except France) *via* Queenstown and Liverpool, per steamship *City of Paris*, close to-day at 10:30 A. M.; mails for France, Italy and Switzerland, per steamship *Napoleon III.* at 8 A. M.; for Hamburg, per steamship *Germania*, at 10:30 A. M.

Mails for Havana and Nassau, per steamship *Corsica*, close to-day at 10 A. M.

Rich and Rare was the Hat She Wore, for it was bought at WHITE'S Hat-store, No. 203 Canal-st., opposite the Brandreth House. N. B.—Also, gentlemens', youths' and boys' hats in quality and quantity.

Departure of Domestic Mails.

East Mails close at	5 A. M., 1:30, 2:30 and 6 P. M.
Western and Southwestern Mails	5 A. M. and 4:15 P. M.
Long Island	[illegible] P. M.
Newport and Fall River	3 P. M.
New-York Central Railroad	[illegible] P. M.
North Mails	5 A. M. and 3:45 P. M.
North Mail, Way	5 A. M. and 3 P. M.
South Mail at	5 A. M. 4:30, 5:30 and 10:30 P. M.

Passengers Sailed.

In steamship Tybee, for Savannah—Mr. T. W. Vaughn and son, Mr. Quinn, Mr. A. Pitcher, Mr. McDaniel, Mr. Brady, Mr. H. Taylor and servant, Mr. Haines, Mr. Boswick, Mr. J. P. Watson, Mr. Baum, Mr. H. T. Nelson, Mr. Jas. Nelson, Mr. M. D. Logan, Mr. G. Ross, Miss Mary Williams, Miss Ellen Sullivan, Mr. J. Sullivan, Mr. McGready, and 6 in steerage.

In steamship Leo, for Savannah—W. H. Dyer, Miss Phoebe Underwood, A. Pickles, Mr. Abbott, Mr. Sweet, J. B. Muller, L. L. Zulowsky, D. Campbell, James Mather, John Driscoll.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Manhattan, from Vera Cruz, Sisal and Havana—Geo. Drew, Jas. Dinnen, A. Hope, R. Aumada, J. A. Didier, wife and son, A. M. Peet, Mrs. C. Clute and child, Jose Pastor, A. Fibian, Mr. Dittmar, Mrs. Erchler and 3 children, Thos. Hand, S. Levick, M. D. Lane and lady, Mrs. W. H. Stevens, 3 children and maid, Mr. and Mrs. Manuel Donde, S. Ireland, Henry Ostermoor, W. Barnes, N. M. Whipple, F. Gaussdorfer, Aug. Fanani, Lewis C. Belli, Mr. Plischke, Mr. Schroder, Mr. Lessen, G. Carreras, wife and child, M. Balizane, Juan Maas, T. H. Jones, John Williams, Juan Bordes, S. Cumming, F. Julia, P. Manati, A. Mitchell, C. Kyminski.

In bark Miss Barss, from Bermuda—C. Danell, Mrs. C. Danell, Miss Danell, Miss Falls and servant, Mrs. S. W. Smith, Mrs. W. G. Richardson, W. S. Richardson, Miss M. A. Eve, Miss Rosa Whitney, Miss Bessie Masters, Miss F. White, Miss S Crowell and servant, D. M. Crowell, Mr. McNeese, T. Addison, W. Hughes, E. Beul.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 4 39 | Sun sets....... 7 14 | Moon sets... 11 56

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook.. 11 11 | Gov. Island 12 00 | Hell Gate... 1 22

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, May 18.

Cleared.

Steamships New-York, (Brem.,) Ernst, Bremen, via Southampton, Oelrichs & Co.; Napoleon III., (Fr.,) [illegible], Havre, G. Mackenzie; Pennsylvania, (Br.,) Lewis, Liverpool, National Steam Nav. Co.; Germania, (Ham.,) [illegible], Hamburg, Kunhardt & Co.; City of Paris, (Br.,) Kennedy, Liverpool, J. G. Dale.

Steamer Westchester, Ingram, Wilmington, Del., [illegible].

Ship Carrier Dove, Bailey, Callao, via Philadelphia, R. P. H. Trask, Jr.

Barks [illegible], (Br.,) Reid, London, J. W. Elwell & Co.; Frank Lovitt, (Br.,) Cann, Havre, via Philadelphia, Boyd & Hincken; [illegible], (Br.,) Dawson, Barbados, [illegible] & Marsh; Lord Palmerston, (Br.,) [illegible], Cadiz, Harbeck & Co.

Brigs La Creole, (Br.,) Campbell, Curacoa, Dovale & Co.; Ellen Anna, (Br.,) Outhouse, Cienfuegos, J. F. Whitney & Co.; Sophia, Stewart, Gibara, J. E. Ward & Co.; Cecily Helen, (Br.,) Taylor, [illegible]; Nellie Antrim, Wallace, Nuevitas, Peck & Church.

Schooners Cora, Kelly, Boston, A. Howes; Triumph, Chester, Newcastle, Del., Bentley, Smith & Co.; Helen, Perry, Baltimore, Ferguson & Wood; Wentworth, McBurnie, St. John, N. B., D. R. De Wolf & Co.; [illegible], Grace, Great Egg Harbor, Goldthwaite & Co.; [illegible]; Eclipse, Birch, Georgetown, D. C., N. McCready & Co.; [illegible], Peck, Stamford; J. Lee, Brummell, Charleston, Bentley, Smith & Co.; Chas. Shearer, Cunningham, Boston, J. A. Stetson; C. A. Farnsworth, (Br.,) Sawyer, Barbados, E. T. Smith.

Sloop Mary Gray, Lucas, Uncasville.

Arrived.

Steamship Manhattan, Turner, Vera Cruz May 6, Sisal 10th, and Havana 13th, with mdse. and passengers to Chas. A. Whitney.

Steamship John Gibson, Johnson, Washington, D. C., 48 hours, with mdse. and passengers to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamship W. P. Clyde, Powell, Boston, with mdse. to Metropolitan Steamship Co.

Steamer Nereus, Bearse, Boston, with mdse. and passengers to Isaac Odell.

Ship Corsica, (of Thomaston,) Havener, Liverpool April 4, with mdse. to Snow & Burgess. Had continual heavy westerly gales to the Banks; washed away head-rails, started cutwater, stove hatch-houses and split sails; from the Banks to this port had light westerly and S. W. winds.

Bark Thos. Wood, (of Sunderland,) Gadd, Nuevitas 16 ds., with sugar to order. Sld. in co. with schr. Alice Gray, for Bucksport.

Brig Water Lily, Tilton, Messina Feb. 24, with fruit to G. M. Smith. Passed Gibraltar March 2. In lat. 35 18, lon. 28, saw Greek bark Parris, stndg. E. S. E.

Brig Thomas Owen, (of Portland,) Pettingill, Nuevitas 4th inst., with sugar to Thompson & Hunter.

Brig Venus, (of Parrsboro,) Walsh, Glace Bay 13 ds., with coal to F. E. Bradshaw.

Schr. Exemplar, (Br.,) Barker, Windsor, N. S., 12 ds., with plaster to H. J. De Wolf & Co.

Schr. Ida May, (Br.,) Buck, Glace Bay 20 ds., with coal to P. I. Nevius & Son.

Schr. A. Tirrell, Marshall, New-Haven, for Philadelphia.

Schr. John Lazier, Lingard, Taunton, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Hannah D., Chase, Gloucester, with fish to Chickerson & Co.

Schr. Ann Elizabeth, Phillips, Portland, Me., for Philadelphia.

Schr. Caspian, Larrabee, Musquash 11 ds., with spars to order.

Schr. Ottoman, Dodge, Bangor 7 ds., with lumber to Holyoke & Murray.

Schr. J. B. & F. B. Butler, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Marietta, Hall, Rockland, with lime to James V. Haviland.

Schr. Langdon, Hix, Rockland, with lime to Wm. S. Brown.

Schr. Mary B. Reeves, Gee, Cape Ann, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Eli Townsend, Lewis, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Mary Brockway, Brewer, Norwich, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Adrian, Everitt, Rockland, with lime to order.

Schr. Defiance, Calson, Rockland, with granite.

Schr. Ann Flower, White, Portland, with lumber.

Schr. D. Barkelew, Arnold, Baker's Landing.

Schr. Free Stone, Smith, Portland, Conn.

Schr. Saratoga, Pinkham, Saco.

Schr. Lamartine, Kearney, Wareham.

Schr. Annie Bodine, Bunce, Rondout, for Fall River.

Schr. G. W. Cummins, Boult, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. Hannah Willets, Boult, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. D. M. French, Jones, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. Clara Bell, Thompson, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. G. L. Lowell, Rondout, for Boston.

Schr. L. Barnes, ——, Rondout, for Providence.

Schr. B. F. Terry, ——, Rondout, for New-Bedford.

Schr. Bill, Ely, Portland, Conn., with stone.

Schr. Estelle, Elwood, New-Haven.

Schr. Roanoke, Perry, New-Bedford.

Schr. Chief, Champlin, Norwich, for Rondout.

Schr. Concord, ——, Rockland, with lime.

Schr. Mary A. Lovett, Rich, Warwick.

Scar. Henry Lemuel, Jarvis, Northport.

WIND—At sunset, N. E.

By Telegraph.

FORTRESS MONROE, May 18.—Arr. within the Capes yesterday, bark Maryland, from Liverpool for Baltimore.

Spoken, &c.

Gasper—ship, from Savannah for Liverpool, May 1, lat. 41, lon. 50.

La Pista—bark, from Philadelphia for Buenos Ayres, April 13, lat. 2 S., lon. 30.

Foreign Ports.

At Nuevitas, May 2, brigs Thomas Owen, for New-York in 2 days; Princess Royal, do., ldg.

At Nuevitas, May 4, brigs Princess Alice, for New-York, ldg.; J. C. Coale, for Baltimore, do.; schr. Ada, for New-York, do.

CORDIAL

OF THE

BENEDICTINE MONKS

OF THE

ABBEY OF FECAMP.

This Cordial, which dates as far back as 1510, is an anti-apoplectic tonic, digestive, and of an exquisite taste. The salutary plants which compose it, gathered on the slopes of the hills of Normandy, saturated with the vivifying emanations of a Northern sea, makes it one of the best cordials and one of the most efficient preventives against epidemic affections.

Of late, the French Medical Corps has been almost unanimous in prescribing its use to their sick, who, by their imperfect gastric disposition, were more liable to the attack of fevers and cholera.

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This Medicine is found at the Wine and Spirit Stores, Apothecaries, Confectioners and Groceries, &c., &c., all over the world.

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KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 259, May 18, 1866.

19, 55, 78, 2, 10, 39, 24, 21, 60, 12, 26, 33.

SHELBY—EXTRA CLASS No. 259, May 18, 1866.

65, 68, 2, 55, 33, 42, 71, 40, 28, 63, 34, 12.

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